

```
' prepare the ISO file system
Set objFileSystem = CreateObject("IMAPI2FS.MsftFileSystemImage")
objFileSystem.ChooseImageDefaults (objRecorder)
objFileSystem.FileSystemsToCreate = FsiFileSystemISO9660
objFileSystem.VolumeName = volname
Set objRoot = objFileSystem.Root
' get root folder
for each fname in WScript.Arguments.Values
if FSO.FolderExists(fname) then
objRoot.AddTree fname, True
else
objRoot.AddFile fname
end if
next
wscript.Echo "done"
Set
```

Windows 7 and Vista Guide to

Scripting,
Automation,
and
Command
Line Tools

Windows 7 and Vista: Guide to Scripting, Automation, and Command Line Tools

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Introduction

Although this book has a brand new title, it is really an updated and revised second edition to *Windows XP: Under The Hood*. The first edition's automotive-themed title came about because of a certain nostalgia that I felt and I know many people share: Don't you long for the good-old days when you could pop the hood of your car and recognize what was underneath? When you could take a wrench and fix just about anything yourself? Cars aren't like that anymore; they've gotten so complex and intimidating that it's hard to imagine digging into one now.

Many of us have come to feel the same way about Windows. Windows has grown into a huge operating system with thousands of complex parts masked behind a slick but seemingly impenetrable graphical user interface (GUI).

This book is an attempt to reclaim those days when we could dig into our machines with confidence and satisfaction. Windows comes with powerful tools and interfaces that let you take control of every detail, if you're willing to roll up your sleeves and dive in.

Whether you're a Windows system administrator or a "power user" who's always on the lookout for more effective ways to use your computer, you're probably familiar with batch files, scripts, and command-line programs. Although they might seem unglamorous, they've been around longer than the PC itself, and sooner or later everyone who uses a computer for serious work runs into them. They might seem like something out of the past, but they've continued to evolve along with Windows. The automation tools provided with Windows are incredibly powerful and useful.

For most people, though, they remain mysterious and are seldom used. I wrote this book to help dispel the mystery. I have five aims in mind:

- To teach how to use the batch file and scripting languages provided with Windows.
- To show how to use command-line utilities and scripting objects as everyday tools.
- To provide an introduction to and reference for the hundreds of command-line programs and scripting objects provided with Windows.
- To provide an introduction to Windows PowerShell, Microsoft's newest command-line automation tool.
- To show you, above all, how you can *learn* to use these tools. No one book is going to solve all your Windows problems. This book teaches you how all these tools work and how to organize your scripting efforts, so you can go beyond canned solutions and create your own.

Although several books on the market are devoted to Windows Script Host, Windows PowerShell, Windows automation tools, and one or two cover Windows command-line utilities, this is the only book I know that combines all four in one volume.

In this book, I explicitly cover Windows 7, Vista, and XP. You can also use the techniques I show you with Windows Server operating systems and Windows 2000 Professional, if you still have that floating around.

Why Learn About This Stuff?

In the age of the GUI, you might wonder why you should spend time learning about scripts, batch files, and command-line programs. Aren't they part of the past, something we can leave behind with a big sigh of relief?

Well, obviously, I don't think so, or I wouldn't have spent months and months slaving away over a hot keyboard, in the dark, just for you. And in case guilt alone isn't enough to make you buy this book, I have some actual good reasons for you.

To begin, here are some important points about scripts and batch files:

- They let you make quick work of repetitive tasks. When you have a large number of files or items to process, or when you perform the same tasks day after day, automation can save you an amazing amount of time. Sure, you can point-and-click your way through running a file through several different programs or adding a user to your network, but when you have to do this job a few hundred times, the graphical approach is a nightmare.

- They encapsulate knowledge and serve as a form of documentation because they record in precise terms how to perform a job. If you write a script or batch file to perform some management function, years from now it can remind you or your successors what the job entails. This makes good business sense.
- They let you use the “insides” of application programs, such as Word and Excel, as tools to write your own programs.
- They let you write procedures that can manipulate files and settings not only on your own computer, but on others in your organization, over your network. Whether you have dozens or thousands of computers to manage, scripting functions can “push” changes to computers without requiring you to physically visit each one.
- They let you write procedures to “reset” a computer’s environment to a standard, known configuration. Logon scripts, especially, can set up printers, mapped network drives, and Control Panel settings the same way every time a user logs on, thus eliminating support headaches and user confusion.

If that’s the case for learning about scripting and batch files, then how about command-line utilities? Hear ye:

- Many Windows administration, maintenance, and repair functions don’t appear anywhere in the Windows GUI. They’re found in command-line programs only.
- Sometimes it’s faster to type a few letters than to poke around the screen with a mouse!
- Because most command-line utilities are designed to act on data or text files in some particular useful way, you can often use command-line programs as building blocks to perform complex tasks such as sorting, extracting, and formatting information. Instead of writing a custom program, you sometimes use a series of command-line programs to get the job done with little effort. Think of command-line programs as the scissors and staplers on your computer desktop.

Although the Windows GUI has all the flash and gets all the attention, you can see that these behind-the-scenes tools are the real “meat” of the Windows operating system.

How This Book Is Organized

Although this book advances logically from beginning to end, it’s written so you can jump in at any location, get the information you need quickly, and get out. You don’t have to read it from start to finish, nor do you need to work through complex tutorials. (Even if you’re familiar with the material, though, you should at least skim through the references because the batch file language and Windows Script Host program have evolved considerably over the years.)

This book is broken into four major parts. Here's the skinny on each one:

- Part I, “Scripting with Windows Script Host,” covers the Windows Script Host tool, introduces the VBScript programming language, discusses the use of objects, and describes the process of writing and debugging scripts. It also provides a detailed reference for many of the scripting objects provided with Windows.
- Part II, “The Command-Line Environment,” describes the Windows command language used to write batch files. The batch language has been enhanced considerably since its origin in MS-DOS, and it has become a much more useful way to automate the manipulation of files and directories. Part II also discusses the command-line environment, MS-DOS emulation, and the ways to alter the command environment through administrative tools. Finally, there is a guided tour of the 20 or so most important command-line programs provided with Windows, covering text file management, networking utilities, GUI shortcuts, and more.
- Part III, “Introduction to Windows PowerShell,” introduces Windows PowerShell, Microsoft's newest and most peculiar command-line scripting environment. PowerShell is a powerful, and somewhat unusual, programming language. You can use it to perform general-purpose computing, to munch on files and all sorts of data, and to manage Windows workstations, servers and applications. You'll definitely find it worth investigating.
- Finally, Part IV, “Appendices,” gives you concise references and indexes to the tools discussed in this book. Where appropriate, items include page references to the sections of the book where you can find information that is more detailed. There is also an index of sample scripts and batch files you can use as a starting point for your own projects. You can download these scripts and files from www.helpwin7.com/scripting. There you can also download some additional bonus appendixes we love but couldn't fit into this printed edition.

Within these sections, each chapter follows a common pattern. An introduction explains a particular type of tool or programming scheme, a reference section describes the tool in exhausting detail, and finally, a discussion shows how to use the tool to apply to real-world programs. I chose this structure because I want this book to serve both as a tutorial for readers who are new to these techniques and as a reference for readers who are familiar with the techniques, but just need a quick refresher.

I also want the material to be somewhat challenging. The early chapters on Windows Script Host and objects take more of a “tutorial” approach, but then the pace picks up. I hope I leave you with some questions unanswered and a few puzzles unsolved; because in your own pursuit of the answers, you learn more than you ever could from reading any book.

Conventions Used in This Book

To help you get the most from this book, special conventions and elements are used throughout.

Text Conventions

Various text conventions in this book identify terms and other special objects. These special conventions include the following:

Convention	Meaning
<i>Italic</i>	New terms or phrases when initially defined.
Monospace	Information that appears in code or onscreen or information you type.
Command sequences	All Windows book publishers struggle with how to represent command sequences when menus and dialog boxes are involved. In this book, we separate commands using a comma. Yeah, we know it's confusing, but this is traditionally how Que does it, and traditions die hard. For example, the instruction “choose Edit, Cut” means that you should open the Edit menu and choose Cut.
Key combinations	Key combinations are represented with a plus sign. For example, if the text calls for you to press Ctrl+Alt+Delete, you would press the Ctrl, Alt, and Delete keys at the same time.

In this book's reference lists, which describe the syntax and use of programming statements and objects, the following conventions are used:

Convention	Meaning
boldface()	Text and symbols in boldface are to be typed literally.
<i>italic</i>	Italics indicate names and values to be replaced by your own data.
[options]	Square brackets indicate optional items that are not required. The brackets are not to be typed in.
{choice A choice B}	Curly brackets and the vertical bar () indicate items from which you make a choice of one alternative.
item [, item...]	Ellipses (...) indicate items that might be repeated as many times as desired.

Special Elements

Throughout this book, you find reference lists, patterns, tips, notes, cautions, cross-references, and sidebars. These items stand out from the rest of the text so you know they're of special interest.

Reference Lists

Reference Lists

Describe the syntax and usage of programming statements, object properties and methods, and command-line programs.

Patterns



Pattern

Patterns show how to solve a particular programming problem in a way that you can use in many situations. They provide a general-purpose way of going about some computing task.

Tips



Tip

Tips give you down-and-dirty advice on getting things done the quickest, safest, or most reliable way. Tips give you the expert's advantage.

Notes



Note

Notes are visual "heads-up" elements. Sometimes they just give you background information on a topic, but more often they point out special circumstances and potential pitfalls in some Windows features.

Cautions



Caution

Pay attention to cautions! They could save you precious hours in lost work.

Cross-References

Cross-references point you to other locations in this book (or other books in the Que family) that provide supplemental or supporting information. Cross-references appear as follows:

→ For more information on Hollerith cards, see Chapter 1, "Windows Script Host," p. 9

Sidebars

Sidebar

Sidebars provide information that is ancillary to the topic being discussed. Read this information if you want to learn more details about an application or task.

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3

Scripting and Objects

IN THIS CHAPTER

- This chapter introduces the concepts of objects, methods, and properties. It provides the background you need for the following seven chapters.
- Read this chapter to see how to use the objects provided with Windows Script Host with different scripting languages.
- To get the most out of this chapter, you should be familiar with at least one script programming language.
- The last section of the chapter shows how you can learn about the many undocumented objects provided with Windows.

Introduction to Objects

All the Windows Scripting languages that I discussed in Chapter 1, “Windows Script Host,” provide the basic tools to control a script’s execution and to manipulate strings, numbers, dates, and so on, but they don’t necessarily provide a way of interacting with Windows, files, or application software. These functions are provided by *objects*—add-on components that extend a programming language’s intrinsic capabilities. In this section, I discuss what objects are and introduce the terms you run into as you work with them. In the following sections, I discuss how objects are actually used in several programming languages.

In the most general sense, *objects* are little program packages that manipulate and communicate information. They’re a software representation of something tangible, such as a file, a folder, a network connection, an email message, or an Excel document. Objects have properties and methods. *Properties* are data values that describe the attributes of the thing the object represents. *Methods* are actions—program subroutines—you can use to alter or manipulate whatever the object represents.

For example, a file on your hard disk has a size, creation date, and name. So, these are some of the properties you would expect a `File` object to have. You can rename, delete, read, and write a file, so a `File` object should provide methods to perform these tasks. An important aspect of objects is that they are self-contained and separate from

the program that uses them. How the object stores and manipulates its data internally is its own business. The object's author chooses which data and procedures to make accessible to the outside world. In programming jargon, we say that an object *exposes* properties and methods; these items compose its *interface*. Figure 3.1 shows the interface of a hypothetical `File` object.

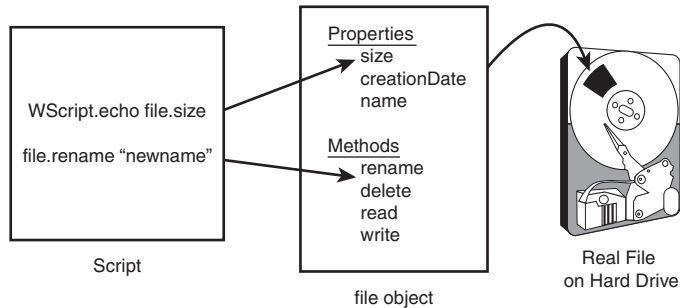


Figure 3.1 This hypothetical `File` object has an interface that can be used by other programs. How the `File` object actually stores its information and does its job are hidden.

Objects need a mechanism through which they can exchange property and method information with a program or script. Because each programming language has a unique way of storing and transferring data, objects and programs must use some agreed-upon, common way of exchanging data. For scripting and for most Windows applications, Microsoft uses what it calls the *Component Object Model* (COM). COM objects can be used by any compatible language, including VBScript, JScript, C, C++, C#, Visual Basic, Perl, and so on. COM objects can also be called *ActiveX Objects*, *Automation Objects*, or *OLE* objects, if they have certain additional features, but regardless of what they're called, the technology is based on COM.

In the next several chapters, you see objects that represent files, folders, network connections, user accounts, printers, Registry entries, Windows applications, email messages, and many more aspects of your computer and network. Windows comes with software to provide you with a wealth of objects. You can also download, buy, or create additional objects of your own devising.

Classes and Instances

Two other terms you're likely to run into while working with objects are *class* and *instance*. The distinction is the same as that between a blueprint for a house and the house itself.

The word *class* refers to the object's definition: its interface (the properties and methods it provides) and its implementation (the hidden programming inside that does the actual work). Hundreds of useful object classes are provided with Windows, and you can add or create more, as discussed in Appendix G, "Creating Your Own Scriptable Objects," which you can download at www.helpwin7.com/scripting.

When you use an object in a program, the class program creates one or more *instances* of the object. An instance is a parcel of computer memory set aside to hold the object's data. The class program then gives your program a *reference* to use when manipulating the object—some identifying value that the class program can use to determine which particular instance of the object your script or program is using. Figure 3.2 illustrates this point: Variables `file1` and `file2` are variables that reference two instances of a `File` object.

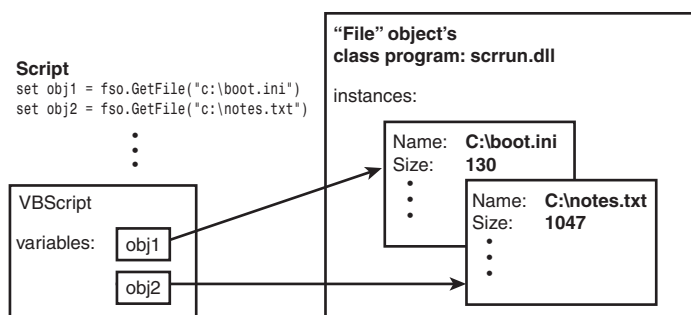


Figure 3.2 `File1` and `File2` refer to objects of the `File` class.
This illustration shows two instances of the `File` object.

A reference is treated like any other variable in your program. Just as you can use functions such as `sqrt()` and `left()` to manipulate numeric and string values, you can use the object's methods and properties to manipulate an object reference.

Containers and Collections

As mentioned earlier, an *object* represents some real-world, tangible thing, such as a document or hard drive, and it has properties that represent the tangible thing's attributes. For example, an `apple` object might have attributes such as `color` and `tartness`. The actual data stored for the `color` might be a character string such as "red" or "green". `Tartness` might be represented as number from 0 (sugary sweet) to 10 (brings tears to your eyes).

An object describing a file on a hard drive might have properties such as `name` (a character string) and `size` (a number). An object representing a hard drive might have properties describing the hard drive's size, volume name, and also the drive's contents.

Now, the contents of a hard drive could be represented as a list of filenames or an array of string values. However, it might be more useful if the hard drive could yield a list of file objects that you could then use to work with the files themselves. This is actually how many objects work. When appropriate, objects can return references to other objects. When an object needs to give you several other objects, it will give you a special object called a *collection*, which holds within it an arbitrary number of other objects. For example, a `Folder` object might represent a folder on your hard drive, and its `Files` property might yield a collection of `File` objects, which represent each of the files in the folder, as illustrated in Figure 3.3.

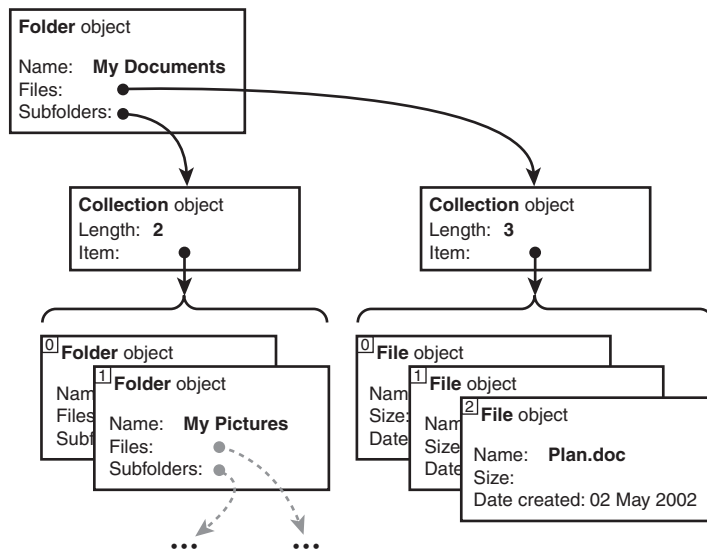


Figure 3.3 File and Folder objects can represent the contents of a hard drive. The contents of a folder can be represented by collections of File and Folder objects.

A collection object can actually hold *any* type of object inside it, and the collection object itself has properties and methods that let you count, extract, and work with these objects. This is a common thing to see in object programming: “container” objects that contain other objects of any arbitrary type.

Windows ActiveX objects use container objects that have two properties: `Item` and `Length`. The `Length` property indicates how many items are in the collection. The `Item` property retrieves one of the individual items. For some collections, you can extract

individual objects from the `Item` collection using `Item(0)`, `Item(1)`, and so on. For many collections, though, the `Item` property requires a name or other arcane bit of identifying information. Therefore, each scripting language provides a more general way of letting you examine all the objects in a collection. I discuss this in more detail later in the chapter.

Collections are pervasive in Windows script programming, and some languages have special means of working with them. I give examples of using collections in each of the scripting languages discussed later in the chapter.

Object Naming

Because objects are separate program components, scripts and other programs that use them need a way to locate them and tell Windows to activate them. In this section, I describe how this is done.

Each programmer who creates an object class gives it a name that, with any luck, is fairly self-explanatory. For example, `Scripting.FileSystemObject` is designed to be used by Windows Script Host (WSH) programs to view and manage hard drives, files, and folders. Each of the programming languages you can use with WSH has a way of creating an object instance given just this name. For example, in VBScript, the statement

```
set fsobj = CreateObject("Scripting.FileSystemObject")
```

does the job, whereas in Open Object REXX, the comparable statement is

```
fsobj = .OLEObject-New("Scripting.FileSystemObject")
```

In either case, the statement causes the WSH interpreter to ask Windows to create an instance of the specified object. Windows looks up the object name in the Registry, finds the name of the program file that manages this object class (usually a file whose name ends in `.dll` or `.ocx`), and fires up the add-on program. The class program creates an instance of the object and gives your script a reference with which it can use and manipulate the object.

I show you how to do this in each WSH-compatible language later in this chapter. For almost all cases, this is all you need.

In the remainder of this chapter, I tell you how to use objects in VBScript and other languages. The next section on VBScript follows the tutorial style of Chapter 2, “VBScript Tutorial,” whereas the descriptions for other languages assume more experience with programming.

Finally, at the end of the chapter, I tell you how to find useful objects not discussed in the later chapters of this book.

Using Objects with VBScript

To use objects in VBScript, you first need to create an instance of an object and store its reference in a VBScript variable. Then, the methods and properties of the object can be accessed using *variable.propertyname* or *variable.methodname*. This is easier to demonstrate than explain, so here's an example. This short script tells you whether your C: drive has a folder named \windows:

```
set fso = CreateObject("Scripting.FileSystemObject")
if fso.FolderExists("c:\windows") then
    WScript.echo "There is a folder named c:\windows"
end if
```

In the first line of the script, we create an instance of a `Scripting.FileSystemObject`. This is an object class provided with WSH that has handy properties and methods you can use when examining and manipulating disks and files.

Except for the word `set`, this looks just like a typical call to a function with the returned value being assigned to a variable. That's just what it is. `CreateObject` is a function that creates a new object instance. What's new is the word `set`, which VBScript requires you to use to indicate that an object reference is being stored rather than a regular value.

In general, the syntax to create an object instance in VBScript is

```
set variablename = CreateObject("objectname")
```

where *variablename* is the variable you want to use to hold the object reference and *objectname* is the type of object you want to create.

In the second line of the example, we use the `FolderExists` method to find out whether a specified folder exists. Remember that methods and properties are just like regular functions and subroutines; they just happen to “live” in a separate program that provides the object class. The presence of `fso.` before `FolderExists` tells VBScript that the `FolderExists` function is part of the object class to which `fso` refers, which in this example is `Scripting.FileSystemObject`.

Some properties and methods take arguments, as you saw with `FolderExists`. When they do, you have to use parentheses in the same way you would with any other VBScript function or subroutine call. If the method or property returns a function value, you must use parentheses:

```
variable = object.property("arguments", "in", "parens")
```

If a method doesn't return a value, you can omit the parentheses:

```
object.method "arguments", "without", "parens"
```

Does this look familiar? We used objects all through the VBScript tutorial in Chapter 2 in statements such as this:

```
WScript.echo "Today's date is", date
```

Now, you should recognize that `WScript` is an object reference and that `echo` is one of its methods. We never needed to use `CreateObject` to get `WScript` set up, though, because VBScript provides it automatically. The `WScript` object has several other handy methods and properties that I discuss later in this chapter.

As mentioned earlier, some properties and methods return another object as their values. For example, `Scripting.FileSystemObject` has a `GetFile` method that returns a `File` object. The `File` object can then be used to examine and manipulate the file. Here's a sample script that gives the size and creation date of the program file `\windows\notepad.exe`:

```
set fso = CreateObject("Scripting.FileSystemObject")
set file = fso.GetFile("c:\windows\notepad.exe")
WScript.echo "Notepad.exe was created on", file.DateCreated
WScript.echo "and is", file.Size, "bytes long"
```

The first line is the same as in the previous script, and it creates an instance of the helpful `Scripting.FileSystemObject`.

The second line asks the `FileSystemObject` to return a `File` object representing the file `c:\windows\notepad.exe`. Because I want to use this object several times, I saved it in the variable `file`, using the `set` keyword. (Although `file` is a reserved word in Visual Basic, it's not in VBScript, so it's available for use as a variable name.)

The next two lines use the `File` object's `DateCreated` and `Size` properties. Because these functions don't need arguments, there are no parentheses. The returned date/time and numeric values are printed by the `WScript.echo` method. On my computer, this prints the following:

```
Notepad.exe was created on 2/11/2008 6:56:09 PM
and is 151040 bytes long
```

Automation and Document Files

The `GetObject` function might be used to obtain an object that represents some already existing document file through a process Microsoft calls *Automation*. The `GetObject` function uses the name of the document file to find the appropriate object class server through the Windows standard file type/application association mechanism. You can see file type/associations on Windows XP in Windows Explorer by clicking Tools, Folder Options, File Types. On Windows 7 and Vista, you get there from Control Panel, Programs, Make a File Type Always Open in a Specific Program.

The following sample script uses the `GetObject` function to create a Word document object representing an existing file and print it:

```
set obj = GetObject("C:\docs\userlist.doc") ' get object for existing document
obj.Printout                               ' print the document
set obj = Nothing                           ' release the object
```

`GetObject` can also obtain a reference to an already existing object that was created by some other program, through a name called a *moniker*. Several preexisting objects can be used to manage networking, Windows, and Active Directory user accounts. We cover these in Chapter 7, “Windows Management Instrumentation,” and Chapter 8, “Active Directory Scripting Interface.”

The Difference Between Properties and Methods

I don’t know about you, but for a long time I found the distinction between properties and methods to be confusing. Now, it’s not crucially important to understand the difference, but if you’re curious, I tell you how I finally came to an understanding of sorts.

If you look back in the preceding section, you see I mentioned the `FolderExists` method that is part of the object `FileSystemObject`. Why is `FolderExists` a method and not a property? It comes down to these main points:

- Properties relate directly to *aspects* of the object or, more precisely, of the thing the object represents.
- Properties act like variables: You just refer to them by their name.
- Every property returns a value of some sort. Retrieving a property’s value doesn’t change anything about the object or whatever it represents.
- Some properties let you assign new values to them. This changes the attribute of the object and the underlying thing it represents.
- Methods are the things the object’s program can do for you.
- Methods act like functions and subroutines; they can have arguments passed to them.
- Methods don’t have to return a value, but some do.
- Invoking a method can change something about the object or the real-world thing it represents.

Therefore, `FolderExists` is a method because it takes an argument (the name of the file it is to look up). Properties don’t need arguments because they are intrinsic attributes of the object itself. As such, they don’t need any additional information to return a value.

There is something else I should mention about properties: In many cases, you can both evaluate them (examine their values) and assign new values to them. They work just like variables in this regard. The difference is that when you assign a new value to a property, the object software makes a corresponding change in the actual thing the object represents. For example, assigning a new value to a `File` object’s `Name` property changes the actual file’s name, as shown here:

```
WScript.echo file.Name      ' evaluate the property
file.Name = "newname"      ' assign a new value to the property
```

Keep in mind, however, that some objects don't let you change a property's value. In this case, the object's documentation calls it a *read-only* property. And, a few specialized objects are designed so that changing the object's properties doesn't immediately change the underlying thing the object represents, until you use a special method that "commits" the change. Again, the object's documentation discusses this, and I point out a few objects of this sort in later chapters.

Nested Objects

One other thing I want to point out is that you don't necessarily need to save every object reference in a variable. In the previous example that displayed information about `Notepad.exe`, if I only wanted to see the creation date, I could have skipped the step of storing the `File` object in variable `file` and could have used these statements:

```
set fso = CreateObject("Scripting.FileSystemObject")
WScript.echo "Notepad.exe was created on", _
    fso.GetFile("c:\windows\notepad.exe").DateCreated
```

In this case, VBScript refers to `fso` to call the `GetFile` method, and the returned object is used to fetch the `DateCreated` property. It's not unusual to see several levels of objects this way; this is called a *nested object reference*.

When you're working with Microsoft Word objects, this is common. In scripts or Word macros, you might often see statements like these:

```
ActiveDocument.PageSetup.Orientation = wdOrientLandscape
ActiveDocument.PageSetup.TopMargin = InchesToPoints(0.5)
ActiveDocument.PageSetup.BottomMargin = InchesToPoints(0.5)
ActiveDocument.PageSetup.PageWidth = InchesToPoints(11)
```

In this example, the `ActiveDocument` object returns a `PageSetup` object, which has orientation and margin properties you can set. You could save yourself some extra keystrokes in creating this script by saving a reference to the `PageSetup` object, as follows:

```
set ps = ActiveDocument.PageSetup
ps.Orientation = wdOrientLandscape
ps.TopMargin = InchesToPoints(0.5)
ps.BottomMargin = InchesToPoints(0.5)

ps.PageWidth = InchesToPoints(11)
```

However, VBScript has a special program construct called the `With` statement that makes this even easier. The previous example could be rewritten this way:

```
with ActiveDocument.PageSetup
    .Orientation = wdOrientLandscape
    .TopMargin = InchesToPoints(0.5)
```



```
.BottomMargin = InchesToPoints(0.5)  
.PageWidth = InchesToPoints(11)  
end with
```

The `With` statement lets you specify an object reference that is taken as the “default” object between `With` and `End With`. Inside the `With` statement, you can refer to the default object’s methods and properties by preceding them with a period but no variable name. Not only can this save you a lot of typing, but it’s easier to read, and it lessens the workload on VBScript, thus speeding up your script.



Note

If you need to, you can refer to other objects inside the `With` statement by using the fully spelled-out *object.method.etc* syntax.

Releasing Objects

When you create an object, Windows activates the object’s class server program to manage the object for you. In the case of `Scripting.FileSystemObject`, you usually create one of these objects at the beginning of your script and use it throughout. When your script completes, Windows releases the object you’ve created. The class server program takes care of freeing up its memory and other housekeeping chores. You don’t have to worry about it at all.

However, if you use a script to create multiple objects, you might find that it’s appropriate to explicitly release them when you are through using them. For instance, a script that creates multiple Word documents should tell Word to close each document when you’re finished with it; then, the script should release the document object, lest you end up with hundreds of documents open at once.

You can explicitly tell an object you’re finished with it by setting the variable that holds the object reference to the value `Nothing`. Later in this book, there are examples of this in some of the sample scripts.

Working with Collections

If you ask `Scripting.FileSystemObject` for the files or subfolders contained in a folder or drive, it might need to return multiple `File` or `Folder` objects. To manage this, it actually returns a single *collection* object that contains all the `File` or `Folder` objects inside it. You can then examine the contents of the collection to look at the individual items.

A collection object has a `Count` property that tells how many items are inside and an `Item` method that returns a specific item from the collection. This would lead you to expect that you could write a script like this to print the names of the files of the root folder on your hard drive:

```
set fso = CreateObject("Scripting.FileSystemObject")
set files = fso.GetFolder("c:\").Files
for i = 1 to files.Count
    WScript.echo files.Item(i).Name
next
```

However, this script doesn't work. With a folder collection, `Item` doesn't allow you to retrieve items by number. It requires you to specify the *name* of the particular object you want, and if you don't yet know the names, this isn't very useful.

To scan through collection objects that can't be referenced by number, each scripting language provides a way to scan through collections without knowing what they contain. VBScript, for example, provides a special version of the `For` loop called `For Each`.

Pattern

To scan through a collection object named `collection` in VBScript, use the `For Each` loop as follows:

```
for each objectvar in collection
    :statements using objectvar
next
```

The `For Each` loop runs through the statements once for each object in *collection*, and the variable *objectvar* is made to refer to each of the individual objects in turn. Using `For Each`, and using a variable named `file` to hold the individual file objects, our folder-listing script now works:

```
set fso = CreateObject("Scripting.FileSystemObject")
set files = fso.GetFolder("c:\").Files
for each file in files
    WScript.echo file.Name
next
```

You could even use the following shorter version:

```
set fso = CreateObject("Scripting.FileSystemObject")
for each file in fso.GetFolder("c:\").Files
    WScript.echo file.Name
next
```

Now, if you don't plan on writing scripts in any other languages, skip ahead to the section titled "Using the `WScript` Object" on p. 111 of this chapter for more information about the built-in `WScript` object.

Using Objects with JScript

JScript, like VBScript, is a strongly object-oriented language—it's expected that programmers will use objects to extend its power. JScript supplies 11 built-in object types, and programmers can create generic and structured object types in scripts. I don't discuss the intrinsic object types here because this book focuses on external scripting and Windows management objects.

External COM/ActiveX objects are created using the `new` statement, as follows:

```
variablename = new ActiveXObject("objectname");
```

Here, *variablename* is the declared variable that is to receive the new object reference.

After you have an object variable in hand, its methods and properties are accessed using *variable.propertyname* or *variable.methodname*. For example, this is a short script that tells whether your C: drive has a folder named \windows:

```
var fso;  
fso = new ActiveXObject("Scripting.FileSystemObject");  
if (fso.FolderExists("c:\windows"))  
    WScript.echo("There is a folder named c:\windows");
```

Parentheses must be used on all method calls, even if the return value is not used—VBScript tolerates a statement such as

```
WScript.echo "There is a folder named c:\windows"
```

but JScript does not.

Case Sensitivity

In the WSH environment, JScript programs have access to a predefined object named `WScript`, which provides several useful methods and properties pertaining to the script's environment, execution, and debugging. Because JScript is a case-sensitive language, to use this object you must type `WScript` with a capital *W*, exactly as written here.

However, the method and property names of ActiveX and COM objects are *not* case sensitive. For example, JScript permits you to type `WScript.echo` or `WScript.Echo`.

Working with Collections

If you are used to using JScript with Internet Explorer in browser or server-side scripts, you might be familiar with objects that return collections of objects. Many Internet Explorer objects let you scan through the object collection using JScript's `for...in` statement.

However, most other objects' collections do not work with `for...in` and you must use an `Enumerator` object to work with them. This is true of most objects you encounter in the WSH environment. JScript's `Enumerator` object gives you a way of accessing a collection by stepping forward or backward through the collection's list of objects.

To use a collection provided by a scripting or other ActiveX object, you must first convert it to an enumerator:

```
enumObject = new Enumerator(collectionObject);
```

The `Enumerator` object has no properties (in particular, no `Length` property; if you need to know the number of items, you must get it from the original collection's `Country` property). It does have an internal concept of its "position" in the collection and has methods that let you move the current position forward or back to the beginning. Its four methods are listed in Reference List 3.1.

REFERENCE LIST 3.1 Methods of the JScript `Enumerator` Object

Item

Returns the current item from the collection. The return value is an object of whatever type the collection holds. If the collection is empty or the current position is undefined, it returns `undefined`.

AtEnd

Returns a Boolean value: `True` if the current item is the last in the collection, if the current position is undefined, or if the collection is empty. Otherwise, `False` is returned.

moveFirst

Makes the first item in the collection the current item. If the collection is empty, `atEnd` is immediately `True`.

moveNext

Makes the next item in the collection the current item. If the collection is empty or the current item is already the last in the collection, `item` is `undefined`.

Although a newly created enumerator should be positioned on the first item automatically, it's a better style to use `moveFirst` before examining `atEnd` or `item`.

Pattern

To scan through a collection object named `obj`, use an enumerator in this way:

```
e = new Enumerator(obj);
for (e.moveFirst(); ! e.atEnd(); e.moveNext()) {
    x = e.item();
    :statements using x
}
```

Here's an example. This script lists the names of all the files in the root folder on the C: drive:

```
var fso, e, file;

fso = new ActiveXObject("Scripting.FileSystemObject");

e = new Enumerator(fso.GetFolder("c:\\").files);
for (e.moveFirst(); ! e.atEnd(); e.moveNext()) {
    file = e.item();
    WScript.echo(file.name);
}
```

Now, if you plan on writing scripts only in JScript, you can skip ahead to the section titled “Using the WScript Object” for more information about the built-in WScript object.

Using Objects with ActivePerl

ActiveState's ActivePerl lets you run Perl scripts in the WSH environment. Perl's environment is already rich with file-management and network-communication tools, and if you're already a skilled Perl programmer, you might wonder what WSH can add. In other words, why use cscript or wscript to run Perl, when you could just run perl.exe directly?

The answer is that in the WSH environment, it's a simple matter to access COM, OLE (Automation), and ActiveX objects. The helpful \$WScript object is predefined in the WSH environment. COM objects are the key to accessing network configuration, Active Directory, and Windows Management Instrumentation (WMI). Although you probably don't want to bother with the Windows script objects for file and directory management, the system-management tools make WSH worthwhile.

Running Perl Scripts in WSH

The ActivePerl installer creates two file associations for Perl files: .pl (Perl) is associated with Perl.exe, and .pls (PerlScriptFile) is associated with WSH.

If you use the familiar .pl filename extension for Perl programs that you want to run in the WSH environment, you have to use the command

```
cscript /engine:Perlscript myscript.pl
```

to fire them up. Because you might want to start scripts with the command line or from Explorer, your life is much easier if you use the extension .pls for programs meant to be used with WSH. This way, you can double-click the files in Explorer or use commands such as

```
start myscript.pls
myscript
cscript myscript.pls
```

to start script files; WSH knows what to do. You can also use PerlScript inside the structured .WSF files I discuss in Chapter 9, “Deploying Scripts for Computer and Network Management.”

Here are some important things to remember when writing Perl scripts for use with WSH:

- You cannot use familiar Perl command-line switches such as `-w`. You need to directly set option values in the script.
- Any command-line arguments specified to `cscript` or `wscript` are not placed in the `ARGV` array. Instead, you must fetch command-line arguments from the `$WSHScript->Arguments` collection.

The Perl Object Interface

ActivePerl can interact with COM, ActiveX, and OLE (Automation) objects. The extended syntax for accessing methods is

```
$Objectname->Method[(arguments[, ...]);
```

Here's an example:

```
$myobject->SomeMethod
$myobject->AnotherMethod("argument", 47);
```

The syntax for accessing Property values is

```
$Objectname->{PropertyName}
```

Here's an example:

```
value = $myobject->{Length};
$myobject->[color] = "Red";
```

Because the syntax for accessing methods and properties is different, you must take care to check the COM object's documentation carefully to determine whether a value you want to use is a property or method.

Caution

If you attempt to access an object property or method that does not exist or if you have misspelled the name, by default Perl does *not* generate an error. The result is simply undefined (`undef`). This makes it difficult for you to debug your script.

To avoid this pitfall, put

```
$^W = 1;
```

at the beginning of every script file. This causes Perl to print an error message if you attempt to reference an undefined method or property. I have found that the error message might not tell you clearly that the problem is an unrecognized property or method, but at least you get *some* warning.

To set a read/write property, you can simply assign a value to it, as in the following:

```
$file->{name} = "newname";
```

The standard `WScript` object, which I discuss in more detail later in the chapter, is pre-defined by the WSH environment and is available to a Perl script. For example, the current version of WSH can be printed with this script:

```
$WScript->Echo("The version is", $WScript->Version);
```

You could use conventional Perl I/O and write

```
print "The version is ", $WScript->Version;
```

instead. However, `print` writes to `stdout`, which is undefined when the script is run by `WScript` (the windowed version of WSH). A script using `print` works under `Cscript`, but not `WScript`. It's up to you, of course, but if you want your script to work equally well within either environment, use the `$WScript.Echo` method for output.

Note

Perl is a case-sensitive language, and object variable names such as `$WScript` must be typed exactly as shown here. However, an object's method and property names are *not* case sensitive.

To create an instance of an Automation, OLE, or ActiveX object, you can use either of two methods. The simplest is to use the `CreateObject` method provided with the built-in `$WScript` object, as in

```
$myobj = $WScript->CreateObject("Scripting.FileSystemObject");
```

You can also use the ActivePerl `Win32::OLE` extensions provided with ActivePerl:

```
use Win32::OLE;
$excel = Win32::OLE->new('Excel.Application')
    or die "OLE new failed";
```

For information on the OLE extensions, see the ActivePerl help file.

Working with Collections

Some of the COM objects you encounter in this book and elsewhere return *collection* objects, which are containers for a list of other objects. For example, the `Drive` property of `Scripting.FileSystemObject` returns a collection of `Drive` objects, and the `WScript.Arguments` property returns a collection of `Argument` objects. I discussed the methods and properties of the collection object earlier in the chapter.

Because the items of a collection object can't be obtained by an index value (at least, not directly), they must be “scanned” using an enumerator object. An enumerator gives you access to a collection object by maintaining the concept of a current location in the list, which you can then step through. To scan the list a second time, you must reset the current location to the beginning of the list and then step through the list again.

There are three ways to enumerate a collection. First, you can explicitly create an enumerator object, as in the following example:

```
$^W = 1;

$fso = $WScript->CreateObject("Scripting.FileSystemObject");
$fls = $fso->GetFolder("C:\\")->Files; # get collection of files in c:\
$n = $fls->{Count};                  # just for kicks say how many there are
print $n, " files\n";

$num = Win32::OLE::Enum->new($fls);   # create enumerator object
while (defined($file = $num->Next)) { # assign $file to each item in turn
    print $file->{Name}, "\n";        # print the file names
}
```

A second way uses the `in` function to hide the enumerator: The `in` operator returns `Win32::OLE::Enum->All(obj)`, which in turn returns a Perl array given a collection object. Instead of creating `$num` and using a `while` loop in the previous example, I could have written the following:

```
foreach $file (in $fls) {
    print $file->{Name}, "\n";
}
```

Seeing this, you might guess that the third way is to use `in` to create an array of the subobjects, which you can then access explicitly:

```
@file = in($fls);
for ($i = 0; $i < $fls->{Count}; $i++) {
    print $file[$i]->{Name}, "\n";
}
```

Of the three methods, the `foreach` method is the most straightforward, and it's the easiest on the eyes and fingers. Unless you really want to use an array, I recommend `foreach`.

Now, you might want to skip ahead to the section titled “Using the `WScript` Object” for more information about WSH built-in objects.

Using Objects with ActivePython

Many powerful CGI (Web-based) applications are written in Python, and ActiveState's ActivePython does a great job of integrating Python into the ASP scripting environment. This means it can also be used with WSH. Python, like Perl, has a rich set of

built-in and add-on functions that give you complete access to the Windows API, so the scripting utility objects described in this book aren't going to be terribly interesting to the Python programmer. Still, you might want to use the scripting objects in the interest of increasing your scripts' language portability, and because COM/ActiveX objects are the only way to get programmatic access to Automation servers such as Microsoft Word.

Unlike Perl, Python was designed from the ground up as an object-oriented language. Objects, properties, and methods are its bread and butter, so to speak. If you're coming to Python from a background in other languages, there are a few points of which you should be aware:

- The `WScript` object discussed throughout this chapter is predefined. Python is case sensitive, so the object must be referred to as `WScript`, exactly.
- Although Python is generally case sensitive, the names of COM object methods and properties are not.
- Perhaps the easiest way to create ActiveX/COM objects is with the `CreateObject` method provided by `WScript`. Here's an example:

```
fso = WScript.CreateObject("Scripting.FileSystemObject")
files = fso.GetFolder("C:\\").Files
```

- You cannot directly assign a value to a COM object property. You must use

```
object.SetValue("propertyname", newvalue)
```

instead.

- Python automatically imports all predefined constants associated with an OLE object when you create an instance of the object. The constant values are created as properties of `win32com.client.constants`. For example, if you should create a Microsoft Word document, the value `win32com.client.constants.wdWindowStateMinimize` will be defined.

For more information about COM integration with Python, see the ActiveState documentation for the `win32com` package.

Working with Collections

Python automatically treats COM collection objects as enumerations. The easiest way to scan through the contents of an enumeration is with the `for...in` statement, as in this example:

```
fso = WScript.CreateObject("Scripting.FileSystemObject")
files = fso.GetFolder("c:\\").Files

for file in files:
    print file.name
```

Now, continue with the next section for more information about the built-in WScript object.

Using the WScript Object

WSH provides a built-in object named `WScript` for all scripts in all languages. We've used its `Echo` method in many of the examples in this book. `WScript` has several other methods and properties, as listed in Reference List 3.2, that you might find useful in writing scripts.

REFERENCE LIST 3.2 Properties and Methods of the WScript Object

Properties

Arguments

Returns a collection of `WshArguments` objects, representing the strings on the command line used to start `WScript` or `Cscript`. For example, if a script is started with the command

```
WScript myscript.vbs aaa bbb
```

or

```
myscript aaa bbb
```

then `WScript.arguments.item(0)` would yield "aaa" and

`WScript.arguments.item(1)` would yield "bbb". `WScript.arguments.length` gives the number of arguments.

I discuss arguments in more detail in the next section.

BuildVersion

Returns a number identifying the current version of Windows Script Host. This number might vary between versions of Windows and as WSH is updated through Windows Update. I have seen WSH on Windows 7 return 0 for this property. I would not trust it to be usable.

FullName

Returns the full path and filename of the WSH program that is running your script (for example, `c:\Windows\System32\cscript.exe`).

Interactive

A Boolean value: `True` if the script is running in Interactive mode and `False` if in Batch mode. You might set this property using the `//I` or `//B` switch on the command line, or you might directly set the value in a script (for example, `WScript.Interactive = False`). In Batch mode, message and input boxes do not appear.

Name

Returns the name of the script host program (for example, "Windows Script Host").

Path

Returns the name of the directory containing the script host program (for example, "c:\Windows\System32").

ScriptFullName

Returns the full path and name of your script file (for example, "c:\test\myscript.vbs").

ScriptName

Returns the name of your script file (for example, "myscript.vbs").

StdErr, StdIn, and StdOut

These are file streams that can be used to read from the standard input or write to the standard output and error files. I discuss these in Chapter 4, "File and Registry Access." These properties are available with `cscript` only, not `wscript`.

Version

Returns the version of WSH (for example, "Version 5.7").

Methods**CreateObject(*progid* [, *prefix*])**

Similar to the built-in `CreateObject` function. With a *prefix* argument, it creates connected objects that can communicate events to the script. (Events are beyond the scope of this book.)

ConnectObject *object*, *prefix*

Connects an existing *object* to the script using event handler functions whose names begin with the string *prefix*.

DisconnectObject *object*

Disconnects the script from an object's events.

Echo *arg* [, *arg*]...

Displays any number of arguments of any type, formatted as strings and separated by spaces. `Cscript` writes them to the standard output, whereas `WScript` displays them in a pop-up message box.

GetObject(*filename* [, *progid*] [, *prefix*])

Creates an object based on information stored in a file (for example, a document). If *progid* is not specified, it is determined from the file type. *prefix* might be specified to connect object events to the script.

`GetObject` can also obtain a reference to a preexisting object by specifying a special name called a *moniker*. This is illustrated extensively in Chapters 7 and 8.

Quit [*errorcode*]

Terminates the script. If a numeric value is specified, it is returned as the process's exit code—this can be useful when running scripts from batch files.

Sleep *msec*

Causes the script to pause for *msec* milliseconds. For example, `WScript.sleep 1000` pauses for one second.

Of the properties and methods listed, the most useful are the `Echo` and `Arguments` properties. Let's see how you can use arguments to control what a script does when you run it.

Retrieving Command-Line Arguments

The use of command-line arguments is a common way of specifying information to a script at the moment it's run. The most common use for this is to write scripts that manipulate files, user accounts, or computers. The script can be written in a generic way, so that you can specify the particular files, people, or what-have-you at the time you run the script. For example, a script to process a file could be written like this:

```
filename = "specialdocument.doc"
'statements to operate on the file named filename
:
```

However, if you wanted to use this script to work with a different file, you'd have to edit the script. If you want a more general-purpose script, write the script to get the filenames from its command line, so you can simply type something like this:

```
C:\> myscript some.doc another.doc
```

Then, the script will operate on the files whose names you typed, rather than on a file whose name is built in to the script.

Usually, each programming language has its own way of providing command-line arguments to a program, but in the WSH environment, there is only one way they are obtained—through the `WScript` object's `Arguments` property.

The `WScript.Arguments` property returns a collection of objects, one for each item listed on the script's command line. You can write a script to use these arguments this way, more or less:

```
for each filename in WScript.arguments
  ' statements to operate on the file named filename
:
next
```

Of course, you have to use whatever method of manipulating objects and collections is appropriate to the script language you're using (this example is in VBScript). With script `myscript.vbs`, the command line

```
C:\> myscript some.doc another.doc
```

sets up the `WScript.Arguments` collection with two items: `some.doc` and `another.doc`. In VBScript, the `for each` statement lets your script process them in turn.

If you don't specify any command-line arguments, though, this script does nothing at all. It's best to have a script tell the user how to use it properly in this case. Here's a scheme for writing command-line scripts that you might find to be handy.

Pattern

When a script uses command-line arguments to specify what files (or users, computers, or whatever) to work with, it should explain how to use the script if no arguments are specified:

```
if WScript.arguments.length = 0 then
    ' no arguments on the command line? Display usage information, then quit
    WScript.echo "This script processes the named files"
    WScript.echo "by doing etc etc etc to them".
    WScript.echo "Usage: myscript file [file ...]"
    WScript.quit
end if
for each filename in WScript.arguments
    ' commands to process filename go here
    :
next
```

Alternatively, you might want your script to operate on a default file if no files are named on the command line. Such a script should use a subroutine to do the actual processing of the files, so the subroutine can be called with either the default file or with specified files. In VBScript, it looks like this:

```
if WScript.arguments.length = 0 then
    ' no arguments on command line -- process file "default.file"
    process "default.file"
else
    ' process each of the files named on the command line
    for each filename in WScript.arguments
        process filename
    next
end if

sub process (filename)
    ' statements to process filename
    :
end sub
```

In Chapter 9, I show you how to use more powerful types of command-line processing.

Locating and Using Unusual Objects

Several powerful, commonly used objects provided with Windows are documented by Microsoft in the Windows Scripting reference documents, and I discuss most of these in Chapters 4–9. If you’re new to scripting, these should be enough to get you started, so you might want to skip ahead to Chapter 4.

In addition to these standard objects, many developers and companies provide add-in objects for free or for sale. There is, however, a wealth of objects already on your computer; hundreds of COM objects are supplied with Windows, and hundreds more are added if you install applications such as Word, Excel, and Visio. Many are designed just for the use of specific application programs and are of no use to script authors. Others are general-purpose objects for use by scripts and compiled programs. How can you tell which objects are installed on your computer and of those, which are useful for scripting? To be honest, identifying useful objects is tricky business, but if you enjoy detective work, read on.

To get an idea of what I mean by “hundreds of objects,” take a look at the Windows Registry.



Caution

Improper changes to the Windows Registry can make your computer nonfunctional. There is no undo command in the Registry Editor, so be very careful not to make *any* changes while examining the Registry.

To view the Registry on Windows 7 or Vista, click Start, type **regedit** into the search box, and press Enter. On XP, click Start, Run; type **regedit**; and press Enter. Expand the entry for HKEY_CLASSES_ROOT and scroll down past the .xxx-format entries to those that spell out names like “something dot something,” as shown in Figure 3.4. Most of the entries from here down represent object classes; you can tell which ones do by the presence of a CLSID or CurrVer key under the object name.

In Figure 3.4, the FaxControl.FaxControl.1 entry has a CLSID entry, so it is an object. A CLSID (or *class ID*) is a long, essentially random number that object authors use to give their object a unique “fingerprint.” A CurrVer entry, such as the one found under FaxControl.FaxControl, is used when there’s a chance more than one version of the class program might be installed on your computer. The CurrVer value tells Windows where to look to find the class information for the most recent version of the object. Find that entry, and you find the object’s CLSID.

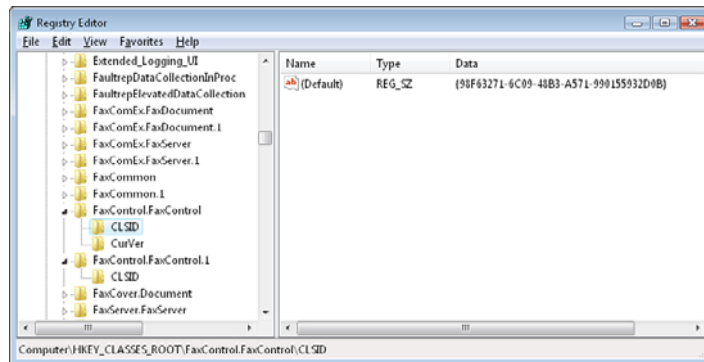


Figure 3.4 COM object classes are listed in the Registry under HKEY_CLASSES_ROOT, after the .xxx entries. Objects have an associated CLSID entry.

The first step in scouting out new and interesting objects is to peruse the Registry for names that sound interesting. For this example, I'll follow up on the FaxControl.FaxControl.1 object from Figure 3.4.

When you've found a CLSID value for a potentially interesting object, locate the matching value under My Computer\HKEY_CLASSES_ROOT\Clsid, where you find the information Windows uses to locate and run the program file that actually manages the object.

Figure 3.5 shows the class information for FaxControl.FaxControl.1. The InprocServer32 entry shows the actual program module (usually a DLL or OCX file) that manages the object. In this case, the program is \WINDOWS\system32\Setup\fxsocm.dll. The name of this object and the location of its DLL make it sound like it might be used for setting up the Fax service. But how?

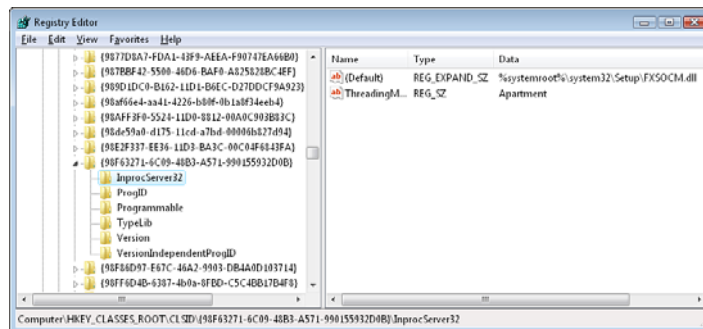


Figure 3.5 Class ID information for the FaxControl.FaxControl.1 object.

The first thing you have to check is whether the object is even suitable for use in script programs; some aren't. The first test, then, is to see whether you can create an object in your chosen scripting language. Use the *server.object* name you found under `HKEY_CLASSES_ROOT`. In VBScript, it looks like this:

```
set obj = CreateObject("FaxControl.FaxControl.1")
WScript.echo "CreateObject worked!"
```

If this script produces an error message, the object can't be used in scripts. If it runs without an error message, as it did when I tested `FaxControl.FaxControl.1`, the object has passed the first hurdle.

Your next step should be to search the Internet for references to the object name (for example, search for `FaxControl.FaxControl.1` or `FaxControl.FaxControl`). I've found that Google is a great place to start. If you see references to pages on `msdn.microsoft.com`, these might point to complete documentation for the object in question. Be sure to search Google's "Groups" section, too. Many programmers haunt the `comp.xxx` groups, and if you're lucky, you might find an archived discussion about the object. (Unfortunately, if you do a Google search for `FaxControl.FaxControl`, you will most likely find only references to this very discussion from this book or from its first edition titled *Windows XP Under the Hood*, but no documentation.)

If you can't find documentation online, Microsoft or the object's creator might have supplied a help file describing the object. See whether the `Clsid` Registry values list a help file ending in `.hlp` or `.chm`. If it does, at a command prompt type

```
start pathname\helpfile.xxx
```

where `pathname\helpfile.xxx` is the full path to the help file listed in the Registry. This might show you how the object works. In the case of `FaxControl.FaxControl.1`, there is no help file.



Note

If the help file has the `.hlp` extension and you're using Windows 7, Vista or Windows Server 2008, you have to install the old Windows Help viewing program before you can open the `.hlp` file. Go to www.microsoft.com and search for "download winhlp32.exe".

If no help file is named, don't give up. Because COM objects are designed to be used by many programming languages, they can—if their developer wanted them to—provide a list of methods, properties, and their arguments to any program that asks. If your mystery object has this feature, you might be able to burrow into the object's program file to find its usage information.

The easiest way to do this is with an *object browser*, a program that's designed to do just this sort of burrowing. Microsoft provides one with many of its applications. If you have Microsoft Word, Excel, or PowerPoint, the Object Browser is included as part of the Macro Editor. Start the application and click Tools, Macro, Visual Basic Editor. Then, click View, Object Browser. If you have the full developer's version of Visual Basic installed, run it and click View, Object Browser.

To view information for a questionable class, you need to tell Word (or Visual Basic, and so on) to look into the class's program file. To do this, click Tools, References. Click Browse and locate the DLL or OCX file you found in the Registry. Click Open, and the library appears as a checked item in the Available References list, as shown in Figure 3.6.

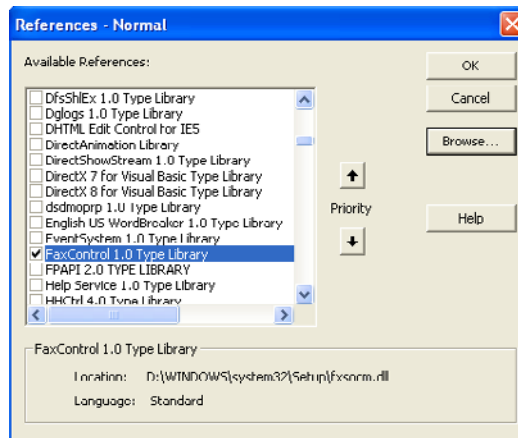


Figure 3.6 Selecting an object class type library to view in the Object Browser.

When the object type is listed and checked under Available References, click OK.

Then, select the class name from the library list in the upper-left corner of the Object Browser window, as shown in Figure 3.7. Choose object types in the left panel; the browser displays the object's methods, procedures, and predefined constants in the right panel under Members. You can select the objects in this list one by one, and in the bottom panel, the browser displays the method or procedure's arguments, if any, and any explanatory text it can dig up.

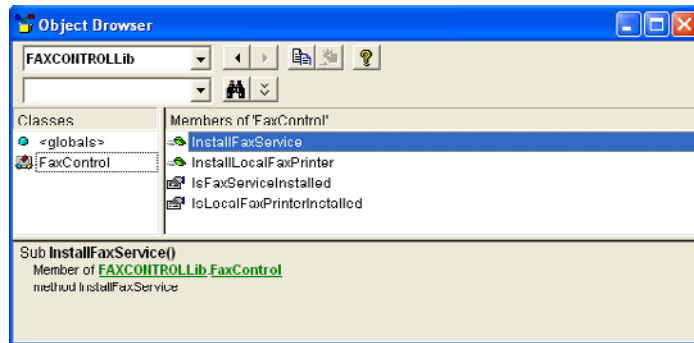


Figure 3.7 Viewing a class's type information in the Object Browser.

If you don't have any of the applications I've mentioned, another tool, called the OLE/COM Object Viewer, is provided with the Windows XP and Windows 2000 Resource Kits which you can download from www.microsoft.com. You can also download this tool directly from www.microsoft.com by searching for "OLE/COM Object Viewer."

The OLE/COM Object Viewer is much more difficult to use than the Object Browser. Here are some tips for using this viewer:

- Try to find the object of interest under Object Classes, All Objects. I've found that not all the objects I'm interested in are listed there. For example, `Scripting.Dictionary` is present, whereas `Scripting.FileSystemObject` is missing. If you can't find it there, look under Type Libraries.
- Double-click the library or object to view its class information. This information is designed for COM object programmers, not end users, so it's going to be tough to understand.
- `Typedef` items list some predefined constant values used by all the objects provided by the server.
- `Coclass` items define the objects the class server can create. If you view the contents of a coclass item, you find the class's predefined constants, properties, and methods.

Although either object browser can show you what sorts of values the methods and properties expect and return, it can't tell you what these values mean, so you have to experiment to find out if and how you can use them. In the case of `FaxControl.FaxControl.1`, the Object Browser showed two properties and two methods, as listed in Reference List 3.3.

REFERENCE LIST 3.3 Properties and Methods of the *FaxControl.FaxControl* Object**Properties:****IsFaxServiceInstalled**

Returns a Boolean value.

IsLocalFaxPrinterInstalled

Returns Boolean value.

Methods:**InstallFaxService**

Returns no value and takes no arguments.

InstallLocalFaxPrinter

Returns no value and takes no arguments.

This sounds pretty straightforward. There are no arguments to supply to these methods, so there's no detective work required there. Also, the names sound pretty self-explanatory. This object lets you know whether the Fax service and the Fax Printer are installed, and it can install them. But does it work?

Here's a sample script I wrote to check:

```
set obj = CreateObject("FaxControl.FaxControl.1")
WScript.echo "IsFaxServiceInstalled =", obj.IsFaxServiceInstalled
WScript.echo "IsLocalFaxPrinterInstalled =", obj.IsLocalFaxPrinterInstalled
```

The results when I ran it on a Windows XP computer that had a modem but did not have the fax service set up were

```
IsFaxServiceInstalled = 0
IsLocalFaxPrinterInstalled = 0
```

When I ran the script

```
set obj = CreateObject("FaxControl.FaxControl.1")
obj.InstallFaxService
```

Windows Setup asked for my Windows XP CD disk and installed the Fax service and printer. The first script's output became this:

```
IsFaxServiceInstalled = -1
IsLocalFaxPrinterInstalled = -1
```

Here, -1 means True (any nonzero value means True), so the object does the job you expect it to. Here's a script that can automatically be sure a user's Windows XP system has the Fax service as well as a fax and printer installed:

```
set obj = CreateObject("FaxControl.FaxControl.1")

if not obj.IsFaxServiceInstalled then
```

```
WScript.echo "Installing Fax Service..."
obj.InstallFaxService
elseif not obj.IsLocalFaxPrinterInstalled then
    WScript.echo "Reinstalling Fax Printer..."
    obj.InstallLocalFaxPrinter
else
    WScript.echo "Fax printer is ready to go."
end if
```

This is a good example of the functionality you can find by digging into the many objects that come with Windows, and it shows the kinds of scripts you can write to manage Windows computers so other users don't have to poke around with the Control Panel themselves.

(On Windows Vista, this script works only on the Business, Enterprise and Ultimate editions. The Home editions don't come with built-in faxing support, but, all versions of Windows 7 include the Faxing service.)

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