

Monitoring and Operating a Private Cloud

Exam Ref 70-246





Exam Ref 70-246 Monitoring and Operating a Private Cloud

Orin Thomas

PUBLISHED BY Microsoft Press A Division of Microsoft Corporation One Microsoft Way Redmond, Washington 98052-6399

Copyright © 2014 by Orin Thomas

All rights reserved. No part of the contents of this book may be reproduced or transmitted in any form or by any means without the written permission of the publisher.

Library of Congress Control Number: 2014943459 ISBN: 978-0-7356-8617-5

Printed and bound in the United States of America.

First Printing

Microsoft Press books are available through booksellers and distributors worldwide. If you need support related to this book, email Microsoft Press Book Support at mspinput@microsoft.com. Please tell us what you think of this book at http://www.microsoft.com/learning/booksurvey.

Microsoft and the trademarks listed at http://www.microsoft.com/about/legal/en/us/IntellectualProperty/ Trademarks/EN-US.aspx are trademarks of the Microsoft group of companies. All other marks are property of their respective owners.

The example companies, organizations, products, domain names, email addresses, logos, people, places, and events depicted herein are fictitious. No association with any real company, organization, product, domain name, email address, logo, person, place, or event is intended or should be inferred.

This book expresses the author's views and opinions. The information contained in this book is provided without any express, statutory, or implied warranties. Neither the authors, Microsoft Corporation, nor its resellers, or distributors will be held liable for any damages caused or alleged to be caused either directly or indirectly by this book.

Acquisitions Editor: Anne Hamilton Developmental Editor: Karen Szall Editorial Production: Troy Mott, Martin Murtonen Technical Reviewer: Telmo Sampaio Copyeditor: Christina Rudloff Indexer: Judy Hoer Cover: Twist Creative • Seattle

Contents at a glance

	Introduction	xi
	Preparing for the exam	xv
CHAPTER 1	Configure data center process automation	1
CHAPTER 2	Deploy resource monitoring	67
CHAPTER 3	Monitor resources	179
CHAPTER 4	Configure and maintain service management	247
CHAPTER 5	Manage configuration and protection	311
	Index	389

Contents

Chapter

	Introduction	xi
	Microsoft certifications	xi
	Free ebooks from Microsoft Press	xii
	Errata, updates, & book support	xii
	We want to hear from you	xii
	Stay in touch	xiii
	Preparing for the exam	xv
1:	Configure data center process automation	1
	Objective 1.1: Implement workflows	1
	Implementing runbook automation	2
	Automating remediation of incidents	6
	Change and activity management workflows	19
	Objective summary	28
	Objective review	28
	Objective 1.2: Implementing service offerings	30
	Creating custom workflows	30
	Self-Service Portal	32
	Service catalog	34
	Request offerings	35
	Service offerings	38
	Catalog item groups	41
	Orchestrator and Service Manager	43
	Using Orchestrator runbooks with Service Manager	46
	Self-service provisioning of virtual machines	48

What do you think of this book? We want to hear from you!

Microsoft is interested in hearing your feedback so we can continually improve our books and learning resources for you. To participate in a brief online survey, please visit:

www.microsoft.com/learning/booksurvey/

	Objective summary	60
	Objective review	60
	Answers	62
	Objective 1.1: Thought experiment	62
	Objective 1.1: Review	62
	Objective 1.2: Thought experiment	63
	Objective 1.2: Review	64
Chapter 2:	Deploy resource monitoring	67
	Objective 2.1: Deploy end-to-end monitoring	67
	Deploying Operations Manager agents	68
	Discovering network devices	93
	Monitoring network devices	99
	Using management packs	102
	Objective summary	109
	Objective review	109
	Objective 2.2: Configure end-to-end monitoring	110
	Managing management packs	111
	Configuring synthetic transactions	118
	Using Global Service Monitor	131
	Application Performance Monitoring	133
	Creating distributed application models	138
	Objective summary	144
	Objective review	145
	Objective 2.3: Create monitoring reports and dashboards	145
	Service level tracking	146
	Reports	155
	Dashboards	164
	Objective summary	173
	Objective review	173
	Answers.	175
	Objective 2.1: Thought experiment	175
	Objective 2.1: Review	175

	Objective 2.2: Thought experiment	176
	Objective 2.2: Review	176
	Objective 2.3: Thought experiment	177
	Objective 2.3: Review	177
Chapter 3:	Monitor resources	179
	Objective 3.1: Monitor network devices	179
	Managing alerts	180
	Configuring alert notifications	189
	Analyzing network devices and data	204
	Objective summary	207
	Objective review	208
	Objective 3.2: Monitor servers	209
	Understanding not monitored and gray agents	209
	Using maintenance mode	211
	Understanding heartbeat alerts	214
	Using Health Explorer	218
	Configuring Audit Collection Services (ACS)	220
	Objective summary	225
	Objective review	226
	Objective 3.3: Monitor the virtualization layer	226
	Integrating Operations Manager with Virtual Machine Ma	anager 227
	Using the Fabric Health Dashboard	231
	Understanding the Fabric Monitoring Diagram view	233
	Objective summary	234
	Objective review	234
	Objective 3.4: Monitor application health	235
	Monitoring .NET applications	235
	Monitoring Java applications	238
	Objective summary	240
	Objective review	240
	Answers	241
	Objective 3.1: Thought experiment	241
	Objective 3.1: Review	241

	Objective 3.2: Thought experiment	242
	Objective 3.2: Review	242
	Objective 3.3: Thought experiment	243
	Objective 3.3: Review	244
	Objective 3.4: Thought experiment	244
	Objective 3.4: Review	245
Chapter 4:	Configure and maintain service management	247
	Objective 4.1: Implement service level management	247
	Understanding service level management	248
	Creating calendar items	249
	Creating metrics	250
	Creating queues	254
	Creating service level objectives	255
	Sending notifications	258
	SLA reporting	262
	Objective summary	263
	Objective review	264
	Objective 4.2: Manage problems and incidents	265
	Understanding problems and incidents	265
	Managing incidents	265
	Managing problems	279
	Creating knowledge articles	283
	Objective summary	285
	Objective review	286
	Objective 4.3: Manage cloud resources	
	Creating hardware profiles	287
	Creating guest operating system profiles	291
	Creating application profiles	295
	Configuring SQL Server profiles	297
	Configuring virtual machine templates	299
	Creating service templates	303
	Objective Summary	305
	Objective review	305
	Answers	

	Objective 4.1: Thought experiment	307
	Objective 4.1: Review	307
	Objective 4.2: Thought experiment	308
	Objective 4.2: Review	308
	Objective 4.3: Thought experiment	309
	Objective 4.3: Review	309
Chapter 5:	Manage configuration and protection	311
	Objective 5.1: Manage compliance and configuration	311
	Implementing System Center Process Pack for IT GRC	312
	Understanding compliance settings	313
	Using Desired State Configuration	321
	Understanding System Center Advisor	321
	Objective summary	323
	Objective review	323
	Objective 5.2: Manage Updates	324
	Managing updates with WSUS	324
	Managing updates with Configuration Manager	336
	Integrating WSUS with VMM	349
	Updating offline VMs	360
	Objective summary	362
	Objective review	362
	Objective 5.3: Implement backup and recovery	363
	Understanding Data Protection Manager	363
	Deploying DPM agents	364
	Configuring DPM storage	366
	Creating DPM protection groups	368
	Performing recovery	374
	Integrating Microsoft Azure Online Backup	376
	Using DPM Orchestrator integration pack	383
	Objective summary	385
	Objective review	385
	Answers	386
	Objective 5.1: Thought experiment	386
	Objective 5.1: Review	386
		-

Objective 5.2: Thought experiment	387
Objective 5.2: Review	387
Objective 5.3: Thought experiment	388
Objective 5.3: Review	388

Index

389

What do you think of this book? We want to hear from you! Microsoft is interested in hearing your feedback so we can continually improve our books and learning resources for you. To participate in a brief online survey, please visit:

www.microsoft.com/learning/booksurvey/

Introduction

The 70-246 exam deals with advanced topics that require candidates to have an excellent working knowledge of both Windows Server 2012 R2 and the products in the System Center 2012 R2 suite. Much of the exam comprises topics that even experienced systems administrators may rarely encounter unless they work with Virtual Machine Manager, Orchestrator, Service Manager, Data Protection Manager, and Operations Manager on a day-to-day basis. To be successful in taking this exam, a candidate not only needs to know how each of these products works when used by itself, but how the products in the System Center suite work together when used to monitor and operate a private cloud.

Candidates for this exam are Information Technology (IT) Professionals who want to validate their advanced Windows Server 2012 R2 operating system and System Center 2012 R2 management skills, configuration skills and knowledge. To pass this exam, candidates require a strong understanding of how to configure data process automation, deploy resource monitoring, configure and maintain service management, as well as managing configuration and protection for private cloud deployments. To pass, candidates require a thorough theoretical understanding as well as meaningful practical experience implementing the technologies involved.

This book covers every exam objective, but it does not cover every exam question. Only the Microsoft exam team has access to the exam questions themselves and Microsoft regularly adds new questions to the exam, making it impossible to cover specific questions. You should consider this book a supplement to your relevant real-world experience and other study materials. If you encounter a topic in this book that you do not feel completely comfortable with, use the links you'll find in text to find more information and take the time to research and study the topic. Great information is available on MSDN, TechNet, and in blogs and forums.

Microsoft certifications

Microsoft certifications distinguish you by proving your command of a broad set of skills and experience with current Microsoft products and technologies. The exams and corresponding certifications are developed to validate your mastery of critical competencies as you design and develop, or implement and support, solutions with Microsoft products and technologies both on-premises and in the cloud. Certification brings a variety of benefits to the individual and to employers and organizations.

MORE INFO ALL MICROSOFT CERTIFICATIONS

For information about Microsoft certifications, including a full list of available certifications, go to http://www.microsoft.com/learning/en/us/certification/cert-default.aspx.

Free ebooks from Microsoft Press

From technical overviews to in-depth information on special topics, the free ebooks from Microsoft Press cover a wide range of topics. These ebooks are available in PDF, EPUB, and Mobi for Kindle formats, ready for you to download at:

http://aka.ms/mspressfree

Check back often to see what is new!

Errata, updates, & book support

We've made every effort to ensure the accuracy of this book and its companion content. You can access updates to this book—in the form of a list of submitted errata and their related corrections—at:

http://aka.ms/ER246

If you discover an error that is not already listed, please submit it to us at the same page.

If you need additional support, email Microsoft Press Book Support at mspinput@ microsoft.com.

Please note that product support for Microsoft software and hardware is not offered through the previous addresses. For help with Microsoft software or hardware, go to *http://support.microsoft.com*.

We want to hear from you

At Microsoft Press, your satisfaction is our top priority, and your feedback our most valuable asset. Please tell us what you think of this book at:

http://aka.ms/tellpress

The survey is short, and we read every one of your comments and ideas. Thanks in advance for your input!

Stay in touch

Let's keep the conversation going! We're on Twitter: http://twitter.com/MicrosoftPress.

Preparing for the exam

M icrosoft certification exams are a great way to build your resume and let the world know about your level of expertise. Certification exams validate your on-the-job experience and product knowledge. While there is no substitution for on-the-job experience, preparation through study and hands-on practice can help you prepare for the exam. We recommend that you round out your exam preparation plan by using a combination of available study materials and courses. For example, you might use this Exam Ref and another study guide for your "at home" preparation and take a Microsoft Official Curriculum course for the classroom experience. Choose the combination that you think works best for you.

Note that this Exam Ref is based on publically available information about the exam and the author's experience. To safeguard the integrity of the exam, authors do not have access to the live exam.

Configure data center process automation

There is a joke that I heard at the Microsoft Management Summit a few years back on the subject of datacenter automation. When asked how many people would work at a new datacenter, the designer replied, "Only two, a security guard and his dog. And the job of the dog is to bite the security guard if he tries to touch anything." The point that the presenter was trying to make is that the modern datacenter is so highly automated that it requires few actual physical staff to keep things running. Another benefit of automation is that complex repetitive tasks are handled by pre-configured workflows. Automating a complex process provides you with repeatable results. When you perform complex processes manually, there

is always the chance that things will go off the rails should you get distracted. In this chapter you'll learn about data center process automation using System Center 2012 R2 and Windows Server 2012 R2.

Objectives in this chapter:

- Objective 1.1: Implement workflows
- Objective 1.2: Implement service offerings

IMPORTANT Have you read page xv?

It contains valuable information regarding the skills you need to pass the exam.

Objective 1.1: Implement workflows

Part of an effective private cloud deployment means automating any task that is repeatable using the tools at your disposal. In terms of the 70-246 exam, this means using products in the System Center 2012 R2 suite. In this section, you'll learn how you can leverage the System Center suite to create complex automation for your organization's private cloud.

This section covers the following topics:

- Implementing runbook automation
- Automating remediation of incidents
- Change and activity management workflows

Implementing runbook automation

With runbook automation you can automate complicated workflows. Runbooks represent a set of procedures that a server administrator performs on a regular basis. Originally, runbooks were actual physical books. These books contained documentation that described to the server administrator how to perform specific procedures. Today runbooks are software parts that, when triggered, actually perform the procedures with little or minimal direct input from the server administrator. Runbook automation is important in Microsoft private cloud environments because it allows you to automate complex tasks. The System Center product that you use to create runbook automation is System Center 2012 R2 Orchestrator.

Orchestrator

Unlike Windows PowerShell, which requires you to write scripts using an editor like Windows PowerShell ISE, Orchestrator allows you to build automation using a drag and drop interface called the Runbook Designer. Orchestrator can still call Windows PowerShell scripts, but it also integrates with many other products, including products within the System Center suite through integration packs. An integration pack is a collection of product-specific tasks that you can trigger through Orchestrator. You can download integration packs from the Internet, import them using the System Center 2012 R2 Orchestrator Deployment Manager as shown in Figure 1-1, and then deploy them to your runbook servers.

🦿 S	ystem Center 2012 R2 Orchestra	tor Deployment Manager	א ב	
<u>F</u> ile <u>V</u> iew <u>H</u> elp				
风 Refresh				
Server Name 📔 ORCHESTRATO	{		~ 🔿 (Go
×	Name	Description	Versic	_
🖃 📲 Orchestrator Management	System Center Integration Pack	Activities for Active Directory	7.2	
Integration Packs	System Center Integration Pack	Activities for Exchange Admins	7.2	
Runbook Designers	System Center Integration Pack	Activities for Exchange Users	7.2	
🗄 🖳 Runbook Servers	System Center Integration Pack	Activities for FTP	7.2	_
	System Center Integration Pack	Activities for SharePoint	7.2	=
	System Center Integration Pack	Microsoft System Center Orchestrator integration pa	7.2	
	System Center Integration Pack	Activities for System Center 2012 Configuration Man	7.2	
	System Center Integration Pack	Activities for System Center 2012 Data Protection Ma	7.2	
	System Center Integration Pack	Activities for System Center 2012 Operations Manager	7.2	
	System Center Integration Pack	Activities for System Center 2012 Service Manager	7.2	
	System Center Integration Pack	Activities for System Center 2012 Virtual Machine Ma III	7.2	×
	Log Entries	Details		^
	Ocnnecting to Orchestrator Manag	gement Server ORCHESTR		
	🖉 Connected to Orchestrator Manag	ement Server ORCHESTRA		
	🖉 Enumerating Integration Packs			
	🖉 Finished enumerating Integration	Packs		
	🖉 Registering Integration Pack System	m Center Integration Pack		
< 111 >	C License terms for Integration Pack	Svstem Center Integration		$\mathbf{\sim}$
Ready				.::

FIGURE 1-1 Orchestrator integration packs

An Orchestrator deployment consists of the following parts:

- Management server This server manages the runbook servers. You use the management server to distribute integration packs to runbook servers and runbook designers. The management server also manages communication between the runbook designers, runbook servers, and the orchestration database. There is only one management server in an Orchestrator deployment
- Runbook server This server runs Orchestrator runbooks. Each runbook server can run up to 50 runbooks concurrently. You can alter this number using the Runbook Server Runbook Throttling tools, but should monitor the runbook server's resource requirements. You can have multiple runbook servers in an Orchestrator deployment, with no maximum limit to the number of runbook servers specified in the Orchestrator documentation.
- Runbook Designer This designer allows you to build and test runbooks. The interface allows you to build runbooks by dragging and connecting activities that are available in integration packs. The Runbook Designer is shown in Figure 1-2.

#	System Center 2012 R2 Orchestrator Runbook Designer
<u>A</u> ctions <u>E</u> dit <u>O</u> ptions <u>V</u> iew <u>H</u>	<u>i</u> elp
风 Refresh Run 🔳 Stop 🔚	Check In 📝 Check Out 🍸 Undo Check Out 🛛 🔣 Runbook Tester 🛛 🗃 Orchestration Console
Connections	Z TailspinToys-Test Activities
<u>₽ ₿ 🗆 Ѧ</u>	E SC 2012 Configuration Manager
	SC 2012 Operations Manager
Runbooks	SC 2012 Service Manager
Tailspin-Runbooks	SC 2012 Virtual Machine Manage
Computer Groups	REST
Runbook Servers	Exchange Admin
Image: Global Settings	Exchange User
	FTP
	→ [■] [■] [■] [■] [■] [■]
	Initialize Data Start/Stop
	Service 🕅 Initialize Data 🔤 Return I
	Log
	@ X
	Log Log History Audit History Events

FIGURE 1-2 Runbook Designer

- **Orchestration database** Hosted on a Microsoft SQL Server instance, the orchestration database stores configuration data, policies, and log information.
- **Orchestration console** A web interface that users can use to list, control, and view runbooks.

- Orchestrator Web Service This web service allows custom applications, third-party tools, and other System Center items such as Service Manager, to connect to Orchestrator and to interact with runbooks.
- Deployment Manager The Deployment Manager allows you to deploy integration packs, Runbook Designers, and runbook servers. You use the Deployment Manager to import and deploy integration packs that you've downloaded from the Internet.

MORE INFO ORCHESTRATOR

You can learn more about Orchestrator at http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ hh237242.aspx.

Runbooks

Runbooks are collections of linked activities that perform a procedure. You build runbooks in Orchestrator by dragging activities from integration packs to the designer workspace. For example, the runbook shown in Figure 1-3 uses two activities. The first activity, named Monitor Service, checks the state of a specific service on a specific computer and triggers if the service is in a specific state (started, stopped, or paused). The second activity, named Start/Stop Service, allows you to start, stop, pause, or restart a service. When the runbook is deployed, it will be triggered when the monitored service is in the state specified in the Monitor Service activity. After being triggered, the runbook will perform the task defined in the Start/Stop Service activity.



FIGURE 1-3 Simple runbook

This example is very basic. When creating Orchestrator runbooks to perform sophisticated automation tasks, you are likely to use multiple activities and include conditional branches,

loops, and error handling tasks. Each integration pack that you import into Orchestrator increases the number of activities that you can include in your runbooks.

Keep the following in mind when creating Orchestrator runbooks:

- Provide meaningful names for activities. You can rename activities after you drag them to the designer workspace. By renaming activities with descriptive names, then you can quickly understand what tasks a runbook is designed to accomplish. For example, with the runbook in the example above, you might rename the Monitor Service activity "Is the VMM Service Stopped" and the Start/Stop Service activity "Start the VMM Service."
- Minimize the number of activities that are performed in a runbook. You can call runbooks from within runbooks. This modular approach to creating runbooks will simplify the process of troubleshooting them.
- Configure runbooks to write logs to external files rather than to the orchestration database.

Orchestrator runbooks run according to configured schedules. You create each run separately, and then assign the schedule to the runbook. You create runbook schedules in the Schedules node, under Global Settings, in the Runbook Designer as shown in Figure 1-4. Creating a runbook schedule involves assigning a name to the schedule, specifying what days of the week or days of the month the schedule applies to, and specifying which hours the schedule applies to.

	New Schedule	x
Schedule Details This tab allows you to defin	e when this schedule applies.	
General Details Exceptions	Days of week: Image: Imag	
	Finish Cancel Help	

FIGURE 1-4 Runbook schedule

Once you've created the schedule, you can apply it to a runbook. You do this by selecting the schedule on the General tab of the runbook's properties, as shown in Figure 1-5.

8		Tails	spinToys-Test Pro	operties		x
Ge	Eneral Informati	ON e the name and c	lescription for this runb	book.		
(General	Name:	TailspinToys-Test			
	Runbook Servers	Description:				^
	Logging					~
	Events	<u>S</u> chedule:	Tailspin Schedule			
	Job Concurrency					
	Returned Data					
				Finish	Cancel	Help

FIGURE 1-5 Apply runbook schedule

You check out a runbook to make changes to the runbook. When you check in a runbook, the runbook will be deployed to runbook servers. Checked-in runbooks will also synchronize to Service Manager if you have configured a connector between Service Manager and Orchestrator.

MORE INFO ORCHESTRATOR RUNBOOKS

You can learn more about creating Orchestrator runbooks at *http://technet.microsoft.com/ en-us/library/hh403790.aspx*.

Automating remediation of incidents

As anyone who has worked on a service desk can tell you, there are certain types of problems that users report to the service desk, or which occur in the infrastructure which are easily remediated by performing a specific set of actions. For example, a service might fail, just needing a manual restart. Using the capabilities of the System Center suite, it's possible to detect these commonly occurring problems and automatically perform the steps required to remediate them without requiring direct manual intervention by members of the IT team.

Incidents

Service Manager incidents, which you might call trouble tickets or service desk jobs in non-Service Manager environments, describe an issue with some aspect of the server, client, network, or software infrastructure that requires resolution. In the context of the 70-246 exam, a Service Manager incident would describe an issue with some aspect of the private cloud deployment that requires resolution by the IT team.

You can create an incident manually using the Service Manager console by performing the following steps:

- 1. In the Configuration Items workspace of the Service Manager console, select the Computer or User for which you want to manually create the incident.
- 2. In the Tasks pane, click Create Related Incident.
- 3. In the Tasks pane of the Incident, click Apply Template. Depending on the issue, you can select one of the default templates shown in Figure 1-6. The default templates are as follows:
 - Default Incident Template
 - Generic Incident Request
 - Hardware Issue Incident Template
 - High Priority Incident Template
 - Networking Issue Incident Template
 - Printing Issue Incident Template
 - Software Issue Incident Template

9	Apply Template		_		x
	Select Template				
Туре	to filter				Q
Temp	ates:				
Nam	ie 🌥	Class			
	Incident portal template	Incident			-
0.0	Networking Issue Incident Template	Incident			
	Printing Issue Incident Template	Incident			
10,0	Software Issue Incident Template	Incident			-
4	II			•	
Descri	ption:				
Tem	olate applied to incidents created via the po	ortal			
		OK		Can	cel

FIGURE 1-6 Incident templates

4. Click OK and the New Incident dialog box opens. The selection of the template causes certain fields of the incident to be automatically populated. For example, choosing the Networking Issue Incident Template causes the Classification category of the incident to be set to Networking Problems as shown in Figure 1-7.

8	Incident	t IR5 New		_ 🗆 X
IR5 Affected New Contact Parent inc	user: Create t info: Resolv cident First respo	d on: 5/19/2014 4:12> re by: onse (Ö 00:06	> Tasks
General Activities Related It Incident Information Affected user: Incident Information Affected user: Incident Information Incident Information Title: Incident Information Incident Information Title: Incident Information Incident Information Classification category: Incident Information Incident Information Classification category: Networking Problems Inpact: Impact: Medium Information Support group: Tier 1 Information Escalated Information Information	Alternate contact method:	Source: Console Priority: 9 Primary owner:		Incident ▲ Image Incident Status → Image Incident Request Image Incident Incident → Image Incident One New Parent Incident Image Incident One New Parent Incident One New Parent Incident Image Incident On
		OK Cancel	Apply	

FIGURE 1-7 Networking incident

- **5.** After selecting an incident template, you should provide the following additional information and then click OK:
 - Affected User This is the user who reported the incident.
 - **Title** Allows you to provide a name for the incident.
 - **Description** A description of the incident.
 - Other information as necessary based on the incident itself. Some information will automatically be included with the template.
- **6.** On the Activities tab of the New Incident dialog box, you can add activities such as Manual Activities or Runbook Automation Activities that are related to the incident.
- **7.** On the Related Items tab, you can add Work Items, Configuration Items, Knowledge Articles, and Attached Files.
- **8.** On the Resolution tab, you provide information about how the incident was resolved, how much time it took, and specify a resolution category.

- 9. The Service Level tab allows you to view service level information.
- 10. The History tab allows you to view the history of the incident.

You can also automate the Service Manager email messages sent by users indirectly by having the users submit a form through the Service Manager Self-Service Portal, or by configuring the Operations Manager Alert connector to automatically generate incidents based on Operations Manager alerts.

MORE INFO MANAGING INCIDENTS

You can learn more about managing incidents at http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/hh519697.aspx.

Automatic incident creation

The Operations Manager alert connector for Service Manager allows you to automatically create Service Manager incidents based on Operations Manager alerts. An Operations Manager alert is created in Operations Manager when an object that Operations Manager monitors experiences a change that is deemed worthy of attention, such as a hardware or software failure occurring on a monitored server. There are two types of Operations Manager connectors for Service Manager: the alert connector, and the configuration item (CI) connector. The CI connector imports objects that Operations Manager has discovered into the Service Manager database. Alert connectors bring alert information into Service Manager.

To create the alert connector, perform the following steps:

- 1. In the Administration workspace of the Server Manager console, click Connectors.
- **2.** On the Tasks pane, click Create Connector, and then click Operations Manager Alert Connector.
- **3.** On the General page of the Operations Manager Alert Connector Wizard, provide a name for the alert connector.
- 4. On the Server Details page, shown in Figure 1-8, specify the name of the Operations Manager server and a Run As account that has permission to connect to Operations Manager. Ensure that you use the Test Connection button to verify that the account works and has appropriate permissions.

8	Operations Manager Alert connector wizard
🕂 Server Details	
Before You Begin General Server Details Alert Routing Rules Schedule Summary Completion	Enter the server name and credentials for the Operations Manager server Server Information Server name: opsmgr.tailspintoys.internal Credentials Run As account: Administrator New [Test Connection]
	Cancel < Previous Next > Create

FIGURE 1-8 Alert connector configuration

- 5. On the Alert Routing Rules page, click Add to add an alert routing rule. An alert routing rule allows you to specify which Service Manager incident template will be used to create an incident based on an Operations Manager alert.
- **6.** In the Add Alert Routing Rule dialog box, shown in Figure 1-9, provide the following information:
 - **Rule Name** The name of the alert routing rule.
 - **Template** The Service Manager incident template that will be used when creating the Service Manager incident.
 - Criteria Type Here you can select the conditions that trigger the alert routing rule. You can choose between the alert being generated by a specific Operations Manager management pack, being generated by a specific computer or security group, a custom field, or an Operations Manager monitoring class.
 - Select Alert Severity And Priority Allows you to specify the alert priorities and severities that will trigger the alert routing rule.

3	Add Alert Routing Rule	e	– 🗆 X
🖵 Add Alert Routin	ng Rule		
Rule Name			
Network Alerts			
Template			
Networking Issue Incident T	emplate		•
Select Criteria Type			
 Operations Manager Mar alert 	agement Pack containing the	e Rule or Monitor	raising the
Management Pack Name	quals 🔻	Network Manag	gement - Core
Computer for which the a	lert was raised		
Computer is a member of gr	oup		*
Custom Field	Ţ		
Operations Manager class	s for which the alert was raise	d	
Monitoring class name	Ŧ		
Select alert severity and pri Priority High Severity ICritical	iority •		
		ОК	Cancel

FIGURE 1-9 Alert routing rule

7. As Figure 1-10 shows, alerts that don't match any of your configured rules will automatically be created as incidents using the Operations Manager Incident Template.

5	Operations Manager Alert connector wizard
Before You Begin General Server Details	Rules Specify the routing rules for incoming alerts Rule name Template
Alert Routing Rules Schedule Summary Completion	Network Alerts Networking Issue Incide Edit Remove Image: State of the content of the content with the following default template:
	Operations Manager Incident Template
	Cancel < Previous Next > Create

FIGURE 1-10 Routing rules

8. On the Schedule page, select the frequency at which Service Manager will query the Operations Manager server for alerts. You can also configure the connector so that alerts within Operations Manager will be closed when the incident that relates to the alert is resolved or closed in Service Manager. You can also configure Service Manager to automatically mark incidents as Resolved if the incident that triggered the alert in Operations Manager is closed. Figure 1-11 shows these settings.

5	Operations Manager Alert connector wizard
L Schedule	
Before You Begin General Server Details Alert Routing Rules Schedule Summary Completion	Create a schedule Poll alerts every 30 * seconds Close alerts in Operations Manager when incidents are resolved or closed Resolve incidents automatically when the alerts in Operations Manager are closed
	Cancel < Previous Next > Create

FIGURE 1-11 Schedule settings

9. On the Summary page, review the connector setup, and then create the connector.

Once the connector is created, you can modify the alert routing rules by editing the properties of the connector as shown in Figure 1-12.

MORE INFO OPERATIONS MANAGER CONNECTOR FOR SERVICE MANAGER

You can learn more about the Operations Manager Connector for Service Manager at http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/hh524325.aspx.

8		Edit			x
General	Alert Routing Rule	es			^
Server Details	Specify the routing	rules for incoming alerts			
Alert Routing Rules	Rule name	Template		<u>A</u> dd	
Schedule	Network Alerts	Networking Issue Incide		Edit	
				Remove	
				🕆 Up	
				🛡 Down	
	Alerts that do not fit an Operations Manager In	y of the rules above will be routed	d with the following def	ault template:	_
	∧ Schedule				
	Create a schedule				
	Poll alerts every 30	seconds			
	Close alerts in Oper	ations Manager when incidents ar	e resolved or closed		
	Resolve incidents au	utomatically when the alerts in Op	erations Manager are cl	losed	Ŧ
			ОК	Cance	:

FIGURE 1-12 Connector properties

Integrating Orchestrator with Operations Manager and Service Manager

You can configure Orchestrator to integrate with Operations Manager by configuring a connection to the Operations Manager server from the Orchestrator Management server. When you do this, you can monitor and collect information from Operations Manager alerts, which you can use when building Orchestrator runbooks. To integrate Orchestrator with Operations Manager, first install the Operations Manager integration pack. You can download this integration pack from Microsoft's website. You'll also need to install the Operations Manager console on the server that hosts the Runbook Designer and verify that you can use it to make a connection to the Operations Manager server.

Once you've performed that step, you configure a connection from the Orchestrator Management server to the Operations Manager Management Group by performing the following steps:

- 1. In the Runbook Designer's Options menu, click SC 2012 Operations Manager.
- 2. On the Connections tab of the SC 2012 Operations Manager dialog box, click Add.

3. In the Connection dialog box, shown in Figure 1-13, type the name of the connection, the IP address or FQDN of the Operations Manager server, and then provide the credentials of an account that has access to the Operations Manager server.

Connection ×				
Name	TailspinToys Ops Mgr			
Server	opsmgr.tailspintoys.internal			
Credentials				
<u>D</u> omain	tailspintoys			
<u>U</u> ser name	administrator			
Password	•••••			
Monitoring Intervals				
<u>P</u> olling	10 seconds			
<u>R</u> econnect	10 seconds			
Test Connection	Ok Cancel			

FIGURE 1-13 Connection configuration

4. On the SC 2012 Operations Manager dialog box, shown in Figure 1-14, click Finish.

	SC 2012 Operations	Manager	×
Microsoft System Configure the connections	Center Operations Man	ager Connectio	ns
Connections	Connection TailspinToys Ops Mgr < 	Domain tailspintoys	Server opsmgr.tailspint >
		Finish C	ancel Help

FIGURE 1-14 Operations Manager connections

Once you have configured the connection, you'll be able to use the activities that are included in the Operations Manager integration pack when building Orchestrator runbooks. These activities are shown in Figure 1-15, and have the following functionality:

- Create Alert This activity allows you to create an alert in Operations Manager.
- Get Alert This activity allows you to extract data from an Operations Manager alert. Use this activity as the basis of creating runbooks that create incidents in Service Manager by extracting relevant information from alerts and using that information when creating incidents.
- **Get Monitor** Use this activity to collect monitoring data. You can take the data extracted from this activity and use it to populate incidents in Service Manager.
- Monitor Alert Use this activity to watch for specific new or updated Operations Manager alerts. You might use this when configuring a runbook to have additional steps taken when specific alerts are raised in Operations Manager during runbook intiation.
- Monitor State Use this activity to monitor and run when an object managed by Operations Manager has its state changed to Warning or Critical. You might use this when configuring a runbook to have additional steps taken when the state of specific Operations Manager monitored objects changes during runbook initiation.
- Start Maintenance Mode This activity allows you to put an Operations Manager managed object into maintenance mode. Maintenance mode is a special state that suppresses alerting. For example, you would put a server into maintenance mode when applying software updates so that Operations Manager alerts aren't generated by the software update process.
- Stop Maintenance Mode This activity allows you to take an Operations Manager managed object out of maintenance mode, so that Operations Manager alerts are no longer suppressed.
- Update Alert Use this activity to update an Operations Manager alert with data. For example, you could update an Operations Manager alert with information provided in a Service Manager incident.



FIGURE 1-15 Operations Manager activities

You configure integration between Orchestrator and Service Manager by performing the following steps:

- **1.** Ensure that the Service Manager integration pack is installed on the management server.
- **2.** Click SC 2012 Service Manager in the Options menu of the Orchestrator Runbook Designer console.
- 3. On the Connections tab of the SC 2012 Service Manager dialog box, click Add.
- **4.** In the Connection dialog box, shown in Figure 1-16, provide the following information. Ensure that you click Test Connection to verify that the connection to the Service Manager server functions correctly.
 - **Name** Name of the connection to the Service Manager server
 - Server FQDN of the Service Manager server
 - Credentials Credentials of an account that has permission to access the Service Manager server

	Connecti	on x	
Name	Tailspin Service	Manager	
Server	servicemanage	r.tailspintoys.internal	
Credentials			
<u>D</u> omain	tailspintoys		
<u>U</u> ser name	Administrator		
Password	•••••		
Monitoring Intervals			
Polling	10	seconds	
<u>R</u> econnect	10	seconds	
Test Connection		Ok Cancel	

FIGURE 1-16 Connection properties

5. On the SC 2012 Service Manager dialog box, shown in Figure 1-17, click Finish.

SC 2012 Service Manager				x	
Connections Configure the connections for	or Microsoft System Cent	er Service Manager.			
Connections	Name Tailspin Service	Server servicemanager	User Administrator	Domain tailspintoys	
			Finish Cano	cel Help	

FIGURE 1-17 Service Manager connection

Once the connection between the Orchestrator and Service Manager server is established, you can use the integration pack activities, shown in Figure 1-18, to build workflows.

SC 2012 Service Manager			
🚰 Create Change with Template	🛍 Get Activity	🧊 Update Object	
🖤 Create Object	🏐 Get Object		
Create Incident with Template	🖆 Get Relationship		
Create Related Object	Monitor Object		
🔄 Create Relationship	Update Activity		
🚈 Delete Relationship	🗓 Upload Attachment		
<			>

FIGURE 1-18 Service Manager integration pack activities

These activities allow you to do the following:

- Create Change With Template Use this activity to create a change record using an existing change template. When you use this activity, mandatory fields in the service manager change record need to be configured using Orchestrator when you use this activity.
- Create Object Use this activity to create a Service Manager object based on a defined class. For example, you could use this activity to create a Service Manager incident, change, or problem record.

- Create Incident With Template Use this activity to create a Service Manager incident based on an existing template. When you use this activity, mandatory fields in the Service Manager incident record need to be configured using Orchestrator.
- **Create Related Object** Use this activity to create new Service Manager objects that have relationships to existing Service Manager objects.
- Create Relationship Use this activity to create relationships between Service Manager elements. For example, you could use it to create a relationship between an incident and a computer or user. You can also use it to relate multiple incidents with a Service Manager problem record.
- Delete Relationship Use this activity to remove a relationship between Service Manager elements.
- **Get Activity** Use this activity to instruct Orchestrator runbook to collect activity records based on specific criteria.
- **Get Object** Use this activity to search for a Service Manager activity, incident, or change records based on specific criteria.
- **Get Relationship** Use this activity to have Orchestrator generate a list of objects from separate classes that are related by specific criteria.
- Monitor Object User this activity to configure Orchestrator to find new and updated records based on specific criteria.
- **Update Activity** Use this activity to update Service Manager activity records.
- **Upload Attachment** Use this activity to upload a file to an existing Service Manager object. For example, you might use this activity to upload a log file so that it can be stored with the incident generated automatically by an Operations Manager alert.
- Update Object Use this activity to modify the values of a Service Manager object's properties.

Automatic incident remediation

Automatic incident remediation involves applying a specific solution to a known problem. You can configure Orchestrator runbooks triggered by specific Operations Manager alerts. Using some of the Orchestrator activities detailed earlier in this chapter, you can take the data contained in the alert and use it to populate a new Service Manager incident. The Orchestrator runbook can then perform the tasks necessary to automatically remediate the incident. For example, the Orchestrator runbook could run an activity that restarts the service that caused the original Operations Manager alert. Once the Operations Manager alert has been dealt with, the Orchestrator runbook could then update the Service Manager incident, closing both the incident and the Operations Manager alert once the issue that caused the alert has been resolved.

MORE INFO INCIDENT REMEDIATION

You can learn more about incident remediation with Operations Manager and Orchestrator by consulting the following TechNet article at http://social.technet.microsoft. com/wiki/contents/articles/12602.system-center-operations-manager-incident-remediation-with-system-center-orchestrator.aspx.

Change and activity management workflows

Workflows allow you to automate processes within Service Manager, making interactions with Service Manager more efficient. For example, you can configure workflows that will automatically close completed change requests, or configure workflows that will automatically notify Service Manager users when approvals are required. Using the Server Manager console, you can configure change management workflows that configure change request conditions and apply change request templates. You can also configure activity management workflows to configure activity management conditions and apply activity templates.

MORE INFO CHANGE AND ACTIVITY MANAGEMENT

You can learn more about change and activity management in Service Manager by consulting the following TechNet article at *http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ hh495590.aspx.*

Change request templates

Change request templates store a common set of settings, applying these settings to new change requests. For example, you can create a change request template related to adding a new database to a SQL Server instance that includes commonly used properties, minimizing the amount of information that a user is required to enter when requesting such a change.

To create a change request template, perform the following steps:

1. In the Library workspace of the Server Manager console, click Templates, and then in the Tasks pane, click Create Template.
2. On the Create Template dialog box, specify a name for the template. Select the Change Request Class as shown in Figure 1-19, and select a Management Pack in which to store the new template.

Create Template	-		x	
Create Template				
Enter a name and description for the template				
Name:				
Tailspin SQL Database Add Change Request				
Description:				
Chara				
Class:	Br	owse		
For example, to create an incident template, select the incident class.				
Solast an unscaled management made where the template will be sound				
<u>Management pack</u>				
Service Manager Change Management Configuration Library Last modified: 5/17/2014 5:07:35 AM	•	V <u>e</u> w		
✓ When I click OK, open the template form.				
ОК		Can	cel	

FIGURE 1-19 Create change request template

3. When you click OK, the Change Request Template form will be displayed. In this form, provide information that will be pre-populated on a change request template. As shown in Figure 1-20, this can include the area of the organization that the template applies to, the priority the change request should be assigned by default, as well as default impact and risk values.

10 Category: Created of New Template ID: Image: Complete ID: eral Planning Activities Results Related Items History Template escription:	fate:	
New Template ID: peral Planning Activities Results Related Jtems History Template escription: Jsed to request SQL Server Database deployment Image:		Change Request Cancel Close Croate Change Request Create Change Request Create Release Record Print Put On Hold
Planning Activities Results Related Items History Iemplate escription: Jsed to request SQL Server Database deployment Image: SQL Server Database deployment		Change Request Cancel Ciose Create Change Request Create Release Record Print Put On Hold
escription: Jsed to request SQL Server Database deployment		Close Create Change Request Create Release Record Print Put On Hold
Used to request SQL Server Database deployment		Create Change Request Create Release Record Frint Put On Hold
		☆ Create Release Record ಈ Print Put On Hold
		Print
	- 11	Put On Hold
eason:		Resume
		Return to Activity
		Search for Knowledge Articles
	=	General
	- 11	2 Refresh
reated By: Alternate contact method:	- II	
rea: Assigned To:		
Software		
riority: Impact: Risk:		
.ow Minor V Low	•	
onfig Items To Change	^	
ID Type Name * Status Last Modified Add	-	
OK Cancel i	Apply	

FIGURE 1-20 Configure change request template

4. On the Activities tab, you can add activities to the template. These additions can include any configured activity including runbook automation activities. Usually with Change Requests, you'd add a Default Review Activity as shown in Figure 1-21, which would allow another user to review and authorize the change request.



FIGURE 1-21 Change request template activities

MORE INFO CHANGE REQUEST TEMPLATES

You can learn more about creating change request templates in Service Manager by consulting the following TechNet article at *http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ hh495644.aspx*.

Change management workflows

You can use change management workflows to automate the process of dealing with change management requests. To create a change management workflow, perform the following steps:

1. In the Administration workspace or the Service Manager console, expand the Workflows node, and click Configuration.

- **2.** In the Configuration pane, click Change Request Event Workflow Configuration, and in the Tasks pane, click Configure Workflow Rules.
- **3.** In the Configure Workflows dialog box, click Add.
- 4. On the Workflow Information page of the Configure Workflows For Objects Of Class Change Request dialog box, shown in Figure 1-22, specify a name, whether the event that triggers the workflow is when an object is created, or updated, and a management pack in which to store the workflow.

5	Configure workflows for objects of class Change Request
🚡 Workflow Info	ormation
Before You Begin	Provide a name and description to indicate what the workflow is intended to do. Then, specify when
Workflow Information	Service Manager should check for the events that trigger this workflow.
Specify Criteria	N <u>a</u> me:
Apply Template	Tailspin Change Management Workflow
Select People to Notify Summary	Description (optional):
Completion	
	Check for events:
	When an object is created 🔹
	Select an existing unsealed management pack where this workflow will be stored. <u>M</u> anagement pack
	Service Manager Change Management Configuration Library version Library version Library version Last modified: 5/20/2014 6:11:58 AM
	✓ Enabled
	Cancel < Previous Next > Create

FIGURE 1-22 Workflow information

5. On the Specify Criteria page, ensure that Change Request is selected. In the list of available properties, select a criteria that will determine whether the change management workflow is applied. For example, in Figure 1-23, the change management workflow will be applied if the change request area is set to Security.

Before You Begin Workflow Information Specify Criteria Apply Template Select People to Notify Summary Completion Genetate By User Has Parent Work Item Requested By User Has Parent Work Item Requested By User Created By Use	Specify Criter	Configure workflows for objects of class Change Request
Summary Closed By User	Specify Criter Before You Begin Workflow Information Specify Criteria Apply Template Select Beople to Notify	First, add the criteria for events in objects of class Change Request that will trigger the workflow. Then, select criteria and specify the threshold for each one. Change to Change Request Affected User Affected User Asigned To User
Criteria: [Change Request]Area equals Security •	Select People to Notity Summary Completion	Closed By User Created By User Has Parent Work Item Requested By User (Created date (Created date (Created date) (Created date) (Creat
		Criteria: [Change Request]Area equals Security

FIGURE 1-23 Workflow criteria

6. On the Apply Template page, click Apply The Selected Template. You can then choose one of the existing change management templates to apply. Figure 1-24 shows the Security Release Change Request template selected.

Configure workflows for objects of class Change Request				
🛐 Apply Templa	re			
Before You Begin Workflow Information Specify Criteria	Select the template you want to apply to the objects of class Change Request. To stop applying the selected template, clear the checkbox. Image: Apply the selected template. Type to filter			
Select People to Notify Summary Completion	Iemplates: Name * Class Image: Emergency Change Request Change Request Image: Major Change Request Change Request Image: Minor Change Request Change Request Image: Publish Offering Change Request Image: Security Release Change Request Image: Standard Change Request Change Request Image: Standard Change Requ			
	Cancel < <u>P</u> revious Next > Create			

FIGURE 1-24 Apply template

- **7.** On the Select People To Notify page, specify whether users should be notified when this change management workflow is triggered.
- 8. On the Summary page, review the settings, and click Create to create the change management workflow.

MORE INFO CHANGE MANAGEMENT WORKFLOWS

You can learn more about creating change management workflows in Service Manager by consulting the following TechNet article at *http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ hh519653.aspx*.

Activity management workflows

Activity management workflows allow you to automate the management of activities based on the properties of the activity. For example, you might create a workflow to assign all unassigned manual activities to a particular member of the IT staff. To create an activity management workflow, perform the following steps:

- **1.** In the Administration workspace of the Server Manager console, click Configuration under the Workflows node.
- **2.** In the Configuration pane, select the Activity Event Workflow node, and then click Configure Workflow Rules in the tasks pane.
- **3.** On the Select A Class dialog box, shown in Figure 1-25, click the activity class to which you want the workflow to apply.

	Select a Class	_ □ >
Select the class you want and click OK. Yo	ou can use Filter by name and the View list to be	tter define the list of displayed classes.
Type to filter	Q	Frequently used basic classes
Name	Management Pack	Description
Dependent Activity	System Work Item Activity Library	Defines the basic properties of
😰 Manual Activity	System Work Item Activity Library	Defines the basic properties of
Parallel Activity	System Work Item Activity Library	Defines the basic properties of
Dortal software deployment activity	Microsoft System Center Service Manager Port	tal Library Activity to perform software d
📋 Publish Activity	System Service Catalog Library	Publish Activity
🗟 Review Activity	System Work Item Activity Library	Defines the basic properties o
Aunbook Automation Activity	System Center Orchestrator Library	Runbook Automation Activity
Sequential Activity	System Work Item Activity Library	Defines the basic properties of
4		Þ
		<u>O</u> K <u>C</u> ancel

FIGURE 1-25 Activity class

- 4. On the Configure Workflows dialog box, click Add.
- 5. On the Workflow Information page of the Configure Workflows For Objects Of Class, specify a name for the activity management workflow, a management pack to store the workflow, and whether the workflow will be triggered upon object creation or object modification.
- **6.** On the Specify Criteria page, select a property and criteria that will trigger the workflow. For example, in Figure 1-26, the criteria is that the Activity Status equals Failed.

3	Configure workflows for objects of class Manual Activity
Specify Criter	ria
Before You Begin	First, add the criteria for events in objects of class Manual Activity that will trigger the workflow. Then, select criteria and specify the threshold for each one.
Workflow Information	Changed to
Specify Criteria	Related classes: Available properties:
Apply Template Select People to Notify Summary Completion	Manual Activity <search> Skip Skip Stage Status Title User Input</search>
	Criteria:
	[Activity]Status equals
	Cancel < Previous Next > Create



- 7. On the Apply Template page, you can choose to apply a template.
- **8.** On the Select People To Notify, you can choose to notify specific people. When you choose to notify a person, you select who is to be notified and the message template.
- 9. On the Summary page, click Create.

MORE INFO ACTIVITY WORKFLOWS

You can learn more about creating activity management workflows in Service Manager by consulting the following TechNet article at *http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ hh495617.aspx*.



EXAM TIP

Remember that Operations Manager raises alerts, the cause of which can be resolved by running an Orchestrator runbook. Information about the alert and the resolution can be written to Service Manager by the Orchestrator runbook.

Thought experiment

Workflows at Tailspin Toys

You are in the process of configuring a private cloud trial deployment at Tailspin Toys. One of the aims of the eventual deployment is to empower users by allowing them to submit their own change requests through a web portal, rather than having them submit change requests using a more traditional pen and paper method. In the final deployment you want to have any alert raised by Operations Manager also raised as an incident in Service Manager. For the trial, you will restrict this to alerts raised in Operations Manager that are related to monitored SQL Servers.

You have the following goals for the trial:

- You want to have incidents automatically raised based on Operations Manager alerts generated by SQL Server management packs.
- You want users to be able to submit change requests through the Service Manager self-service portal.
- You want to have all change requests that the IT staff set to completed, automatically closed by Service Manager.

With this information in mind, answer the following questions:

- 1. Which System Center products do you need to deploy to support this solution?
- 2. Which connectors must you configure to support this solution?
- 3. What type of workflow must you configure to accomplish your goal?

Objective summary

- Orchestrator allows you to create runbook automation. You do this by linking activities from integration packs.
- You can configure Operations Manager to automatically create Service Manager incidents from alerts generated in Operations Manager.
- You can configure an Orchestrator runbook to create Service Manager incidents using the Service Manager integration pack.
- You can configure a Service Manager incident to trigger an Orchestrator runbook, which you can use to automatically resolve some types of issues.
- Change request templates store a common set of settings, applying these settings to new change requests.
- You can use change management workflows to automate the process of dealing with change management requests.

Objective review

Answer the following questions to test your knowledge of the information in this objective. You can find the answers to these questions and explanations of why each answer choice is correct or incorrect in the "Answers" section at the end of this chapter.

- 1. You want to create a runbook in System Center 2012 R2 Orchestrator that creates Service Manager incidents in response to Operations Manager alerts. Your organization has one Operations Manager server, one Orchestrator server, and one Service Manager server. Which of the following steps should you take?
 - A. Configure a connection from the Operations Manager server to the Orchestrator server. Install the Orchestrator management pack on the Operations Manager server.
 - **B.** Configure a connection from the Orchestrator server to the Operations Manager server. Install the Operations Manager integration pack on to the Orchestrator server.
 - **c.** Configure a connection from the Orchestrator server to the Service Manager server. Install the Service Manager integration pack on to the Orchestrator server.
 - **D.** Configure the Operations Manager connector on the Service Manager server. Configure alert routing rules for the connector on the Service Manager server.
- 2. You want to have alerts from any of the SQL Server 2012 instances monitored by your organization's Operations Manager deployment automatically assigned as Service Manager incidents to Barry the SQL Server administrator. All SQL Server alerts on the Operations Manager server are triggered by rules stored within a SQL Server 2012

management pack. Your organization has one Operations Manager server and one Service Manager server. You have not deployed any other System Center products. Which of the following steps would you take to accomplish this goal?

- A. Configure the Operations Manager connector on the Service Manager server.
- B. Deploy the Operations Manager agent on the Service Manager server.
- **c.** Create an incident template for SQL Server events that assigns the incident to Barry. Create an Alert Routing rule for alerts generated by the SQL Server 2012 Management pack that applies this incident template.
- **D.** Create an Orchestrator runbook that creates an incident on the Service Manager server when an alert is raised on the Operations Manager server related to the SQL Server 2012 management pack.
- **3.** You want to configure Service Manager so that Barry the SQL Server Administrator is notified when a SQL Server related change request is entered into the Service Manager database. Which of the following would you configure in Service Manager to accomplish this goal?
 - **A.** Configure a change request workflow.
 - **B.** Configure an incident event workflow.
 - **c.** Configure an activity event workflow.
 - **D.** Configure a desired configuration management event workflow.
- **4.** You are creating a new change request template in Service Manager. Which class should you select when creating the template?
 - **A.** Change Request
 - B. Incident
 - **c.** Problem
 - D. Knowledge Article
- **5.** Which activity in the Operations Manager integration pack for Orchestrator do you use to extract data from an Operations Manager alert?
 - A. Create Alert
 - B. Get Alert
 - c. Monitor Alert
 - D. Update Alert

Objective 1.2: Implementing service offerings

Another important aspect of private cloud automation is implementing as much self-service functionality for users as possible. Rather than having to always ring the service desk to log a job, self-service allows many routine IT requests to be initiated by the user through a web browser interface. In some cases, these requests can be resolved without requiring the direct intervention of a member of the IT team, and in others they can be resolved subject to approval.

This objective covers how to:

- Creating custom workflows
- Self-Service Portal
- Service catalog
- Request offerings
- Service offerings
- Catalog item groups
- Orchestrator and Service Manager
- Using Orchestrator runbooks with Service Manager
- Self-service provisioning of virtual machines

Creating custom workflows

Earlier in this chapter you learned how to configure change management and activity management workflows, functionality for which is built into Server Manager 2012 R2. You can create new custom workflows for Service Manager using the System Center 2012 - Service Manager Authoring Tool. By building custom workflows, you can further automate Service Manager processes. You can download the Service Manager Authoring Tool from Microsoft's website.

MORE INFO CREATING CUSTOM WORKFLOWS

You can learn more about creating custom Service Manager workflows at http://technet. microsoft.com/en-us/library/hh519585.aspx.

To create a new workflow that runs on a scheduled basis, perform the following steps:

1. In the Service Manager Authoring Tool, select the management pack that will store the workflow or create a new management pack.

2. Right-click Workflows, and click Create. This will launch the Create Workflow Wizard as shown in Figure 1-27. Provide a name for the workflow. If you want to modify the default values for the workflow, retry intervals and time to run, click Advanced. The maximum time to run must be greater than 60 seconds and less than 24 hours.

8	Create Workflow Wizard					
📓 General						
General	Name the workflow					
Trigger Condition	Name:					
Summary	Tailspin_Workflow					
Completion	Description(optional): To change the default limits on how the workflow runs, click Advanced. Advanced					
	Cancel < Previous Next >					

FIGURE 1-27 Create workflow

 On the Trigger Condition page, select Run At A Scheduled Time Or At Scheduled Intervals as shown in Figure 1-28. You can also custom workflows to run in response to database object changes.



FIGURE 1-28 Trigger condition

- 4. On the Trigger Criteria page, configure the schedule for running the custom workflow.
- **5.** On the Summary page, click Create.

Once you've created the workflow, you can use the Service Manager Authoring Tool to edit the workflow. You do this by dropping and configuring activities in a manner similar to configuring an Orchestrator runbook. Figure 1-29 shows the Service Manager Authoring Tool.



FIGURE 1-29 Custom workflow authoring

To add a custom workflow to Service Manager, copy the workflow files, which will have the name of the management pack with the .xml and .dll file name extensions, to the Service Manager installation folder. In the Service Manager console, import the management pack from the Administration workspace. Once imported, you can use the workflow with Service Manager.

Self-Service Portal

The Service Manager 2012 R2 Self-Service Portal is a SharePoint 2010 website that customers can use to submit requests for service offerings and request offerings using their web browser. The Self-Service Portal leverages Service Manager user roles, meaning that users will be presented with different request and service offerings depending on role membership. Us-

ers are able to submit requests and view the status of those requests using the portal. Figure 1-30 shows the Service Manager 2012 R2 Self-Service Portal.



FIGURE 1-30 Self-Service Portal

When a user submits a request using the self-service website, the request is forwarded to the Service Manager server where the information submitted through the self-service website is processed. You can publish Service Manager requests and service offerings to the Self-Service Portal. Many organizations use the Self-Service Portal to allow users to submit their own incident tickets as an alternative to contacting the help desk.

This functionality is only the tip of the iceberg. If you integrate Service Manager with other System Center products, such as Operations Manager, Orchestrator, and Virtual Machine Manager, you can offer services that leverage these products through the Self-Service Portal. For example you could create a service offering that:

- 1. Allows users to request and deploy virtual machines through System Center Virtual Machine Manager, with the details of that request and subsequent deployment all logged within Service Manager.
- Allows users to put SQL Server databases into protection, or perform self-service recovery by leveraging Service Manager integration with Data Protection Manager and Orchestrator.
- 3. Allows users to trigger Orchestrator runbooks. Since runbooks can be created to perform almost any task within your organization's Windows-based infrastructure, you can provide users with the ability, through the Self-Service Portal, to trigger any task for which you can build a runbook.

The Self-Service Portal can be hosted on a separate computer from the Service Manager server. One important thing to note is that you can only use SharePoint 2010 to host the Service Manager 2012 R2 RTM Self-service website. You cannot use SharePoint 2013 to host the Service Manager 2012 R2 RTM self-service website. This is important as you can deploy SharePoint 2010 on a computer running Windows Server 2008 R2, but cannot deploy it on computers running the Windows Server 2012 and Windows Server 2012 R2 operating systems. This means that you must deploy at least one computer running Windows Server 2008 R2 with SharePoint 2010 even if all of the other server operating systems in your environment are running Windows Server 2012 R2.

MORE INFO SELF-SERVICE PORTAL

You can learn more about the Self-Service Portal at http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/ library/hh914195.aspx.

Service catalog

The service catalog is a collection of Service Manager items, assistance, actions, or groupings of items, assistance, or actions. You make service catalog items available through the Self-Service Portal by publishing them either as request offerings or service offerings. Figure 1-31 shows the Service Catalog node of the Service Manager console.



FIGURE 1-31 Service catalog

You use the Request Offerings node to create service catalog items that are available to users. Request offerings allow you to specify what information you want to prompt the users to provide and any knowledge articles that you've created within Service Manager that might be related to the request offering. Service offerings allow you to create service catalog items that assign categories to request offerings.

MORE INFO SERVICE CATALOG

You can learn more about the service catalog at *http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/hh495564.aspx*.

Request offerings

Request offerings are items or actions that you can make available to users through the service catalog. You usually collect request offerings in groups termed service offerings. You can publish service offerings and request offerings to the Self-Service Portal. To give users access to these service and request offerings, you need to assign them to Service Manager user roles that are associated with a catalog group that contains these items.

To create a request offering, perform the following steps:

- In the Library workspace of the Service Manager console, expand the Service Catalog node, click the Request Offerings node, and in the Actions pane, click Create Request Offering.
- 2. On the Before You Begin page of the Create A Request Offering Wizard, click Next.
- **3.** On the Create Request Offering page, shown in Figure 1-32, provide the following information:

3	Create Request Offering
General	
Before You Begin	Specify the information for this offering
General	
User Prompts	<u>Title:</u>
Configure Prompts	Typical Incident Request
Map Prompts	Image (32 x 32):
Knowledge Articles	Browse
Publish	
Summary	Description, shown on the request offering page:
Completion	Typical Incident Request
	Template name: Default Service Request
	Management pack
	Service Catalog Generic Incident Request
	Cancel < Previous Next > Create

FIGURE 1-32 Create request offering

- **Title** Use this to specify the name of the request offering.
- Image Allows you to associate an image with the request offering. This image will be present with the request offering in the Self-Service Portal.
- Description Use this to provide a description of the request offering. This description will be present with the request offering in the Self-Service Portal.
- **Template** Use this drop-down menu to select an existing service request template.
- Management Pack Use this option to specify an unsealed management pack in which to store the request offering.
- **4.** On the User Prompts page of the Create Request Offering Wizard, shown in Figure 1-33, provide prompts that users can respond to when accessing the request offering.

8	Create Request Offe	ring	_ 🗆 X
User Prompts			ann 1
Before You Begin	Enter the prompts or information te	ext	
General	Form instructions:		
User Prompts	Provide your name, department, and incide	ent type	
Configure Prompts			
Map Prompts			
Knowledge Articles	Enter prompts or information text		
Publish	Response Type	Prompt Type	
Summary	▶ 1 Enter Name	Required	Text
Completion	> 2 Select Department	Required	Simple List
	3 Incident Type	Required	Simple List
	>		
	You can configure the prompts above or	n the next wizard pages.	
	l	Cancel < <u>P</u> revious <u>N</u>	Vext > Create

FIGURE 1-33 Configure user promptsYou can configure the following prompt types:

- Date
- Decimal
- File Attachment
- Integer
- MP Enumeration List
- Query Results
- Simple List
- Text
- True/False

5. On the Configure Prompts page, you specify additional required information to assist the user in providing information to the prompts. For example, if you specified one of the prompts as a simple list, you would create the list options that the user would be able to select from as shown in Figure 1-34.

3					Configure Simple List			- 0	х
	Configure Simple List								
,	_					♦ X ↑	₽ Set	as defau	lt
		Order	Default	Display Name					
	4	1		Engineering					^
	•	2		Operations					
	•	3		Science					
	•	4		Command					
	•								
									*
						[<u>O</u> K	Cano	el :

FIGURE 1-34 Configure lists

- **6.** On the Map Prompts page, associate the prompts with the service request template. The prompts required will depend on the service request template.
- 7. On the Knowledge Articles page, you can specify knowledge articles that will appear with the request offering in the Self-Service Portal. This allows you to associate useful documentation with the service offering. For example, you might associate a knowledge article listing the top problems submitted as service requests by users and their solutions.

8. On the Publish page, shown in Figure 1-35, you can configure whether the Offering Status is Published, and the Offering Owner.

3	Create Request Offering
Publish	
Before You Begin General User Prompts Configure Prompts Map Prompts Knowledge Articles Publish Summary Completion	Specify publishing information. Offerings must be set to Published in order for them to appear on the portal. Offering status: Published Published CSPINTOYS.drservice (drservice) (Internal notes: I
	Cancel < <u>P</u> revious <u>N</u> ext > Create

FIGURE 1-35 Publish settings

9. The Summary page provides summary information about the request offering. The completion page will confirm the creation of the request offering.

You can configure a request offering's status to either Draft or Published. A request offering assigned the draft status won't be available to the service catalog and cannot be requested by users. Setting a request offering's status to Published will make it appear in the catalog to users that have been granted access to the catalog item group that has the request offering as a member.

MORE INFO REQUEST OFFERINGS

You can learn more about creating request offerings at http://technet.microsoft.com/enus/library/hh519639.aspx.

Service offerings

Service offerings are collections of request offerings. A single request offering can be associated with multiple service offerings. Self-service users are only able to access service offerings and their associated request offerings if:

Both the service offering and request offerings have their status set to Published.

The end users are assigned to a user role associated with a catalog item group that contains the service offering and request offering catalog items.

To create a service offering, perform the following steps:

- 1. Click Service Offerings in the Library workspace of the Service Manger console.
- 2. In the Tasks pane, click Create Service Offering.
- **3.** On the General page of the Create Service Offering Wizard, shown in Figure 1-36, provide the following information:
 - **Title** The name of the service offering.
 - Image An image that will be associated with the service offering on the Self-Service Portal.
 - **Category** Allows you to specify a category to associate with the service offering. You can create your own custom categories.
 - **Language** Allows you to specify a language for the service offering.
 - Overview This short overview will be displayed on the Self-Service Portal home page.
 - Description This lengthier description will be available on the service offering's page in the Self-Service Portal.
 - Management Pack Allows you to specify the unsealed management pack in which the service offering will be stored.

8	Create Service Offering
🚺 General	
Before You Begin	Specify the information for this offering
General	Title: Image (32 x 32);
Detailed Information	Tailspin Toys Service Offering Browse
Related Services	
Knowledge Articles	Category:
Request Offering	General English (Australia)
Publish	Overview, shown on the portal home page:
Summary	Collection of request offerings
Completion	Description, shown on the service offering page:
	Collection of tailspin toys request offerings
	Management pack
	TailspinToys-MP Last modified: 5/18/2014 4:10:32 AM
	Cancel < Previous Create



- 4. On the Detailed Information page, you can specify the following information:
 - Service level agreement information
 - Link for additional information
 - Cost information
 - Link for additional information
- **5.** On the Related Service page you can specify business services associated with the service offering.
- **6.** On the Knowledge Articles page, you can specify Service Manager knowledge articles associated with the service offering.
- **7.** On the Request Offering page, shown in Figure 1-37, you specify the request offerings that self-service users will see grouped with this service offering.

8	Create Servi	ce Offering		- 🗆 X
Request Offe	ring		14	
Before You Begin General	Select the request offerings	that users will se	e grouped under this s	ervice offering
Detailed Information Related Services Knowledge Articles Request Offering Publish Summary Completion	reguest offerings: Title Generic Incident Request Typical Incident Request	Status Published Published	Last Modified 5/17/2014 5:10:50 AM 5/17/2014 11:53:40 PM	Add Remove Open
		Cancel	< Previous Next >	> Crea <u>t</u> e

FIGURE 1-37 Create service offering

- **8.** On the Publish page, select between assigning the service offering the Draft or Published status.
- 9. On the Summary page, review the information related to the service offering.

MORE INFO SERVICE OFFERING

You can learn more about creating service offerings at *http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/ library/hh519639.aspx*.

Catalog item groups

You use catalog item groups to restrict access to service manager catalog items. You add service manager catalog items to the catalog item group, and then configure access to the catalog item group by configuring a Service Manager user role. Service manager catalog items can be members of multiple catalog item groups. By default Service Manager has two catalog item groups:

- Generic Incident Request Catalog Items Group
- Global Operators Group

To create a catalog item group, perform the following general steps:

- In the Library workspace of the Service Manager console, click the Groups node.
- In the Tasks pane, click Create Catalog Group.
- On the General page of the Create Catalog Items Group Wizard, specify a group name, group description, and a management pack in which to save the group as shown in Figure 1-38.

8	Create Catalog items group
General	
Before You Begin	Group name:
General	TailspinToys Catalog Item Group
Included Members Dynamic Members Subgroups	Group description: TailspinToys Catalog Item Group
Excluded Members Summary	
Completion	
	Select an existing management pack where this group will be stored. <u>Management pack</u> TailspinToys-MP Last modified: 5/18/2014 4:01:07 AM
	Cancel < <u>P</u> revious Create

FIGURE 1-38 Catalog items group

 On the Included Members page, specify the items that will be included as members of the group as shown in Figure 1-39. You can view by Catalog Item, Offering, Request Offering, or Service Offering.

3	Create Cata	log items group	– – ×
🖾 Included Mer	mbers		
Before You Begin General	Included Members Choose the items that will be i	ncluded as members of this group.	
Included Members	Name	Path	Add
Dynamic Members Subgroups	Generic Incident Request	ServiceManager.ServiceCata Offering30183491d8604787	<u>R</u> emove
Excluded Members			
Summary			
Completion			
	l	Cancel < Previou	s <u>N</u> ext > Crea <u>t</u> e

FIGURE 1-39 Included members

- **2.** On the Dynamic Members page, you can have items added automatically on the basis of class and criteria.
- **3.** On the Subgroups page, you can select existing groups as members of the new group that you are creating.
- **4.** On the Excluded Members page, you can automatically exclude a class and specific objects based on class and criteria.

MORE INFO CATALOG GROUPS

You can learn more about creating service offerings at *http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/ library/hh519639.aspx*.

To provide access to members of a specific user role, edit the properties of that role and specify the catalog item groups to which the user role should have access as shown in Figure 1-40.

9	Edit U	lser Role			x	:
General	▲ Catalog item Groups					*
Queues	Select the catalog item groups to	o which user role has access				
Configuration it	Selecting catalog groups limits access to available to the users in this user role. Ca	Catalog Items. Select the catalog g atalog items in groups that are not s	roups that you v selected will not	vant to be be visible	to	
Catalog item Gr	users in this role.					
Form Templates	 <u>A</u>ll catalog items can be accessed Provide access to only the selected g 	roups				
Users	Name	Management Packs			ר	
	Generic Incident Request Catalo	Service Catalog Generic Incide				
	TailspinToys Catalog Item Group	TailspinToys-MP				
	Catalog Item Group	System Service Catalog Library				
	Select All					
	▲ Form Templates					
	Select the forms to which the us	er role has access				-
			ОК	Cano	:el	

FIGURE 1-40 Edit user role

Orchestrator and Service Manager

Earlier in this chapter you learned how to connect Orchestrator to Service Manager, which allows you to use Orchestrator runbooks to perform tasks in Service Manager. You can also configure a connector that works the other way, between Service Manager and Orchestrator, which allows Service Manager to make reference to and utilize Orchestrator runbooks. To configure the connector between Service Manager and Orchestrator, perform the following steps:

- 1. In the Administration workspace of the Service Manager console, click Connectors.
- 2. In the Tasks pane, click Create Connector, and then click Orchestrator Connector.
- On the General page of the Orchestrator Connector Wizard, enter a name for the connector.

4. On the Connection page, specify the Orchestrator Web Service URL as shown in Figure 1-41, and the operational database account. The URL of the Orchestrator web service will be *http://computer.fqdn:81/Orchestrator2012/Orchestrator.svc*. The Run As account you use must have the right to connect to Orchestrator. Ensure that you click Test Connection to verify that the connection is successful.

8	Orchestrator connector wizard
U Connection	
Before You Begin General Connection Sync folder Web Console URL Summary Completion	Provide the URL and credentials for the Orchestrator web service Server Information Orchestrator Web Service URL: http://orchestrator.81/Orchestrator2012/Orchestrator.svc Credentials Bun As account: Administrator New Test Connection
	Cancel < Previous

FIGURE 1-41 Orchestrator connector

- 5. On the Sync Folder page, select a Sync Folder, and click Next.
- 6. On the Web Console URL page, shown in Figure 1-42, specify the URL for the Orchestrator web console. The URL will be *http://computer.fqdn:82*.

3	Orchestrator connector wizard
U Web Console	URL
Before You Begin General	Provide an Orchestrator Web Console URL
Connection Sync folder	If you would like to enable hyperlinks to runbook information and job details, enter the URL of the Orchestrator Web Console server (e.g.: http://webconsole:82/)
Web Console URL Summary Completion	http://orchestrator:82
	Cancel < <u>P</u> revious Create

FIGURE 1-42 Web console URL

7. On the Summary page, review the settings, and click Create.

You will be able to verify that the process has worked by navigating to the Library workspace and clicking the Runbooks node. Any runbooks that you've created on the Orchestrator will be present in this node. Figure 1-43 shows this node with a runbook present.

0			Se	ervice Manager Console			_ 🗆 X
<u>File Language View Go T</u> ools T <u>a</u> sk	s .	<u>H</u> elp			_		
← → - 🛅 \ → Library → Libr	rary	 Runbooks 				• \$	P.▼
Library	<	Runbooks 1				;	> Tasks
▲ 🚍 Library		Filter			P Edit Criteria	• 6	0
Groups		Name	Des	Folder Path	Status	1	ailspinToys-Test ^
Knowledge		TailspinToys-Test		\Tailspin-Runbooks\TailspinToys-	Active		F Create Runbook Automation Activity Ter
Lists						- 7	K Delete
12 Queues	Ξ					E	Properties
A Service Catalog						6	Search for Knowledge Articles
A Request Offerings		TailspinToys-Test				~	View Runbook
All Request Offerings							tunbooks ^
Draft Request Offerings		Object					Refresh 🛛
Published Request Offerings		Display Name:					
Standalone Request Offerings	Ŧ	TailspinToys-Test				=	
Administration							
Library		System Center Or	chestra	ator Runbook Item			
Work Items		ld:			Name:		
		1243b45be6eb4b3	lea1e1a	096f4293920	TailspinToys-Test		
Comparation Items		Description:			Folder Path:	-	
	٠	4		1	•		
Connected to SERVICEMANAGER							1.

FIGURE 1-43 Synchronized runbooks

MORE INFO CREATING ORCHESTRATOR CONNECTOR

You can learn more about creating a connector between Service Manager and Orchestrator by consult the following article at *http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/hh519779. aspx.*

Using Orchestrator runbooks with Service Manager

Once information about runbooks is imported from Orchestrator into Service Manager by configuring the Orchestrator connector for Service Manager, you can trigger the runbooks from Service Manager by configuring runbook automation activity templates.

To create a runbook automation activity template, perform the following steps:

- 1. In the Library workspace of the Service Manager console, click Runbooks, and click the Orchestrator runbook for which you want to create an activity template.
- 2. On the Tasks pane, click Create Runbook Automation Activity Template.
- In the Create Template dialog box, specify a name for the template as shown in Figure 1-44, ensure the class Runbook Automation Activity is selected, and select a management pack to store the runbook in.

Create Template		-		x
Create Template				
Enter a name and description for the template				
Name:				
Tailspin Toys Runbook				
Description:				
Class:				
Runbook Automation Activity		Br	owse	
For example, to create an incident template, select the Incident cl	ass.			
Select an unsealed management pack where the template will be	saved.			
		1	Vew	
Last modified: 5/20/2014 4:33:02 AM	•		. <u>c</u>	
When I click OK, open the template form.				
	OK		Cance	el

FIGURE 1-44 Create template

4. When you click OK, the Runbook Activity Template will open. Provide a title for the template and ensure that the Is Ready For Automation option is selected, as shown in Figure 1-45.

5	Runbook Activity Template: Tailspin Toys Runbook		_ 🗆 X
	Status: Created On: 5/20/2014 4:35:46 Parent Work Item: Created By:	АМ	> Tasks
General Runbo Title: Tailspir	Runbook Configuration Items Scheduling Related Items History Ook Activity Is Ready For Automation n Toys Runbook	=	Runbook Automation A ^ ** Create Change Request ** Create Release Record Image: Print Image: Search for Knowledge Articles Image: View Associated Runbook Image: View Most Recent Job General Image: Refresh
Area:	d To: Designer:	•	

FIGURE 1-45 Runbook Activity Template

- 5. On the Runbook tab, there will be a list of parameters that are used for runbook input and output. You can edit mappings and specify default values to be used when Service Manager triggers the runbook.
- 6. Click OK to close and save the runbook automation activity template.

MORE INFO USING RUNBOOKS WITH SERVICE MANAGER

You can learn more about using Orchestrator runbooks with Service Manager at http:// technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/hh519695.aspx.

Self-service provisioning of virtual machines

When you enable self-service virtual machine provisioning, users are able to navigate to a specially configured portal and are able to use the portal to request virtual machines by filling out a form providing relevant details. The type of portal and the details required will depend on the self-service strategy that you choose. There are three basic strategies that you can pursue when providing self-service virtual machine provisioning to users when using Hyper-V and the System Center products. These are:

- Self-service with Virtual Machine Manager, and App Controller
- Self-service with Virtual Machine Manager, Service Manager, and Orchestrator
- Self-service with the Windows Azure pack

Self-service with VMM and App Controller

System Center App Controller provides users with self-service virtual machine deployment functionality for VMM 2012 SP1 and VMM 2012 R2. App Controller runs as a web application, shown in Figure 1-46. To perform self-service virtual machine deployment using App Controller, a user must be a member of a VMM self-service user role.



FIGURE 1-46 App Controller

MORE INFO SELF-SERVICE IN VMM

You can learn more about self-service in VMM by consulting the following article at http:// technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/gg610573.aspx.

To create a self-service user role in VMM, perform the following steps:

- 1. Click Create User Role on the ribbon when in the Settings workspace of the VMM console.
- **2.** On the Name And Description page of the Create User Role Wizard, provide a name for the role and an optional description.
- **3.** On the Profile page, click Application Administrator (Self-Service User), as shown in Figure 1-47.

B	Create User Role Wizard
Profile	
Name and description Profile Members Scope Networking	Select a user role profile for this user role The profile that you select determines the actions that will be available for members of this user role. © Eabric Administrator (Delegated Administrator) © Read-Only Administrator © Ienant Administrator © Application Administrator (Self-Service User)
Resources Permissions Summary	User role profile description: Self-service users create, deploy, and manage their own virtual machines and services by using the VMM console or a Web portal. A self-service user role specifies which tasks the users can perform on their virtual machines and services and can place quotas on computing resources and virtual machines.
	Previous Next Cancel

FIGURE 1-47 Create User Role

4. On the Members page of the Create User Role Wizard, click Add, and add an Active Directory security group that will host the user accounts of the people who you want to grant self-service privileges to.

5. On the Scope page, shown in Figure 1-48, select the private cloud into which selfservice users will be able to deploy VMs.

	Create User Role Wizard	x
Scope		
Name and description Profile Members Scope Quotas for the Networking Resources Permissions Summary	Scope The scope of the user role determines the objects on which the the member of the user role can perfor actions. Scope: Image: Cloud Image: Cloud Select this check box to allow members in this user role to receive and implement Performance and Resource Optimization (PRO) tips.	m
	<u>Previous</u> <u>N</u> ext Cancel	

FIGURE 1-48 Create User Role

6. On the Quotas page, specify the quotas for the self-service user role. You can configure role level quotas, which apply to all users of the role, or individual quotas, that apply to individual users. For example, Figure 1-49 shows member level quotas configured so that each role member can use a maximum of 2 virtual CPUs, 8192 MB of RAM, 50 GB of storage, and deploy a maximum of 2 virtual machines.

•	Cr	eate User Role V	Vizard			x	
Quotas for	the TailSpinTc	oys Cloud cl	loud				
Name and description	Quotas for the Tai	SpinToys Cloud	l cloud				
Profile	<u>R</u> ole level quotas: All members of this user role combined can use resources up to the specified limits.						
Members	Dimension	Available Capacity	Use Maximum	Assigned Quot	ta		
Scope	Virtual CPUs:	Unlimited	~	Unlimit	ted	*	
Quotas for the	Memory (MB):	Unlimited	\checkmark	Unlimit	ted	-	
Networking	Storage (GB):	Unlimited	\checkmark	Unlimit	ted		
Networking	Custom quota (points):	Unlimited	\checkmark	Unlimit	ted		
Resources	Virtual machines	Unlimited		Unlimit	tad	*	
Permissions	Member level quotas:						
Summany	Each member of this use	r role combined can	use resources u	o to the specifie	d limits.		
Summary	Dimension	Available Capacity	Use Maximum	Assigned Quot	ta		
	Virtual CPUs:	Unlimited		2	•		
	Memory (MB):	Unlimited		8192	\$		
	Storage (GB):	Unlimited		50	-		
	Custom quota (points):	Unlimited		10	\$		
	Virtual machines:	Unlimited		2	•		
			[<u>P</u> revious	Next	Cancelii	



- **7.** On the Networking page, select which networks, if any, to which you will restrict the self-service users. If you don't specify any networks, self-service users can use any configured VM network.
- 8. On the Resources page, select which resources, if any, to which you will restrict the selfservice users. If you don't specify any resources, self-service users can use any available VMM resources.

9. On the Permissions page, shown in Figure 1-50, configure the permissions that you want to assign to the users.

8	Crea	te User Role Wizard	
Permission	s		
Name and description	Select the permitted	actions for this user role	
Members	Global permis	Name	Description
Scope	lailSpinToys	Checkpoint Checkpoint (Restore only)	Create and manage virtual
Quotas for the			Create virtual machines and
Networking		Deploy (From template only)	Create virtual machines and
Resources		Pause and resume	Pause and resume virtual m
Permissions		Remote connection	Remotely connect to virtual
Run As accounts		Remove	Remove virtual machines an
Summary		Shut down	Shut down virtual machines
		✓ Start	Start virtual machines and s
		Stop	Stop virtual machines and se
		Select all Cle <u>a</u> r all	
		Previo	ous <u>N</u> ext Cancel

FIGURE 1-50 Permitted actions

10. On the Run As accounts page, select which VMM Run As Accounts that members of the user role can utilize.

Users assigned the appropriate permissions through the VMM role are able to sign in to the App Controller portal, connect to the private clouds hosted through VMM to which they have been assigned access, and deploy and manage virtual machines.

MORE INFO SYSTEM CENTER APP CONTROLLER

You can learn more about System Center App Controller by consulting the following article at *http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/hh546834.aspx*.

Self-service with VMM, Service Manager, and Orchestrator

By integrating VMM, Service Manager, and Orchestrator, you can configure self-service virtual machines as Service Manager request offerings. To be able to perform this action, you'll need to configure the VMM Connector for Service Manager, and the VMM Connector for Orchestrator. When the user requests the VM through the Self-Service Portal, an Orchestrator

runbook will start, which performs the necessary activities to trigger VMM tasks deploying the virtual machine.

Configuring the VMM connector for Service Manager will provide Service Manager with information about the VMM environment. To configure the VMM connector for Service Manager, perform the following steps:

- 1. In the Administration workspace of the Service Manager console, click Connectors.
- 2. In the Tasks pane, click Create Connector, and then click Virtual Machine Manager connector.
- **3.** On the General page of the Virtual Machine Manager Connector Wizard, type the connector name.
- 4. On the Connection page, shown in Figure 1-51, typeenter the FQDN of the VMM server, and specify a Run As account. This account needs to have permissions to access VMM. Click Test Connection to verify this account.

3	Virtual Machine Manager connector wizard
Before You Begin General Connection Summary Completion	Please provide the server name and credentials Server Information Server Name vmm.tailspintoys.internal Credentials Run As account: Administrator Image: Test Connection:
	Cancel < Previous Next > Create

FIGURE 1-51 VMM connector

5. On the Summary page, review the configuration information, and click Create.

To create Orchestrator runbooks that can use activities that perform tasks in VMM, you configure VMM integration for Orchestrator. To configure the VMM connector for Orchestrator, perform the following steps:

- 1. Ensure that the VMM integration pack is installed on the Orchestrator server.
- 2. Ensure that the VMM Administration console is installed on the Orchestrator server. It is possible to configure the connector without a local deployment of the VMM console, but this is a more complicated process than installing the console on the Orchestrator server.
- **3.** Ensure that the Windows PowerShell initiation policy on the Orchestrator server is set to Remote Signed.
- **4.** In the Options menu of the Orchestrator Runbook Designer, click SC 2012 Virtual Machine Manager.
- 5. On the SC 2012 Virtual Machine Manager dialog box, click Add.
- **6.** On the Add Configuration dialog box, specify the name of the connection. Next to type, click the ellipsis (...).
- 7. On the Item Selection page, click System Center Virtual Machine Manager.
- **8.** In the Properties section of the Add Configuration dialog box, shown in Figure 1-52, configure the following settings:
 - **VMM Administrator Console** Address of the server with the VMM console
 - VMM Server Address of the VMM server
 - User User account of user with permissions to the VMM server
 - **Domain** Domain that hosts the user account
 - Password Password associated with the account
 - Authentication Type (Remote Only) Needs to be configured if the VMM Administrator console is not installed on the Orchestrator server. You need to enable the authentication method for WinRM using Group Policy.
 - Port (Remote Only) Only required if the Orchestrator runbook server doesn't have an instance of the VMM Administrator console.
 - Use SSL (Remote Only) Only required if the Orchestrator runbook server doesn't have an instance of the VMM Administrator console.
 - **Cache Timeout** Amount of time in minutes before the session times out

Name:	Tailspin VMM			
[ype:	System Center Virtual Machine Manager			
Propertie	25			
VMM Administrator Console		localhost	^	
VMM Server		vmm.tailspintoys.internal		
User		administrator	_	
Domain		tailspintoys	-	
Password		******		
Authen	tication Type (Remote only)	Default		
Port (Re	emote only)	5985	~	

FIGURE 1-52 Connect VMM to Orchestrator

9. Click OK on the Add Configuration dialog box, and the SC 2012 Virtual Machine Manager dialog box.

As shown in Figure 1-53, the VMM integration pack contains 45 activities.

E SC 2012 Virtual Machine Manager Apply Pending Service Update and Get Service Configuration Scale Tier In Ē Provide Configure Service Deployment Scale Tier Out Create Checkpoint Get Tier Set Pending Service Update Shut Down VM 📲 Start VM 🔚 Create New Disk From VHD 🛛 🤣 Get User Role Quota Create Network Adapter Get VM Create User Role Get VM Stop Service Stop VM Create VM From Template Create VM From VHD Create VM from VHD Create VM from VM Suspend VM 👍 Update Disk Jupdate Network Adapter 🖑 Update User Role Property Get Checkpoint 🛞 Update User Role Quota Get Cloud Remove VM 🖉 Update VM Repair VM 🖆 Get Disk Resume VM 🚋 Get Network Adapter 🕸 Get Service Run VMM PowerShell Script

FIGURE 1-53 VMM activities for Orchestrator
These activities allow you to do the following:

- Apply Pending Service Update Apply a pending service update to a VMM service.
- Configure Service Deployment Configures a VMM service for deployment. Requires the service configuration name, service template name, and deployment target.
- Create Checkpoint Create a VM checkpoint. Requires the GUID of the VM.
- Create New Disk Creates a new virtual hard disk. Requires you specify IDE/SCSI, Dynamic or Fixed, File Name, Size, and VM GUID of VM to which the disk should be attached.
- Create New Disk From VHD Creates a new virtual hard disk from an existing virtual hard disk. Requires you specify IDE/SCSI, Dynamic or Fixed, file name of new disk, path to original disk, VM GUID of VM to which the disk should be attached.
- Create Network Adapter Creates a new network adapter and attaches it to a VM. Requires the VM GUID. You can also configure additional network adapter properties such as MAC Address, MAC Address Pool, Network Tag, Virtual Network ID, VLAN ID, and Logical Network.
- **Create User Role** Creates a VMM user role. Requires that you specify a role name and the VMM user role profile that the role will use.
- Create VM From Template Allows you to create a VM from an existing VMM template. Requires the Type Of VM, Destination, Path, Source Template Name, Cloud Capability Profile, and VM Name.
- Create VM From VHD Use this activity to create a VM from an existing virtual hard disk. Requires you to specify IDE or SCI, name of destination VHD, path, location of VHD from which you will be creating the VM, the name of the VM host, and the VM name.
- Create VM From VM Use this activity to create a new VM from an existing VM. Requires that you specify the type of VM to create, destination, VM path, the VM GUID of the source VM, and the name to apply to the newly created VM.
- **Deploy Service** Use this activity to create a VMM service using a VMM service template. Requires that you specify the new service's name, and the VMM template name.
- **Get Checkpoint** Use this activity to retrieve VM checkpoint information.
- Get Cloud Get information to view information about clouds on the VMM management server.
- Get Network Adapter View information about VMM virtual network adapters.
- Get Service Use this activity to return data on all services on the VMM management server.
- **Get Service Configuration** You use this activity to generate information about service configurations on the VMM management server.
- Get Service Template This activity allows you to generate a list of all VMM service templates.

- Get Tier Provides information about all VMM tiers.
- Get User Role Use this activity to extract information about VMM user roles.
- Get User Role Quota Use this activity to return information about all user role quotas on VMM management server.
- Get VM This activity provides information on a specific VM.
- **Get VM Host** Use this activity to extract information about a virtualization host.
- Get VM Network This activity allows you to extract information about a VMM VM network.
- Get VM Subnet Use this activity to provide Orchestrator with information about a VMM VM subnet.
- Manage Checkpoint You can use this activity in an Orchestrator runbook to revert a VMM VM to a specific checkpoint, or to remove checkpoints that are no longer required.
- **Move VM** This activity allows you to move a VM to a new location.
- **Remove User Role** This activity deletes a user role from VMM.
- **Remove VM** Use this activity to delete a VM. This activity can only target a VM that is in a shutdown state.
- **Repair VM** Use this activity to issue a retry, undo, or dismiss action on a VMM VM.
- Resume VM This activity allows Orchestrator to resume a VM that is in a paused state.
- **Run VMM PowerShell Script** Use this activity to trigger a PowerShell script.
- **Scale Tier In** This activity allows Orchestrator to remove a virtual machine instance from a specific service tier.
- Scale Tier Out This activity allows Orchestrator to add a virtual machine instance to a specific service tier.
- Set Pending Service Update Use this activity to set a specific VMM service template as the pending service update.
- Shut Down VM This activity allows Orchestrator to shut down a stopped VM, taking the VM offline.
- **Start VM** Use this activity in an Orchestrator runbook to start a VM that has been paused, shut down, or stopped.
- **Stop Service** This activity will stop a VMM service.
- **Stop VM** Use this activity in an Orchestrator runbook to place a VM into a stopped state.
- **Suspend VM** This activity will place a VM into a suspended state.
- **Update Disk** This activity allows an Orchestrator runbook to change the properties of an existing disk.

- **Update Network Adapter** Use this activity to update the properties of an existing network adapter.
- **Update User Role Property** Updates the properties of a VMM user role.
- **Update User Role Quota** Updates the quota for a user role.
- **Update VM** Use this activity in an Orchestrator runbook to update a VM.

MORE INFO VMM INTEGRATION PACK

Learn more about the VMM integration pack for Orchestrator by consulting the following article at: http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/hh830704.aspx.

To configure self-service deployment using VMM, Service Manager, and Orchestrator, you need to perform the following general steps:

- Create an Orchestrator runbook that takes inputs to create a VM. At a minimum this would involve the Create VM From Template Orchestrator Runbook activity, but more complex runbooks might extract more information about the VM, the template, and the Private Cloud to which the VM is deployed. You use the Initialize Data activity to collect parameters to be used with the runbook.
- 2. In Service Manager, create a runbook automation activity template, ensuring that the template is configured as Ready For Automation. Configure the runbook automation activity template to collect the parameters that will be used with the Orchestrator runbook. For example, this might be the VM template name and the private cloud name.
- 3. In Service Manager, create a service request template. In the template's Activities tab, link the runbook automation activity that you configured, which leverages the Orchestrator runbook that deploys the VM.
- Create a Request Offering and use it to collect the parameters from the person using the request offering that will be passed to the Orchestrator runbook to perform VM deployment.
- 5. Create and publish a Service Offering that links the request offering. This will update the Self-Service Portal. When complete, a user will use the portal to enter the parameters needed by the Orchestrator runbook to leverage VMM to deploy the requested VM.

MORE INFO AUTOMATING SELF-SERVICE VMM DEPLOYMENT

Learn more about automating VMM deployment with Service Manager by consulting the following article at *http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/magazine/jj933281.aspx*.

Self-service with Windows Azure Pack for Windows Server

An additional method to provide self-service virtual machine deployment to users in an organization is to deploy the Windows Azure Pack for Windows Server. Windows Azure Pack for Windows Server runs on top of Windows Server 2012 R2 and System Center 2012 R2, and provides a self-service multi-tenant cloud that uses the same interface as Microsoft's public cloud. Although not explicitly addressed by the 70-246 objectives, the Windows Azure Pack for Windows Server provides a pre-built alternative for organizations that want to provide on premises self-service virtual machine deployment.

MORE INFO WINDOWS AZURE PACK FOR WINDOWS SERVER

You can learn more about the Windows Azure Pack for Windows Server by consulting the following article at *http://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/dn296435.aspx*.



EXAM TIP

While Virtual Machine Manager 2012 RTM had a Self-Service Portal, this functionality was removed in Virtual Machine Manager 2012 SP1 and Virtual Machine Manager 2012 R2 in favor of App Controller.

Thought experiment

Self-service Virtual Machine deployment at WingTipToys

You want to trial self-service virtual machine deployment as a way of providing people at WingTipToys with the necessary IT infrastructure to complete their projects. You have the following goals:

- You want to provide users with the ability to deploy virtual machines. These users will be members of the Self-Service_VM security group in Active Directory.
- Users should be only able to deploy a maximum of 2 virtual machines.

With this information in mind, answer the following questions:

- **1.** Which System Center products can you deploy to support virtual machine selfservice deployment?
- 2. What should you configure in VMM to allow members of the Self-Service_VM security group to deploy and manage VMs using System Center App Controller?
- 3. What steps would you take to ensure that users are only able to deploy a maximum of 2 virtual machines?

Objective summary

- Custom workflows allow you to further automate Service Manager processes. You create custom workflows with the Service Manager Authoring Tool.
- The Service Manager 2012 R2 Self-Service Portal is a SharePoint 2010 website that customers can use to submit requests for service offerings and request offerings using their web browser.
- The service catalog is a collection of Service Manager items, assistance, actions, or groupings of items, assistance, or actions.
- Request offerings are items or actions that you can make available to users through the service catalog.
- Service offerings are collections of request offerings.
- You use catalog item groups to restrict access to service manager catalog items.
- You can configure a connector between Service Manager and Orchestrator, which allows Service Manager to make reference to and utilize Orchestrator runbooks.
- You can trigger the runbooks from Service Manager by configuring runbook automation activity templates.
- System Center App Controller provides users with self-service virtual machine deployment functionality for VMM 2012 SP1 and VMM 2012 R2.
- By integrating VMM, Service Manager, and Orchestrator, you can configure self-service virtual machines as Service Manager request offerings.

Objective review

Answer the following questions to test your knowledge of the information in this objective. You can find the answers to these questions and explanations of why each answer choice is correct or incorrect in the "Answers" section at the end of this chapter.

- **1.** Which of the following Service Manager items do you use to collect together request offerings for publication on the Service Manager Self-Service Portal?
 - A. Catalog item groups
 - B. Incident templates
 - c. Change Management workflows
 - D. Service offerings
- 2. Which of the following server and software configurations support hosting the System Center 2012 R2 Service Manager Self-Service Portal?
 - A. Windows Server 2012 R2
 - B. Windows Server 2008 R2
 - c. SharePoint Server 2010
 - D. SharePoint Server 2013

- 3. You want to use an Orchestrator runbook as part of a Service Manager Change Management workflow. You have configured the Orchestrator connector for Service Manager. Which of the following must you also create to use the runbook with the workflow?
 - A. Manual activity
 - B. Review activity
 - c. Runbook automation activity
 - D. Sequential activity
- **4.** Which of the following tools do you use to create a custom workflow for Service Manager?
 - A. Service Manager Authoring Tool
 - B. Orchestrator Runbook Designer
 - c. Service Manager console
 - **D.** Operations Manager console
- **5.** Which of the following steps must you take prior to configuring a connection between Orchestrator server and a Virtual Machine Manager server?
 - **A.** Install the VMM Management Console on the Orchestrator server.
 - **B.** Install the Service Manager Authoring Tool on the Orchestrator server.
 - c. Install the VMM integration pack on the Orchestrator server
 - D. Install the Service Manager console on the Orchestrator server.

Answers

This section contains the solutions to the thought experiments and answers to the lesson review questions in this chapter.

Objective 1.1: Thought experiment

- 1. This solution can be configured using Operations Manager and Service Manager. Orchestrator is not required, though could also be used if more complicated automation is necessary.
- **2.** To configure this solution, you only need to configure the Operations Manager connector for Orchestrator.
- **3.** You need to configure a change management workflow to automatically close completed change requests.

Objective 1.1: Review

- 1. Correct answers: B and C
 - **A. Incorrect:** You don't need to configure a connection from the Operations Manager server to the Orchestrator server with this proposed solution.
 - **B. Correct**: You need to configure the connector from Orchestrator to Operations Manager so that you can then use the activities in the Operations Manager integration pack.
 - **c. Correct:** You also need to configure a connection from the Orchestrator server to the Service Manager server so that you can have the Orchestrator workflow create incidents triggered by Operations Manager alerts.
 - D. Incorrect: The solution mentions using an Orchestrator runbook. While it is possible to have incidents created using the Operations Manager connector for Service Manager, Orchestrator runbooks allow you to configure more complex automation.
- 2. Correct answers: A and C
 - **A. Correct**: In this scenario, you should configure the Operations Manager connector for Service Manager as a way of extracting alert information.
 - **B. Incorrect**: It is not necessary to deploy the Operations Manager agent on the Service Manager server to accomplish this goal.
 - **c. Correct**: You need to create specific incident template and then configure an alert routing rule that leverages this template.
 - **D. Incorrect**: According to the question text, Orchestrator has not been deployed in this environment.

3. Correct answer: A

- **A. Correct:** By configuring a change request workflow, you can configure certain users to be notified when change requests that meet specific criteria are entered into Service Manager.
- **B. Incorrect**: You would configure a change request, rather than an incident event workflow.
- **C. Incorrect**: You would configure a change request, rather than an activity event workflow.
- **D. Incorrect**: You would configure a change request, rather than a desired configuration management event workflow.

4. Correct answer: A

- **A. Correct**: You should select the change request class when creating a change request template.
- **B. Incorrect**: You should select the change request class when creating a change request template.
- **C. Incorrect**: You should select the change request class when creating a change request template.
- **D. Incorrect**: You should select the change request class when creating a change request template.

5. Correct answer: B

- A. Incorrect: This activity allows you to create alerts.
- **B. Correct:** The Get Alert activity allows you to extract data from Operations Manager alerts.
- **C. Incorrect**: Use this activity to watch for specific alerts, rather than to extract information from those alerts.
- **D. Incorrect**: Use this activity to update an alert.

Objective 1.2: Thought experiment

- **1.** You can use System Center App Controller and Virtual Machine Manager, or a combination of Service Manager, Orchestrator, and Virtual Machine Manager.
- You need to configure a VMM user role that uses the Application Administrator role profile and configure it to have the Self-Service_VM security group define its membership.
- **3.** You'll need to configure a self-service user role with a quota limiting each user to a maximum of 2 virtual machines.

Objective 1.2: Review

- 1. Correct answer: D
 - **A. Incorrect**: You use catalog item groups to collect together catalog items so that you can make them available to members of a specific user role.
 - **B.** Incorrect: An incident template forms the basis of an incident in Service Manager.
 - **C. Incorrect**: You use change management workflows to automate change management processes.
 - **D. Correct**: You use service offerings to collect together request offerings for publication on the Service Manager Self-Service Portal.
- 2. Correct answers: B and C
 - A. Incorrect: The System Center 2012 R2 Service Manager Self-Service Portal can only be hosted on SharePoint 2010, which can be deployed on Windows Server 2008 R2.
 - B. Correct: The System Center 2012 R2 Service Manager Self-Service Portal can only be hosted on SharePoint 2010, which can be deployed on Windows Server 2008 R2.
 - **c. Correct:** The System Center 2012 R2 Service Manager Self-Service Portal can only be hosted on SharePoint 2010.
 - **D. Incorrect**: The System Center 2012 R2 Service Manager Self-Service Portal can only be hosted on SharePoint 2010.
- 3. Correct answer: C
 - **A. Incorrect**: You need to create a runbook automation activity to use the runbook with the workflow.
 - **B. Incorrect**: You need to create a runbook automation activity to use the runbook with the workflow.
 - **c. Correct**: You need to create a runbook automation activity to use the runbook with the workflow.
 - **D. Incorrect**: You need to create a runbook automation activity to use the runbook with the workflow.
- 4. Correct answer: A
 - A. Correct: You use the Service Manager Authoring Tool to create custom workflows for Service Manager.
 - **B. Incorrect**: You use the Service Manager Authoring Tool to create custom workflows for Service Manager.
 - **C. Incorrect**: You use the Service Manager Authoring Tool to create custom workflows for Service Manager.
 - **D. Incorrect**: You use the Service Manager Authoring Tool to create custom workflows for Service Manager.

- 5. Correct answers: A and C
 - **A. Correct**: You need to deploy the VMM Management Console on the Orchestrator server and install the VMM integration pack on the Orchestrator server prior to configuring a connection between the Orchestrator server and a VMM server.
 - **B. Incorrect**: You need to deploy the VMM Management Console on the Orchestrator server and install the VMM integration pack on the Orchestrator server prior to configuring a connection between the Orchestrator server and a VMM server.
 - **c. Correct**: You need to deploy the VMM Management Console on the Orchestrator server and install the VMM integration pack on the Orchestrator server prior to configuring a connection between the Orchestrator server and a VMM server.
 - **D. Incorrect**: You need to deploy the VMM Management Console on the Orchestrator server and install the VMM integration pack on the Orchestrator server prior to configuring a connection between the Orchestrator server and a VMM server.

Index

Α

AcceptEndUserLicenseAgreement=1 option 85 account credentials 71, 77-80 Account Type page of Create UNIX/Linux Run As Account Wizard 76 ACS (Audit Collection Services) 220-225 ACS collectors 222 ACS database 223 ACS forwarders 220-222 ACTIONSDOMAIN=DomainName option 84 ACTIONSPASSWORD=Password option 84 ACTIONS_USE_COMPUTER_ACCOUNT={0|1} option 84 ACTIONSUSER=UserName option 84 Active Alerts node 180-182 activities, creating runbooks with 4 Activities tab of New Incident dialog box 8 activity management workflows, configuring 19, 25-27 Add Alert Resolution State dialog box 186 Add Alert Routing Rule dialog box 10 Add A Run As Account dialog box 191 Add Class dialog box 158 Add Computer Group dialog box 328 Add Configuration dialog box 54 Add Configuration Items dialog box 318 Add Disks To Storage Pool dialog box 367 Add Groups Or Objects dialog box 167 Add Monitoring Wizard Application Performance Monitoring 134–138 OLE DB data source template 120-122 web application availability 125-128 Add Object dialog box 158 Add Operations Manager Wizard 230 addresses for notification subscribers 196–198 Add Rule dialog box 333 AD DS (Active Directory Domain Services) automatic agent assignment 85-89 deploying Operations Manager agents 69-71 manual agent installation 81-84

Add Service Levels dialog box 154 Add SMTP Server dialog box 193 Add Updates To Baseline dialog box 354 Add Windows Server Update Services Server dialog box 350 Administration workspace of Service Manager console 248-250 Administrator Account page of Computer And Device Management Wizard 70 Advanced Delivery dialog box 275 Advanced Settings page of Add Monitoring Wizard 136 Advisor web service 322 Agent Assignment And Failover Wizard 87–90 Agent Failover page of Agent Assignment And Failover Wizard 90 Agentless vs. Agent management 71 Agent Managed node of Operations Manager console 74 Agent Management Task Status dialog box 73 Agent Properties dialog box 217 agents, DPM (Data Protection Manager), deploying 364-366 agents, Operations Manager authorizing 91 deploying 68-89 including in deployment image 69, 85 location of files 82 management packs and 102 synthetic transactions and 118-127 alert connectors for Service Manager 9-13 Alert Logging Latency reports 156 Alert Properties dialog box 182–184 Alert Resolution States dialog box 186-188 alert routing rules 10-13 alerts Application Advisor 236-239 automatic resolution of 187

closing 184-187 configuring notifications 189-202 email notification channels 193-195 generated by System Center Advisor 321 Health Explorer 213, 218 heartbeat alerts 214-218 Java applications 238 managing 180-189 .NET applications 235-238 notification action accounts 189-191 notification subscribers 195-198 notification subscriptions 199-203 resolution states for 185-187 rules vs. monitors 181 subscribing to notifications 203 suppression of 181 Alerts reports 156 Alert widget 165 APM (Application Performance Monitoring) 133–138 App Controller, self-service with VMM and 48–52 Application Advisor 236-239 application configuration items 313 Application Diagnostics console 235 application health, monitoring 235-239 Application Performance Monitoring (APM) 133–138 application profiles, creating 295-297 application SLOs (service level objectives) 146-149 Apply Pending Service Update activity 56 Apply Template dialog box 269 Apply Template page of Configure Workflows For Objects Of Class Change Request dialog box 24 approval rules, automatic 333-335 "approvals only" WSUS server, configuring 328 Approve Updates dialog box 332 approving WSUS updates 331-334 ASP.NET applications, monitoring with APM (Application Performance Monitoring) 133 Assets And Compliance workspace of Configuration Manager 314 Assignment Scope page of Update Baseline Wizard 353-356 Audit Collection Services (ACS) 220-225 Audit Collection Services Collector Setup Wizard 223 authorizing Operations Manager agents 91 Auto-Approve New Manually Installed Agents option 92 automatic alert resolution 187 automatic approval rules 333-335 Automatic Approvals dialog box 333

automatic assignment of Operations Manager agent 69, 85–89 authorizing agents 91 automating incident remediation 6–18 automating runbooks 2–7, 46–48 Auto Or Advanced page of Computer And Device Management Wizard 70 Auto-Resolve Alert parameter 181 Availability - Operations Manager - Report dialog box 157 Availability reports 156–161 Availability Tracker hyperlink 160 Azure Online Backup, integrating with DPM 376–383

В

backup snapshots 374 Backup Vault page of the Register Server Wizard 379 backup vaults 377 bandwidth throttling settings, specifying 379 baselines, configuration 313, 317–319 baselines, update 353–357 browsing registry tree 315

С

calendar items in Service Manager, creating 249 catalog item groups 41-43 certificates, creating with makecert.exe utility 377-379 change management workflows, configuring 19, 22-24 Change Request Template form 20 change request templates, creating 19-22 Choose Watcher Nodes page of Add Monitoring Wizard 119 choosing languages for downloading updates 326 choosing products for updating 326 choosing update classifications to synchronize 327 CI (configuration item) connector for Service Manager 9-13 classification of updates to synchronize, choosing 327 Classifications page of the Create Site System Server Wizard 340 Client-Side Configuration page of Add Monitoring Wizard 137 client-side monitoring using APM (Application Performance Monitoring) 133 cloud-based service, System Center Advisor 321-323 Cloud Capability Profiles, using with hardware profiles 288

Cloud Health dashboard 227 cloud resources, managing 287-306 Collection Rule SLOs (service level objectives) 148 collections, Configuration Manager 341-345 Column Layout template for dashboards 164 Completion Time predefined metric 250 compliance programs, exception types for 312 Compliance Properties dialog box 357 compliance rules, editing 315-317 compliance settings, understanding 313-322 compliance status of computers 356-358 Compliant status of updates 356 compliant vs. non-compliant computers 353 component groups and distributed applications 139-143 Computer And Device Management Wizard 69-73, 80, 93-97 Computer Detailed Status report 335 computer groups, creating, in WSUS 328 Computer Status Summary report 335 Computer Tabular Status For Approved Updates report 335 Computer Tabular Status report 335 configuration baselines 313, 317-319 Configuration Changes reports 156 configuration item (CI) connector for Service Manager 9–13 configuration items 313-317 remediation of 320 Configuration Manager Assets And Compliance workspace 314 collections 341-345 integrating WSUS with 336-348 site server, used by System Center Process Pack for IT GRC 312 software update groups, deploying to 341-345 software update points, deploying 336-341 software updates, deploying to clients 345-348 Configure Hardware page for virtual machines 300 Configure Operating System page for virtual machines 301 Configure Prompts page of Create Request Offering Wizard 37 Configure Service Deployment activity 56 Configure Workflows dialog box 23, 26 Configure Workflows For Objects Of Class Change Request dialog box 23 Connection configuration dialog box 14

connection health of device, monitoring 99 Connection page of Orchestrator Connector Wizard 44 Connection page of Virtual Machine Manager Connector Wizard 53 Connections tab of SC 2012 Operations Manager dialog box 13 Connection String page of Add Monitoring Wizard 121 connector between Service Manager and Orchestrator, configuring 43 Consistency Check Options page of the Create New Protection Group Wizard 373 control activities 312 control activity scope exceptions 313 control objectives 312 Create A Distributed Application dialog box 141 Create Alert, Operations Manager activity 15 Create A Queue Wizard 254 Create Catalog Items Group Wizard 41-43 Create Change With Template, Service Manager activity 17 Create Checkpoint activity 56 Create Configuration Baseline dialog box 317 Create Configuration Item Wizard 314-317 Create/Edit Calendar dialog box 249 Create/Edit Metric dialog box 251-254 Create E-Mail Notification Subscription Wizard 259-261 Create Exemption dialog box 358 Create Group Wizard 150–152 Create Incident With Template, Service Manager activity 18 Create Network Adapter activity 56 Create New Component Group dialog box 142 Create New Disk activity 56 Create New Disk From VHD activity 56 Create New Protection Group Wizard 368-372 Create Object, Service Manager activity 17 Create Recovery Point activity 384 Create Recovery Point dialog box 382 Create Related Object, Service Manager activity 18 Create Relationship, Service Manager activity 18 Create Request Offering Wizard 35-39 Create Run As Account Wizard 189 Create Service Level Objective Wizard 256-258 Create Service Offering Wizard 39 Create Service Template item 303 Create Setting dialog box 315 Create Site System Server Wizard 337–342 Create Software Update Group dialog box 342

Create Template dialog box 20, 46, 278 Create UNIX/Linux Run As Account Wizard 76-78 Create User Role activity 56 Create User Role Wizard 49-52 Create VM From Template activity 56 Create VM From VHD activity 56 Create VM From VM activity 56 Create VM Template Wizard 299-302 Create Workflow Wizard 31 credentials, account 71, 77-80 integrating Operations Manager and VMM (Virtual Machine Manager) 230 Criteria page of New Dashboard and Widget Wizard 171 Custom Configuration reports 156 Custom Event reports 156 custom workflows, creating 30-32

D

dashboards 164-171 for Global Service Monitor 132 for monitoring network devices 101, 204 for monitoring virtualization layer 226-228, 231 widgets for 165-169 datacenter process automation, configuring 1-66 Data Protection Manager (DPM) 363-382 agents, deploying 364-367 Microsoft Azure Online Backup, integrating with 376-383 Orchestrator runbooks, creating 383 protection groups 368-374, 381-383 recovering data 374 storage pools 366 data recovery, using DPM (Data Protection Manager) 374 Default Incident Template 7 Delete Relationship, Service Manager activity 18 Delivery Settings page of Subscribe To A Report Wizard 161 dependencies of management packs 103, 108 Deploy Configuration Baselines dialog box 319 Deployment Package page of the Deploy Software Updates Wizard 348 Deployment Package page of the Download Software Updates Wizard 342 Deployment Settings page of the Deploy Software Updates Wizard 347 Deploy Service activity 56

Deploy Software Updates Wizard 346–349 Desired Configuration Management. See compliance settinas Desired State Configuration (DSC) 321 Detailed Dashboard for Global Service Monitor 132 Detailed Information page of Create Service Offering Wizard 40 Details widget 165 Devices page of Computer And Device Management Wizard 96 diagram view of virtualization fabric 233 discovering network devices 93-99 Discovery Criteria dialog box 80 Discovery Methods page of Computer And Device Management Wizard 95 Discovery Results page of Computer And Device Management Wizard 71 Discovery Type page of Computer And Device Management Wizard 93 Discovery Wizard 68 creating network discovery rules 93 deploying UNIX/Linux agents using 75-80 deploying Windows agents using 69-74 Distributed Application Designer 139–144 distributed application models, creating 138-143 Distribution Settings page of the Download Software Updates WIzard 343 Domain page of Agent Assignment And Failover Wizard 88 domain/workgroup settings for guest OS profiles, specifying 294 Download Location page of the Download Software Updates Wizard 344 Download Management Packs dialog box 106 Download Settings page of the Deploy Software Updates Wizard 347 Download Software Updates Wizard 342–345 DPM (Data Protection Manager) 363-382 agents, deploying 364-367 Microsoft Azure Online Backup, integrating with 376-383 Orchestrator runbooks, creating 383 protection groups 368-374, 381-383 recovering data 374 storage pools 366 dpmra.exe (protection agent) 364 DSC (Desired State Configuration) 321 Dynamic Access Control and Audit Collection Services (ACS) 224

Dynamic Members page of Create Catalog Items Group Wizard 42

E

elevating account privileges 75-77 email incidents, configuring 274-277 email incident templates 278 email notification channels 193-195 F-Mail Notification Channel Wizard 193–195 Enable Audit Collection task 220–222 Enable Client-Side Monitoring page of Add Monitoring Wizard 138 Enable client-Side Targeting policy 330 Encryption Setting page of the Register Server Wizard 380 End Date, choosing, when creating metrics 250-252 end-to-end monitoring configuring 110-144 creating reports and dashboards 145-169 deploying 67-105 Enter URLs To Be Monitored page of Add Monitoring Wizard 126 Error status of updates 356 Escalate Or Transfer dialog box 273 escalating SLO incidents 262 Event Analysis reports 156 event log information, using Audit Collection Services (ACS) with 220-225 exception types for compliance programs 312 Exchange Server and email incidents 274–277 Excluded Members page of Create Catalog Items Group Wizard 42 Exclusion Criteria page of Agent Assignment And Failover Wizard 89 exempting computers from updates 357 Explicit Discovery method 95 exporting management packs 118 Export-SCOMManagementPack Windows PowerShell cmdlet 118

F

Fabric Health Dashboard 231 Fabric Monitoring Diagram view 233 Fabric workspace of VMM console 350, 352, 356 Failed To Connect To Computer alert 214 favorite reports, creating scheduled reports from 161–163 firmware setting for virtual machine hardware profiles 291

G

General page of Create Catalog Items Group Wizard 41 General Properties page of Computer And Device Management Wizard 94 Generation 1 virtual machines, creating hardware profiles for 287-290 Generic Incident Request Catalog Items Group 41 Generic Incident Request Template 7 Generic Report Library 155 Get Activity, Service Manager activity 18 Get Alert, Operations Manager activity 15 Get Checkpoint activity 56 Get Cloud activity 56 Get Data Source activity 384 Get DPM Server Capacity activity 384 Get Monitor, Operations Manager activity 15 Get Network Adapter activity 56 Get Object, Service Manager activity 18 Get Recovery Point activity 384 Get Relationship, Service Manager activity 18 Get-SCOMManagementGroup Windows PowerShell cmdlet 86 Get Service activity 56 Get Service Configuration activity 56 Get Service Template activity 56 Get Tier activity 57 Get User Role activity 57 Get User Role Quota activity 57 Get VM activity 57 Get VM Host activity 57 Get VM Network activity 57 Get VM Subnet activity 57 Global Agent Settings dialog box 215 Global Management Group Settings - Alerts dialog box 188 Global Management Server Settings - Heartbeat dialog box 216 Global Management Server Settings - Security dialog box 92 Global Operators Group 41 Global Service Monitor 131–133 governance, risk management, and compliance (GRC) 312

GRC (governance, risk management, and compliance) 312 green (healthy) health state 180 Grid Layout template for dashboards 164 Group Policy settings, configuring computers using 329–331 group SLOs (service level objectives) 150–152 guest operating system profiles, creating 291–295

Η

Hardware Issue Incident Template 7 hardware profiles for virtual machines, creating 287-291 Health Explorer 218 checking, before closing alerts 185 Health Explorer for Global Service Monitor 133 Health reports 156 Health Service Heartbeat Failure alert 214–217 health state of monitored items 180 gray agents 209-211 Java applications 238 .NET applications 235-238 virtualization layer 227-233 heartbeat alerts 214-218 High Priority Incident Template 7 History tab of New Incident dialog box 9 host groups, assigning update baselines to 354-357 HSRP group health of device, monitoring 99 Hyper-V cluster nodes, applying updates to 360

importing management packs 104–106 Import Management Packs dialog box 106 incident and service request lifecycle 248 Incident form, configuring settings for 270 Incident KPI Trend report 262 Incident Management node of Work Items workspace 257 Incident Resolution report 263 incidents automating remediation of 6-18 configuring resolution time of 267 creating, using email requests 274-277 email incident templates, creating 278 linking to problems 281-283 manually creating 269-274 metrics for, creating 251

prefix, modifying 268 priority calculation of 266 resolving 282 sending notification of 258-261 templates for 7-9 using with Self-Service Portal 33 Incident Settings dialog box 266-269, 276 Incident Template form 278 Included Members page of Create Catalog Items Group Wizard 41 Inclusion Criteria page of Agent Assignment And Failover Wizard 88 Instance Details widget 165 integration packs **Operations Manager 13–15** Orchestrator 2-5 Service Manager 17 VMM 54-58 IT Compliance Management Libraries 312 IT GRC policy exceptions 313 IT GRC Process Pack, implementing through System Center suite 312 IT GRC program exceptions 313

J

Java Application Performance Monitoring (APM) 238

Κ

Knowledge Article dialog box 284 knowledge articles, creating 283 Knowledge Articles page of Create Request Offering Wizard 37

L

languages, choosing, for downloading updates 326 Layout page of New Dashboard and Widget Wizard 166 library management packs 103, 108 lifecycle of incidents and service requests 248 lifecycle of management packs 111–113 Line of Business Web Application template 140 linking incidents to problems 281–283 Linux or UNIX computers, deploying agents to, using Discovery Wizard 75–80 Linux or UNIX log file synthetic transactions 124 Linux or UNIX Process synthetic transactions 125

Μ

Maintenance Mode Settings dialog box 212 maintenance mode, using 211-213 maintenance windows, configuring 345 makecert.exe utility 377 Manage Checkpoint activity 57 management certificates, uploading to Microsoft Azure 377-379 Management Group Configuration page 82 MANAGEMENT GROUP=MGname option 84 management packs, Operations Manager 102-104 dependencies of 103, 108 elements of 102 exporting 118 for Java APM (Application Performance Monitoring) 239 importing 104-106 lifecycle of 111-113 monitoring health and performance of virtualization layer 229-231 overrides configuring for monitors 114-116 configuring for rules 112-114 removing 107 sealed vs. unsealed 103 synthetic transactions, configuring 118-131 templates for 118-130 tuning 111, 116 MANAGEMENT SERVER AD NAME = MSname option 84 MANAGEMENT_SERVER_DNS=MSname option 84 Management Server Properties dialog box 87 manual deployment of Operations Manager agents 69, 81-84 authorizing agents 91 on UNIX/Linux computers 75 manually approving WSUS updates 331 manually creating incidents 269-274 manually synchronizing software update points 341 Map Prompts page of Create Request Offering Wizard 37 Members page of Create User Role Wizard 49 memory setting for virtual machine hardware profiles 289 memory utilization of device, monitoring 100 Messaging distributed application template 140 metrics in Service Manager, creating 250-253

Microsoft Azure Online Backup, integrating with DPM 376-383 Microsoft Monitoring Agent Setup 83 Microsoft System Center APM Web IIS 8 management pack 133 Microsoft System Center Marketplace 105 Microsoft Update, WSUS server synchronizing with 325 Microsoft.Windows.Client.NetworkDiscovery management pack 100 Microsoft Windows Server 2012 IIS 8 management pack 133 Microsoft.Windows.Server.NetworkDiscovery management pack 100 MOF (Managed Object Format) files, created by DSC (Desired State Configuration) 321 MOMADADMIN.exe command 86 MOMAgent.msi Setup Wizard 82-84 Monitor Alert, Operations Manager activity 15 Monitoring Run As Account 75 Monitoring Type page of Add Monitoring Wizard 120, 125, 134 Monitor Object, Service Manager activity 18 Monitors node of Authoring workspace of Operations Manager console 114 Monitor State, Operations Manager activity 15 Monitor State SLOs (service level objectives) 148, 152 Most Common Alerts reports 156 Most Common Events reports 156 Move VM activity 57 msdpm.exe (DPM service) 364 Msiexec.exe command 84

Ν

.NET 3-Tier Application template 140
.NET Application Performance Monitoring Template 133–138
.NET applications, monitoring 235–238
network adapter setting for virtual machine hardware profiles 290
network devices
analyzing 204–206
discovering 93–99
monitoring 99–101, 179–202
Networking Issue Incident Template 7
Networking page of Create User Role Wizard 51
Network Interface Dashboard 101
Network Interface Dashboard view 205 Network Monitoring node 100, 204 Network Node Dashboard 101 Network Node Dashboard view 205 Network Summary Dashboard 101 Network Summary Dashboard view 205 Network Vicinity Dashboard 101 Network Vicinity Dashboard view 206 New Application Profile dialog box 295-297 New Dashboard and Widget WIzard 164-169 New Guest OS Profile dialog box 292-295 New Hardware Profile dialog box 287-291 New Incident dialog box 8 New Service Template dialog box 303 New SQL Server Profile dialog box 297 Non Compliant status of updates 356, 359 non-compliant vs. compliant computers 353 Notification Account Run As Profile 189–192 notification action accounts 189-191 notification of incidents, sending 258-261 notification subscribers 195-198 Notification Subscriber Wizard 195–198 notification subscriptions 199–203 Notification Subscription Wizard 201-205 not monitored status 209-211

0

Objects By Performance widget 165 Object Search dialog box, configuring APM (Application Performance Monitoring) 135 Object Selection dialog box 150 Object To Track page of Service Level Tracking Wizard 146 offline VMM virtual machines, updating 360 OLAs (operating level agreements), monitoring performance of 146-151 OLE DB Data Source Wizard 120–122 online protection options 381-383 operating level agreements (OLAs), monitoring performance of 146-151 operating system compatibility for application profiles, selecting 296 operating system configuration items 313 operating system for guest OS profiles, specifying 292 **Operations Manager** agents authorizing 91 deploying 67-88 including in deployment image 69, 85

location of files 82 management packs and 102 synthetic transactions and 118-127 alert connector for Service Manager 9-13 alerts Application Advisor 236–239 automatic resolution of 187 closing 184–187 configuring notifications 189–202 email notification channels 193-195 Health Explorer 185, 218 heartbeat alerts 214-218 Java applications 238 managing 180-189 .NET applications 235-238 notification action accounts 189-191 notification subscribers 195-198 notification subscriptions 199-203 resolution states for 185–187 rules vs. monitors 181 subscribing to notifications 203 suppression of 181 and APM (Application Performance Monitoring) 133-138 Audit Collection Services (ACS) 220-225 dashboards 164-171 for monitoring network devices 101 widgets for 165-169 discovering network devices 93-99 distributed application models 138-143 integrating Orchestrator with 13-15 integrating with VMM (Virtual Machine Manager) 227-231 maintenance mode, using 211-213 management packs 102-104 dependencies of 103, 108 elements of 102 exporting 118 importing 104-106 lifecycle of 111-113 overrides, configuring for monitors 114-116 overrides, configuring for rules 112-114 removing 107 sealed vs. unsealed 103 synthetic transactions, configuring 118–131 templates for 118-130 tuning 111, 116 monitoring network devices 99-101 reports 155-163 resource pools 80, 94, 100 service level tracking 146-153 System Center Process Pack for IT GRC and 312

Operations Manager Administrators - User Role Properties dialog box 85 Operations Manager Alert Connector Wizard 11 **Operations Manager APM Web IIS 7 management** pack 133 Orchestrator 2-4 connecting Service Manager to 43-46 connecting to Service Manager 16-19 Operations Manager, integrating with 13-15 runbooks 3-7 automatic incident remediation 18 creating DPM automation 383 performing tasks in VMM 52-58 synchronized 44-46 using with Operations Manager 13-15 using with Service Master 46-48 self-service with VMM, Service Manager, and 52-58 vs. Windows PowerShell 2 Orchestrator Connector Wizard 43-45 Orchestrator Deployment Manager 2-4 outside-in monitorina Global Service Monitor 131–133 synthetic transactions and 118-131 Override Properties dialog box 113-115 Overrides reports 156 Override Task Parameters dialog box 221 overriding monitors in management packs 114-116 overriding rules in management packs 112–114 overriding the Auto-Resolve Alert parameter 181

Ρ

Parameters page of Subscribe To A Report Wizard 163 passphrase for encrypting backed up data 380 Pending Reboot status of updates 356 Performance Data page of Add Monitoring Wizard 123 Performance Detail reports 157 Performance reports 156 Performance Top Instances reports 157 Performance Top Objects reports 157 performance view of virtualization layer 228 Performance widget 165 Permissions page of Create User Role Wizard 52 Port/Interface of device, monitoring 100 PowerShell, Windows triggering scripts 57 vs. Orchestrator 2 prefix settings for incidents 268 Printing Issue Incident Template 7

priority calculation of incidents 266 privileges, elevating 75-77 Problem form 280 problem records, creating 280 problems and incidents in Service Manager 265, 279-283 process monitoring synthetic transactions 122 processor utilization of device, monitoring 100 products, choosing, for updates 326 Profile page of Create User Role Wizard 49 prompt types for request offerings 36 Properties section of Add Configuration dialog box 54 Protect Data Source activity 384 Protection Agent Installation Wizard 364–366 protection groups, DPM (Data Protection Manager) 368-374, 381-383 Publish page of Create Request Offering Wizard 38

Q

Query Performance page of Add Monitoring Wizard 121 queues in Service Manager, creating 254–256, 256 Quotas page of Create User Role Wizard 50

R

recovering data with DPM (Data Protection Manager) 374 recovering from Microsoft Azure backup 383 Recover Sharepoint activity 384 Recover SQL activity 384 Recover VM activity 384 recovery point objective (RPO) 363 recovery time objective (RTO) 363 Recovery workspace of DPM console 375 Recursive Discovery method 95, 98 red (critical) health state 180 Register Server Wizard 379–382 registry tree, browsing 315 Reject New Manual Agent Installations option 91 Related Items tab of New Incident dialog box 8 Related Services page of Create Service Offering Wizard 40 relating incidents to problems 281-283 remediation applying updates to computers 359 of configuration items 320 of incidents, automating 6-18

Remove User Role activity 57 Remove VM activity 57 Repair VM activity 57 Repeat Count column in Active Alerts view 182 replica WSUS servers, configuring 325 Reporting workspace of Service Manager console 262 reports for analyzing SLA performance 262 reports, Operations Manager 155-163 reports provided by WSUS server 335 Request Offering page of Create Service Offering Wizard 40 request offerings 35-39 resolution states for alerts 185-187 Resolution tab of New Incident dialog box 8 resolution time of incidents, configuring 267 Resolution Time predefined metric 250 Resolve dialog box 272 resolving problems and related incidents 282 resource blocks, Windows PowerShell 321 resource pools 80, 94, 100 Resources page of Create User Role Wizard 51 Resume VM activity 57 Review Disk Allocation page of the Create New Protection Group Wizard 371 Review New Manual Agent Installations In Pending Management View option 92 roles and role services for quest OS profiles, specifying 293 routing rules for alerts 10-13 RPO (recovery point objective) 363 RTO (recovery time objective) 363 rules, network discovery 93–96 Rules node in Authoring workspace of Operations Manager console 112 Run As Account configuring alert notifications 189-191 deploying agents to UNIX/Linux computers 75-78 discovering network devices 93-96 Run As Account Properties dialog box 190 Run As Accounts page of Run As Profile Wizard 79 Run As Profile Wizard 79, 191 Runbook Activity Template 47 runbook automation, implementing 2-7, 46-48 Runbook Designer 2-7 integrating Orchestrator with Operations and Service Managers 13-16 runbooks, Orchestrator 3-7 automatic incident remediation 18

creating DPM automation 383 creating schedules for 4–6 performing tasks in VMM 53–59 synchronized 44–46 using with Operations Manager 13–15 using with Service Manager 46–48 Run DPM PowerShell Script activity 384 Run VMM PowerShell Script activity 57

S

Save To Favorites dialog box 161 SC 2012 Operations Manager 13-15 SC 2012 Service Manager dialog box 16 SC 2012 Virtual Machine Manager 54 Scale Tier In activity 57 Scale Tier Out activity 57 Schedule Discovery page of Computer And Device Management Wizard 98 Schedule page of Operations Manager Alert Connector Wizard 12 Schedule page of Subscribe To A Report Wizard 162 schedules, creating for Orchestrator runbooks 4-6 scheduling reports 161-164 Scope page of Create User Role Wizard 50 script blocks, WIndows PowerShell 321 sealed management packs importing 106 overriding rules in 112-116 vs. unsealed 103 SECURE PORT=PortNumber option 84 security event log information, using Audit Collection Services (ACS) with 220-225 Select A Class dialog box 25, 251, 252 Select A Dashboard Layout Or Widget template 170 Select Agent Deployment Method 364 Select A Group Or Object dialog box 170 Select An Object dialog box 147 Select A Target Class dialog box 147, 151 Select Computers page of Protection Agent Installation Wizard 365 Select Data Protection Method page of the Create New Protection Group Wizard 369 Select Data Protection Method page of the Register Server Wizard 381 Select Group Members page of the Create New Protection Group Wizard 369 Select Management Packs from Catalog dialog box 105 Select Objects dialog box 272, 281 Select Related Recipient dialog box 261 Select VM Template Source dialog box 299 self-service deployment, configuring 58 self-service functionality, implementing 30-63 Self-Service Portal, Service Manager 29-31, 32-34 self-service VMM provisioning 48-59 self-signed certificates, creating with makecert.exe utility 377 Server Details page of Operations Manager Alert Connector Wizard 9 servers heartbeat alerts 214-218 maintenance mode, using 211-213 monitoring 209-223 not monitored and gray agents 209-211 Server-Side Configuration page of Add Monitoring Wizard 135 server-side monitoring using APM (Application Performance Monitoring) 133–138 Service Catalog node of Service Manager console 34 Service KPI Trend report 263 service level agreements (SLAs) reports for analyzing 262 viewing incidents 257 service level agreements (SLAs), monitoring performance of 146-151 Service Level Criteria page 257 Service Level Dashboard template 164 service level management, implementing 247-262 Service Level Objective (Collection Rule) dialog box 149 Service Level Objective (Monitor State) dialog box 148, 152 service level objectives (SLOs) 146-153 creating 255-258 escalating incidents 262 Service Level tab of New Incident dialog box 9 service level tracking 146-153 service level tracking reports 153-155 Service Level Tracking Summary Report dialog box 154 Service Level Tracking Wizard 146–148 service management automation runbook, updating offline VMs with 360 Service Manager calendar items, creating 249 catalog item groups 41-43 connecting Orchestrator to 16-19 connecting to Orchestrator 43-46

implementing service level management 247-262 incidents automatically creating 9-13 manually creating 7-10 knowledge articles, creating 283 linking incidents to problems 281-283 metrics, creating 250-253 notifications, sending 258-261 Orchestrator runbooks and 46-48 problems and incidents 265, 279-283 queues, creating 254-256, 256 reports for analyzing SLA performance 262 request offerings 35-39 resolving problems and related incidents 282 Self-Service Portal and 29-31, 32-34 self-service with VMM, Orchestrator, and 52-58 service catalog 34 service offerings 38-41 SLOs (service level objectives) creating 255-258 escalating incidents 262 System Center Process Pack for IT GRC and 312 Service Manager Authoring Tool 30–32 Service Manager data warehouse, used by System Center Process Pack for IT GRC 312 service offerings 38-41 service requests, creating metrics for 252 service templates, creating 303 Set Pending Service Update activity 57 SharePoint 2010 vs. SharePoint 2013 32-34 SharePoint, displaying dashboards in 164, 173 Show Gray Agent Connectivity Data task 210 Shut Down VM activity 57 SLAs (service level agreements) reports for analyzing 262 viewing incidents 257 SLAs (service level agreements), monitoring performance of 146-151 SLOs (service level objectives) 146-153 creating 255-258 escalating incidents 262 SMS_WSUS_SYNC_MANAGER component 341 SMTP server feature, installing 274-277 SNMP (Simple Network Management Protocol) and discovering network devices 93-98 Software Issue Incident Template 7 Software Library workspace of the Configuration Manager console 342 software update groups, deploying to Configuration Manager 341-345

Software Update Point page of the Create Site System

Software Update Point page of the Create Site System Server Wizard 338 software update points, deploying 336-341 software updates configuration items 314 software updates, deploying to Configuration Manager clients 345-348 Specify Criteria page of Configure Workflows For Objects Of Class Change Request dialog box 23 Specify Intranet Microsoft Update Service Location policy 330 Specify Online Protection Goals page of the Register Server Wizard 382 Specify Recovery Options page of the Recovery Wizard 375 Specify Short Term Goals page of the Create New Protection Group Wizard 370 SQL Server and Audit Collection Services (ACS) 220-225 SQL Server Core Library management pack 108 SOL Server profiles, configuring 297 SQL Server Reporting Services 155, 161 SQL Server, System Center Management Pack for 68, 102 Start Date, choosing, when creating metrics 250-252 Start-DscConfiguration cmdlet 321 Start Maintenance Mode, Operations Manager activity 15 Start-SCUpdateServerSynchronization Windows PowerShell cmdlet 352 Start VM activity 57 State widget 165 Stop Maintenance Mode, Operations Manager activity 15 Stop Service activity 57 Stop VM activity 57 storage pools, DPM (Data Protection Manager) 366 Subgroups page of Create Catalog Items Group Wizard 42 Subscriber Address Wizard 196 Subscribe To A Report Wizard 161–163 subscribing to alert notifications 203 Summary Dashboard for Global Service Monitor 132 Summary Dashboard template 164 Summary page of Computer And Device Management Wizard 72 Summary page of Create Request Offering Wizard 38 Supported Platforms page of Create Configuration Item Wizard 315 suppressing alerts 181

Suspend VM activity 57 su/sudo commands 75 Synchronization Results report 335 Synchronization Source page of the Create Site System Server Wizard 339 synchronization using VMM, triggering 352 synchronized runbooks 44-46 synchronizing WSUS server with Microsoft Update 325 synthetic transactions 118–131 OLE DB data source 120–122 process monitoring 122 TCP Port-based 123 UNIX or Linux log file 124 UNIX or Linux Process 125 web application availability 125-128 web application transaction monitor 128-130 Windows Service 130 System Center 2012 R2 Orchestrator. See Orchestrator System Center 2012 - Service Manager Authoring Tool 30 System Center Advisor 321–323 System Center App Controller 48–52 System Center Global Service Monitor 131–133 System Center Management Pack for SQL Server 68, 102 System Center Marketplace 105 System Center Process Pack for IT GRC, implementing 312 System Center Virtual Machine Manager 33, 54 System Role Selection page of the Create Site System Server Wizard 337

Т

Target and Port page of Add Monitoring Wizard 124 TCP Port-based synthetic transactions 123 templates change request 19–22 email incident templates 278 for APM (Application Performance Monitoring) 133 for common incident profiles 269 for dashboards 164, 170 for distributed application models 140–143 for email notifications 260 for incidents 7–9 for management packs 118–130 for virtual machines 299–302 service templates 303 Test Visualization Dashboard for Global Service Monitor 133 Throttling Setting page of the Register Server Wizard 379 time metrics in Service Manager, creating 250–253 Trigger Condition page of Create Workflow Wizard 31 trouble tickets 7 tuning management packs 111, 116

U

UNIX or Linux computers, deploying agents to, using Discovery Wizard 75-80 UNIX or Linux log file synthetic transactions 124 UNIX or Linux Process synthetic transactions 125 Unknown status of updates 356 Update Activity, Service Manager activity 18 Update Alert, Operations Manager activity 15 update baselines 353-357 Update Baseline Wizard 353-355 Update Catalog Node in Library workspace of VMM console 352 update compliance of computers 356-358 update deployment, verifying 334-336 Update Detailed Status report 335 Update Disk activity 57 Update Network Adapter activity 58 Update Object, Service Manager activity 18 Update Remediation dialog box 360 Update Server Node in Fabric workspace of VMM console 350 Update Services node of WSUS console 332 Updates page of the Update Baseline Wizard 355 Update Status Summary report 335 Update Tabular Status For Approved Updates report 335 Update Tabular Status report 335 Update User Role Property activity 58 Update User Role Quota activity 58 Update VM activity 58 updating offline VMM virtual machines 360 Upload Attachment, Service Manager activity 18 USE MANUALLY SPECIFIED SETTINGS={0|1} option 84 User Prompts page of Create Request Offering Wizard 36 USE_SETTINGS_FROM_AD={0|1} option 84

V

vaults, backup 377, 379 verifying update deployment 334-336 video adapter setting for virtual machine hardware profiles 289 View And Validate Tests page of Add Monitoring Wizard 127 virtualization layer, monitoring 226-233 virtual machine hardware profiles, creating 287–291 Virtual Machine Health dashboard 228 Virtual Machine Manager 2012 SP1 and App Controller 48, 59 Virtual Machine Manager Connector Wizard 53 Virtual Machine Manager Service Template Designer 303 Virtual Machine Manager (VMM) 48-59 compliance status of computers, checking 356-358 configuring WSUS (Windows Server Update Services) with 350-352 connecting to Orchestrator 54 integrating with Operations Manager 227-231 integrating WSUS (Windows Server Update Services) with 349-359 monitoring the virtualization layer 226-233 offline virtual machines, updating 360 self-service with Service, Orchestrator, and 52-58 triggering synchronization with 352 update baselines 353-357 update remediation 359 Virtual Machine Performance view 229 Virtual Machine Servicing Tool (VMST) 360 virtual machine templates, configuring 299-302 visudo command 76 VLAN health of device, monitoring 99 VMM (Virtual Machine Manager) 48-59 application profiles, creating 295-297 cloud resources, managing 287-306 compliance status of computers, checking 356-358 configuring WSUS (Windows Server Update Services) with 350-352 connecting to Orchestrator 54 quest operating system profiles, creating 291-295 hardware profiles, creating 287-291 integrating with Operations Manager 227-231 integrating WSUS (Windows Server Update Services) with 349-359 monitoring the virtualization layer 226-233

offline virtual machines, updating 360 self-service with Service, Orchestrator, and 52–58 SQL Server profiles, configuring 297 triggering synchronization with 352 update baselines 353–357 update remediation 359 virtual machine templates, configuring 299–302 VMST (Virtual Machine Servicing Tool) 360 VM Template Identity page 299

W

warning state notifications 258 watcher nodes, performing synthetic transactions 118-131 WCF (Windows Communication Foundation) applications, monitoring with APM 133 web application availability synthetic transactions 125-128 Web Application Editor - Browsing Session dialog box 129 web application transaction synthetic monitor 128-130 Web Console URL page of Orchestrator Connector Wizard 44 What To Monitor page of Add Monitoring Wizard 135 Where To Monitor From page of Add Monitoring Wizard 127 widgets, adding to dashboards 165-169 Windows Azure Backup Agent Setup Wizard 378 Windows Azure Pack for Windows Server, self-service with 59 Windows Communication Foundation (WCF) applications, monitoring with APM 133 Windows computers, deploying agents to, using Discovery Wizard 69-74 Windows Computers node 211-213 Windows PowerShell triggering scripts 57 vs. Orchestrator 2 Windows PowerShell 4.0 and Desired State Configuration (DSC) 321 Windows Server 2008 IIS 7.0 management pack 133 Windows Server Update Services (WSUS) "approvals only" WSUS server, configuring 328 approving updates 331-334 computer groups, creating 328 configuring with VMM (VIrtual Machine Manager) 350-352 Group Policy settings 329–331

integrating with Configuration Manager 336-348 integrating with VMM (Virtual Machine Manager) 349-359 languages, choosing, for downloading updates 326 managing updates with 324-335 products, choosing, for updates 326 replica servers, configuring 325 reports provided by 335 software update points, deploying with Configuration Manager 336-341 synchronizing with Microsoft Update 325 update classifications to synchronize, choosing 327 updating offline VMM virtual machines 360 verifying update deployment 334-336 Windows Service synthetic transactions 130 workflows activity management, configuring 19, 25-27 change management, configuring 19, 22-24 custom, creating 30-32 implementing 1-27 Work Items workspace of Service Manager console 257, 271 WSUS Configuration Wizard 350 WSUS Server Configuration Wizard 325–328 WSUS (Windows Server Update Services) "approvals only" WSUS server, configuring 328 approving updates 331-334 computer groups, creating 328 configuring with VMM (Virtual Machine Manager) 350-352 Group Policy settings 329–331 integrating with Configuration Manager 336-348 integrating with VMM (Virtual Machine Manager) 349-359 languages, choosing, for downloading updates 326 managing updates with 324-335 products, choosing, for updates 326 replica servers, configuring 325 reports provided by 335 software update points, deploying with Configuration Manager 336-341 synchronizing with Microsoft Update 325 update classifications to synchronize, choosing 327 updating offline VMM virtual machines 360 verifying update deployment 334-336

Y

yellow (warning) health state 180