

Index

Symbols

2:1 signal-to-return ratio pattern, 122-125

3D CAD files, 102

3D discontinuities, PCI Express, 189-191

3D electromagnetic modeling, 80

3D field solvers

modeling 3D discontinuities, 79-80

ports, 106-108

3D modeling, signal to return ratios, 122-125

A

accuracy of IO circuit models, 68-71

ADS (Advanced Design System), 176

automatic mesh generation, 108

B

behavioral modeling, IO circuits, 53-54

assumptions, 56

CMOS push-pull drivers, 54-56

IBIS assumptions, 65-66

bit time, 136

boundaries

modeling 3D discontinuities, 82

of simulation space, 10-12

budgets

common-clock IO timing, 30-31

with standard load, 37

read timing, DDR2 case study, 142, 165-169

timing, on-chip timing, 26-28

write timing, DDR2 case study, 141,

165-169

byte lanes, length variation (DDR2 case study), 158

C

CAD (computer aided design), 124

card impedance tolerance, PCI Express, 187-189

channel characteristics, PCI Express, 201-202

channel step response, PCI Express, 192-194

checklists, pre-flight checklists, 116-118

chip-to-chip timing, 13-14

budgets, 26-28

CMOS latch, 15-18

common clock, 22-24

setup and hold constraints, 19-22

setup and hold SPICE simulations, 25-26

timing failures, 18-19

clock data recovery, 176

CMOS (complementary metal-oxide-semiconductor), 209

inverters, 211-212

MOSFETs, 210-211

pass gate circuits, 213

CMOS current mode drivers, IO circuits, 51-52

CMOS differential receiver, IO circuits, 42-43

CMOS latch

- chip-to-chip timing, 15-18
- dual potential well model, 19

CMOS push-pull drivers, IO circuits, 46-47

- behavioral modeling, 54-56

CMOS receiver, IO circuits, 40-42**coaxial discontinuity, modeling 3D****discontinuities, 94-95****coaxial transmission lines, modeling 3D****discontinuities, 80-82****common clock, 22****common-clock architecture, limitations of, 38****common-clock IO timing, 28-32**

- budgets, 30-31
- with standard load, 32-37

common-clock on-chip timing, 22-24**comparing SPICE and IBIS models, IO circuits, 67-68****complementary metal-oxide-semiconductor (CMOS), 209**

- inverters, 211-212
- MOSFETs, 210-211
- pass gate circuits, 213

computered aided design (CAD), 124**conductor loss, DDR2 case study, 152-154****connectors, LGA (land grid array) connectors, 118-120**

- electrical characterization, 121-122

conservatism, DDR2 case study, 170-171**Coulomb's Law, 220****coupled differential vias**

- inspecting, 113-114
- mechanical drawings, 103-105
- mesh density, 108-113
- ports, 106-108
- preparing for development of the model, 102-103

coupled noise, 50**crosstalk, 163**

- PCI Express, 194-195

crosstalk-induced jitter, PCI Express, 196-200**CST Microwave Studio (CST MWS), 81, 101**

- energy, 90
- modeling 3D discontinuities, 91
- port signals, 87
- s-parameters, 88-89
- stimulus function, 84

D**dc transfer characteristic, IO circuits, 41****DDR2 case study**

- assumptions, 171-173
- DDR2 signaling, 137-139
- DIMM connectors, 158-163
- evolution of, 134-136
- impedance tolerance, 154-157
- interconnect sensitivity analysis, 148-151
- IO circuits, 143-144
- length variation within byte lanes, 158
- off-chip drivers, 144-145
- on-die termination, 145-147
- pin-to-pin capacitance variation, 157
- read timing, 141-143
 - budgets, 142*
- read timing budgets, 165-169
- resistor tolerance, 163-165
- slope derating factor, 165
- sources of conservatism, 170-171
- transmission line loss, conductor and dielectric loss, 152-54
- Vref, 163-165
- waveforms, rising and falling, 147
- write timing, 139-140
 - budgets, 141*
- write timing budgets, 165-169

DDR2 signaling, 137-139

de-emphasis

differential drivers, PCI Express, 183-187

drivers, PCI Express, 181

deterministic jitter (DJ), 206

dielectric loss, DDR2 case study, 152-154

digital interfaces, limitations, 2

dimensions, dropping (electromagnetism), 229-232

DIMM connectors, 158-163

discontinuities, 3D discontinuities (PCI Express), 189-191

DJ (deterministic jitter), 206

documentation, 114-116

drivers

de-emphasized drivers, jitter, 185

PCI Express

differential drivers with de-emphasis, 183-187

ideal drivers and lossy transmission lines, 181-182

dropping dimensions, electromagnetism, 229-232

dual potential well model for CMOS latch, 19

E

ECL (emitter-coupled logic), 134

electrical characterization, LGA connectors, 121-122

electrical constraints, 178

electromagnetic propagation, 191

electromagnetism, equations, 219-220

charges at rest, 220-221

dropping dimensions, 229-232

non-intuitive forces, 223-225

steady-state currents, 221-223

time, 225-226

waves, 226-228

electrostatic discharge (ESD), 43

emitter-coupled logic (ECL), 134

energy, modeling 3D discontinuities, 89-90

ESD (electrostatic discharge), 43

examples, Project Coyote, 3-6

legacy designs, 6-8

reflections on, 8-9

extracting timing numbers, common-clock IO

timing with standard load, 33

F

far-end crosstalk (FEXT), 160

FDTD (Finite Difference Time Domain)

method, 75-79

FEXT (far-end crosstalk), 160

field visualization, modeling 3D

discontinuities, 91-93

fields, 225

Finite Difference Time Domain (FDTD)

method, 75-79

force, 225

formation of reflection, modeling 3D

discontinuities, 96-97

G

GTL (Gunning Transceiver Logic), 53

H

headers, IBIS headers (IO circuits), 61

high-speed serial interfaces, 176-179

High-Speed Transceiver Logic (HSTL), 53

hold, SPICE simulations (chip-to-chip timing), 25-26

hold constraints, chip-to-chip timing, 19-22

hold time, 19

hold time failure, 22

HSTL (High-Speed Transceiver Logic), 53

I**IBIS (IO Buffer Information Specification), 40**

behavioral modeling in IO circuits, 53

IO circuits, 56-61

*behavioral modeling assumptions**assumptions, 65-66***IBIS driver model, IO circuits, 63-65****IBIS headers, IO circuits, 61****IBIS mode versus SPICE model, IO circuits, 67-68****IBIS pin tables, IO circuits, 61-62****IBIS receiver model, IO circuits, 62-63****IC (integrated circuit) chips, 14****impedance, card impedance tolerance (PCI Express), 187-189****impedance tolerance, DDR2 case study, 154-157****input decks, SPICE, 214-215****inspecting coupled differential vias, 113-114****integrated circuit (IC) chips, 14****interconnect, defined, 73****interconnect components, mechanical trade-offs of implementing, 120****interconnectivity, DDR2 case study, 148-151****intersymbol interference (ISI), 176****inverters, CMOS, 211-212****IO Buffer Information Specification (IBIS), 40**

behavioral modeling in IO circuits, 53

IO circuits, 56-61

*behavioral modeling assumptions**assumptions, 65-66***IO circuits**

accuracy of models, 68-71

behavioral modeling, 53-54

*assumptions, 56**CMOS push-pull drivers, 54-56*

behavioral modeling IBIS assumptions, 65-66

CMOS current mode drivers, 51-52

CMOS differential receiver, 42-43

CMOS push-pull drivers, 46-47

CMOS receiver, 40-42

comparing SPICE and IBIS models, 67-68

DDR2 case study, 143-144

IBIS driver model, 63-65

IBIS header, 61

IBIS model, 56-61

IBIS pin tables, 61-62

IBIS receiver model, 62-63

output impedance, 48-49

output rise and fall times, 49-51

pin capacitance, 43-45

quality of models, 68-71

receiver current-voltage, 45

ISI (intersymbol interference), 176**J****jitter**

card impedance tolerance, PCI Express, 188

crosstalk-induced jitter, PCI Express,

196-200

with de-emphasized drivers, 185

push-pull drivers, 182

reflections, 193

L**land grid array (LGA), 101****land grid array (LGA) connector, 118-120****latches, CMOS latch (chip-to-chip timing), 15-18****length variation within byte lanes, DDR2 case study, 158****LGA (land grid array), 101****LGA (land grid array) connectors, 118-120**

electrical characterization, 121-122

limitations

- of common-clock architecture, 38
- of digital interfaces, 2

LVDS (low-voltage differential signaling), 45

M

Maxwell's Equations, 108

mechanical drawings, coupled differential vias, 103-105

mechanical trade-offs, implementing interconnect components, 120

memory interface controller (MIC), 133

mesh density

- coupled differential vias, 108-113
- modeling 3D discontinuities, 85

mesh run control parameters, 108

metal-oxide-semiconductor field-effect transistors (MOSFETs), 210-211

MIC (memory interface controller), 133

model-to-hardware correlation, 128-131

- PCI Express, 205-206

modeling 3D discontinuities

- 3D field solver, 79-80
- boundaries, 82
- coaxial discontinuity, 94-95
- coaxial transmission lines, 80-82
- energy, 89-90
- FDTD method, 75-79
- field visualization, 91-93
- formation of reflection, 96-97
- mesh density, 85
- port signals, 87
- running solvers, 86
- s-parameters, 88-89, 97-100
- stimulus function, 84
- transmission lines, 74
- waveguide ports, 83

MOSFETs (metal-oxide-semiconductor field-effect transistors), 210-211

N

NDA (non-disclosure agreement), 103

NEXT (near-end crosstalk), 160

noise, coupled noise, 50

non-disclosure agreement (NDA), 103

non-intuitive forces, electromagnetism, 223-225

O

ODT (on-die termination), 45

- DDR2 case study, 145-147

off-chip drivers, DDR2 case study, 144-145

on-chip timing paths, 21

on-die termination (ODT), 45

- DDR2 case study, 145-147

operating margins, 2

output impedance, IO circuits, 48-49

output rise and fall times, IO circuits, 49-51

P**parameters**

- mesh run control parameters, 108
- s-parameters, modeling 3D discontinuities, 88-89

pass gate circuits, CMOS, 211-213

PCI Express, 177-178

- 3D discontinuities, 189-191
- card impedance tolerance, 187-189
- channel characteristics, 201-202
- channel step response, 192-194
- crosstalk, 194-195
- crosstalk-induced jitter, 196-200

drivers
 differential drivers with de-emphasis, 183-187
 lossy transmission lines and, 181-182
 jitter, push-pull drivers, 182
 model-to-hardware correlation, 205-206
 sensitivity analysis, 179-180
 results, 202-204

PCI Express specification, 177

PEC (perfect electrical conductor), 82

phase-locked loop (PLL), 176

piecewise linear (PWL) function, 128

pin capacitance, IO circuits, 43-45

pin tables, IBIS headers (IO circuits), 61-62

pin-to-pin capacitance variation, DDR2 case study, 157

PLL (phase-locked loop), 176

port signals, modeling 3D discontinuities, 87

ports, 3D field solvers, 106-108

pre-flight checklists, 116-118

Project Coyote, 3-6
 legacy designs, 6-8
 reflections on, 8-9

push-pull drivers, jitter, 182

PWL (piecewise linear) function, 128

Q

quality of IO circuit models, 68-71

R

random jitter (RJ), 206

read timing, DDR2 case study, 141-143
 budgets, 165-169
 DDR2 case study, 165-169

receiver current-voltage characteristics, IO circuits, 45

reference voltage (V_{ref}), 163

reflections, jitter, 193

resistor tolerance, DDR2 case study, 163-165

RJ (random jitter), 206

S

s-parameters, modeling 3D discontinuities, 88-89, 97-100

sensitivity analysis, PCI Express, 179-180
 results, 202-204

setup, SPICE simulations (chip-to-chip timing), 25-26

setup constraints, chip-to-chip timing, 19-22

setup time, 19

setup time failures, 20-21

signal to return ratios, 122-125

Simulation Program with Integrated Circuit Emphasis (SPICE), 214
 sample input deck, 214-215
 setup and hold simulations, chip-to-chip timing, 25-26
 subcircuits, 217-218
 transistor models, 215-217

simulation space, boundaries of, 10-12

simulation strategies, motivation for developing, 9-10

skin effect, 39

slope derating factor, 165

solvers, modeling 3D discontinuities, 86

spatial discretization, 76

SPICE (Simulation Program with Integrated Circuit Emphasis), 214
 sample input deck, 214-215
 setup and hold simulations, chip-to-chip timing, 25-26
 subcircuits, 217-218
 transistor models, 215-217

SPICE model versus IBIS model, comparing,
67-68

SSTL (Stub Series Terminated Logic), 53

standard load, common-clock IO timing,
32-37

steady-state currents, electromagnetism,
221-223

step response, 114

stimulus function, modeling 3D
discontinuities, 84

strategies, simulation strategies (motivation
for developing), 9-10

Stub Series Terminated Logic (SSTL), 53

subcircuits, SPICE, 217-218

surrogate packages, 126

T

TEM (transverse electromagnetic mode),
190, 227

test cards, 125-127

threshold window, 41

TIA (time interval analyzer), 182

time, electromagnetism, 225-226

time interval analyzer (TIA), 182

timing

budgets, 26-28

chip-to-chip timing, 13-14

CMOS latch, 15-18

common clock, 22-24

setup and hold constraints, 19-22

setup and hold SPICE simulations,
25-26

timing failures, 18-19

common-clock IO timing, 28-32

budgets, 30-31

with standard load, 32-37

timing failures, chip-to-chip timing, 18-19

transistor models, SPICE, 215-217

transistor-transistor logic (TTL), 134

transmission lines

coaxial transmission lines, modeling 3D
discontinuities, 80-82

conductor and dielectric loss, DDR2 case
study, 152-154

modeling 3D discontinuities, 74

PCI Express, 181-182

transverse electromagnetic mode (TEM),
190, 227

TTL (transistor-transistor logic), 134

Tyco Electronics MC-LGA, 120

U

UI (unit interval), 136

V

Vref (reference voltage), 163-165

W-X-Y-Z

Wave Equation, 227

waveforms, rising and falling (DDR2 case
study), 147

waveguide ports, modeling 3D

discontinuities, 83

waves, electromagnetism, 226-228

write timing, DDR2 case study, 139-141

budgets, 165-169