

## ***Errata for Sams Teach Yourself FreeBSD in 24 Hours***

### **Installation of FreeBSD (Hour 2)**

When you first begin the installation of FreeBSD, you will be given a screen that looks like this:

#### Kernel Configuration Menu

Skip kernel configuration and continue with installation  
Start kernel configuration in full screen Visual mode  
Start kernel configuration in CLI mode

Some instructions will follow the menu on this screen. Simply press "Enter" or Q to exit this screen and continue with the installation.

Note: If you are installing FreeBSD 5.0 instead of 4.7, you will not see this screen and will be placed directly into the installation program instead.

### **Hour 3, Page 37**

In the section "Logging into FreeBSD", you are instructed to log in as the user you created during the install. Log in as the root user instead, using the password you assigned to root during the install (the login name is **root**). After you have logged in as root, you can proceed to create a normal user for yourself using the instructions later in the chapter.

When logging in for the first time, log in as root, using the password you created for root during the install. After that, you can run the adduser program which is discussed in the chapter and create a normal user for yourself.

### **Hour 4, Page 61**

Page 61 instructs you to use the **chsh** command to permanently change your shell to bash. However, this places you in the vi editor. Here are the basic instructions for how to change your shell and then exit the vi editor:

After running chsh, use the arrow keys to move the cursor to the portion where the current shell is listed. You can then use the "x" key to delete the text you want to replace (the part that lists the current shell). After you have deleted the relevant text, press "i".

This will place vi in Insert mode so that you can type. Enter the new shell information (/usr/local/bin/bash). When you have entered that, press the Escape key. This places vi back in command mode. Then press Shift-ZZ (hold down shift and press the "z" key twice. This will save

your changes and exit vi. The next time you log back in, you will be using the new shell. There is also a lot more information on vi in Hour 16.

### **Hour 4, Page 63**

At the top of the page, there is a file permissions listing that is in error. The listing reads as follows:

```
-rw--r-r--
```

The correct listing should be:

```
-rw-r--r--
```

Note the different number of hyphens between the “w” and the second “r”.