

Index

- 2PC (Two-Phase Commit Protocol), 124-125
 - distributed 2PC
 - avoiding, 143-144
 - client controlled transactions, 144-145
 - implicit application level protocol, 146-147
 - server controlled transactions, 145-146
 - limitations, 126-127
- abstraction
 - components, 17
 - functional decomposition, 16
- access control lists (ACLs), 194
- access layers, binding design rules, 80
- ACID (atomicity, consistency, isolation, durability), 123
- ACID transactions, limitations of, 125-126
- ACLs (access control lists), 194
- ADA, 17
- ADA programming language, 17
- adapters, 96
 - intermediary services, 78
- adding service orientation to project management
 - methodologies, 280
- additional runtime features, distribution techniques 29
- ADO DataSets, 136
- ADO DiffGrams, 136
- agility, 241-242
 - change requests, 89
 - IT, 1
- application frontends, SOAs, 58-59
- application heterogeneity, 21
- application landscape, 56
- application level protocol, distributed 2PC, 146-147
- application servers, 37
- applications, 56
 - multi-channel applications, 228-229
 - fundamental SOA, 229-230
 - process-enabled SOAs, 231-234
 - service facades, 230-231
- architects
 - perspective of SOAs, 253
 - SOA architects. *See* SOA architects
- architectural roadmap, fundamental SOA, 87
- architecture, 55-56
 - BPM, 108
 - CSG, 350
 - asynchronous integration with EBI, 352-353
 - Bulk Integration Infrastructure, 353
 - choreography, 355
 - contracts, 354
 - management, 355
 - repositories, 354
 - security, 355
 - service interfaces, 354
 - synchronous integration with CSIB, 350-352
 - Deutsche Post case study, 320-321
 - enterprise architecture versus standards, 7-8
 - of enterprise software, 4-5
 - requirements of, 6-7
 - Intelligent Finance, 362, 369-370
 - multichannel architecture, 100
- architecture boards, 368
 - service repositories, 62
- architecture roadmaps
 - fundamental SOA, 91-92
 - networked SOA, 87, 93-98
 - process-enabled SOAs, 87, 98-102
- asynchronous communication, 38, 350
 - coupling, 47
- asynchronous integration, with EBI, 352-353
- atomicity, 123
- auditing, 172
- authenticating against SOA, 188
- authentication, 187-190
 - creating, 191
 - and middleware, 190-192
 - SOAP, 192-193
- authorization, 193-195
 - dynamic authorization, 195
 - static authorization, 194
- automated test tools, 301
- atomicity, consistency, isolation, durability (ACID), 123
- availability, 178-181
 - CICS, 185
 - CORBA, 184
 - EJBs, 182-184
 - of enterprise software, 24
 - in a heterogeneous SOA, 186
 - Web Services, 181
 - wrapped legacy applications, 185-186
- avoiding
 - distributed 2PC, 143-144
 - client controlled transactions, 144-145
 - implicit application level protocols, 146-147
 - server controlled transactions, 145-146
 - exposing transaction logic to service clients, 145
- B2B (business-to-business), 24, 217-220
 - location transparency, 218
 - security infrastructures, 217
 - stateless semantics, 218
- B2B integration, 344
- Baan, 24
- backers, success of SOAs, 265-266
- banking engine services, Intelligent Finance, 371
- basic layer, 82
- basic services, 70, 364
 - data-centric services, 70-71
 - Intelligent Finance, 371
 - logic-centric services, 72-73
- BDM (Business Domain Model), 313
 - Deutsche Post, 314
- beans, stateless session beans, 183
- Berkeley, r-tools suite, 19
- BII (Bulk Integration Infrastructure), 163
- billing, execution containers, 169
- binding
 - development-time binding, 62
 - runtime binding, 63-64
 - service binding, 64
- binding design rules, access layers, 80
- Boehm, Barry; Spiral Model, 279
- bonus systems, 270
- BookAndBill, 93, 98
- booking process, 99-101
- bottom-up code generation, 165-166
- BPEL4WS (Business Process Execution Language for Web Services), 107
- BPM (Business Process Management), 103-105, 120, 155
 - architecture of, 108
 - versus BPMS, 104-105
 - combining with SOA and MOA, 155-156
 - overview of, 107
 - modeling languages, 107-108
 - process integrity, 121, 130-131
 - process-enabled SOAs, 112
 - core business logic versus process control logic, 112-114
 - design implications, 114
 - The Third Wave*, 104
 - vision, 109-111
- BPML (Business Process Modeling Language), 107
- BPMN (Business Process Modeling Notation), 107-108
- BPMS (Business Process Management System), 105, 111
 - versus BPM, 104-105
 - when to choose, 105-107
- BPR (Business Process Reengineering), 103
- budgets, success of SOAs, 264
- Bulk Integration Infrastructure (BII), 163, 350, 353
- business computing, 23-24
 - SAP, 23
 - service-orientation, 15
 - Wal-Mart, 23
- Business Domain Model (BDM), 313
- business exceptions, 119
- business functionality, complexity, 241
- business impact
 - CSG, 342-343

376 Index

- Deutsche Post, 313-315
- Intelligent Finance, 360-361
- Winterthur, 326
- business infrastructure, motivation for creating SOAs, 246-247
- business level, cost savings, 243
- business logic, SOA, 60
- Business Process Execution Language for Web Services (BPEL4WS), 107
- Business Process Management System. *See* BPMS
- Business Process Management. *See* BPM
- Business Process Modeling Language (BPML), 107
- Business Process Modeling Notation (BPMN), 107-108
- Business Process Reengineering (BPR), 103
- business processes, complexity, 241
- business projects versus IT projects, 281
- business rules, 113
- business services versus SOA infrastructure, 281
- business whitepapers, 266
- business-to-business. *See* B2B
- callbacks, 190
 - and polling services, 40
 - and queues, 42
- Carr, Nicolas G., 1
- case studies
 - Credit Suisse Group. *See* CSG
 - Deutsche Post. *See* Deutsche Post
 - HBoS. *See* HBoS
 - Winterthur. *See* Winterthur
- central repositories, 269
- centralized banking engine service, 364
- CEO, perspective of SOAs, 252
- Champy, James, 103
- change, IT's ability to change, 1
- change requests, agility, 89
- characteristics of enterprise software, 3-4
- choosing
 - BPMS, 105-107
 - granularity for transactional steps, 151-153
- choreography, CSG, 355
- CICS (Customer Information Control Systems), 21, 36, 184-185
- CICS log manager, 178
- CICS Transaction Gateway (CTG), 185
- CIO
 - conflicts of interests, 258
 - perspective of SOAs, 252
- classification, 69-70
- Class-Responsibility-Collaboration (CRC), 279
- client controlled transactions, 144-145
- clients, fat clients, 221-222
- clustering, 20
- CM (configuration management), 298
- COBOL (Common Business Oriented language), functional decomposition, 16
- co-browsing, 233
- CODASYL (Conference on Data Systems Languages), 16
- code generation, 164
 - bottom-up approach, 165-166
 - top-down approach, 165-166
 - with MDA, 167-168
- combining
 - SOA, MOA, and BPM, 155-156
 - transaction chains with compensating transactions, 130
- Commodore PET, 23
- Common Business Oriented Language. *See* COBOL
- Common Object Request Broker Architecture. *See* CORBA
- communication
 - asynchronous communication. *See* asynchronous communication
 - communication middleware. *See* communication middleware framework
 - minimizing resources for communication, 224
 - simulated synchronous communication, 39
 - synchronous communication. *See* synchronous communication
- communication middleware framework, 30
 - application servers, 37
 - Distributed Objects, 32-33
 - MOM, 34-35
 - email, 34
 - RPCs, 31-32
 - transaction monitors, 36
- communication modes, 28
- compensating logic, 153-154
- compensating transactions, combining with transaction chains, 130
- compensation transactions, 129
- complexity, 241-242
- component programming, 17
- components, 17
- concurrency control
 - optimistic concurrency control, 135-136
 - examples, 137-138
 - pessimistic concurrency control, 135
 - examples, 139
- Conference on Data Systems Languages (CODASYL), 16
- configuration management, 296
 - challenges for, 296-298
 - recommendations for the SOA integration team, 298-300
- configurations
 - logging, 177-178
 - runtime configurations, 178
- confirm itinerary, 133
- conflicts of interest, stakeholders, 258-261
- consistency, 123
- consolidated logs, 122
- containers, 168
- contracts, 269
 - CSG, 354
 - Deutsche Post case study, 322
 - Intelligent Finance, 370
 - service contracts. *See* service contracts
 - SOA, 59-60
 - Winterthur, 336-338
- CORBA (Common Object Request Broker Architecture), 8, 20
 - availability, 184
 - scalability, 184
 - Winterthur, 338
- CORBA (OMG), 160
- CORBA IDL, 20
- core business logic, 113
- cost effectiveness, service, 14
- cost savings, 242-243
 - at business level, 243
 - IT, 243-244
- coupling, 47
 - loose coupling versus tight coupling, 46-49
- CRC (Class-Responsibility-Collaboration), 279
- create invoice, 133
- Credit Suisse Group. *See* CSG
- Credit Suisse Information Bus (CSIB), 344
- CRM (Customer Relationship Management), 4, 15
- cross-container integration, 170-171
- CSG (Credit Suisse Group), 341-342
 - implementing SOA, 346
 - processes and structures, 347-348
 - project management, 349
 - repositories, 348
 - lessons learned from implementing SOA, 355-356
 - project scope, 342
 - business impact, 342-343
 - technology impact, 343-346
 - technology, 350
 - architecture, 350-355
- CSIB (Credit Suisse Information), 163, 344
- synchronous integration 350, 351, 352
- CTG (CICS Transaction Gateway), 185
- cursor stability, 125
- Customer Information Control Systems. *See* CICS
- Customer Relationship Management (CRM), 4, 15, 24
- customer retention service, 303
- Dahl, Ole-Johan, 17
- data, SOA, 60
- data access services, 113
- data integrity, 117
 - versus process integrity, 117
 - user-defined data integrity, 118
- databases, 23
- data-centric services, 70-71
- DCE (Distributed Computing Environment), 20, 32
- debugging, 172
- decomposition, 242
- decoupling
 - of functionality and technology, requirements of enterprise software architecture, 7
 - public enterprise services, 81
 - from technology, 242
- design, BPM and process-enabled SOAs, 114
- Design in Action (DIA), 367
- designing
 - authentication, 191

- for small devices, 223-227
- Deutsche Post, 311-312
 - BDM, 314
 - implementing SOA, 316
 - processes and structures, 316-318
 - project management, 319
 - service registry, 318-319
 - project scope, 312-313
 - business impact, 313-315
 - technology impact, 315
 - results of implementing SOA, 323-324
 - SBB, 315
 - SSB, 322
 - technology, 320-322
- Deutsche Post World net, 311
- development processes, motivation for creating SOAs, 247
- development-time binding, 62
- DIA (Design in Action), 367
- discontinuous networks, limitations of 2PC, 127
- dispatching execution containers, 168
- distributed 2PC, 124
 - avoiding, 143-144
 - client controlled transactions, 144-145
 - implicit application level protocol, 146-147
 - server controlled transactions, 145-146
- distributed computing, 19-22
 - SOAP, 22
 - XML, 21
- Distributed Computing Environment (DCE), 20, 32
- distributed logging, 173-175
- Distributed Objects, 32-33
- distribution techniques, heterogeneity, 27-29
 - additional runtime features, 29
 - communication modes, 28
 - products, 29
- distribution technology, service-orientation, 15
- divide and conquer strategies, 290, 292
- documentation, 242
 - service documentation, 250
- document-centric messages, 45-46
- domain, 117
- domain inconsistencies, 119
- domain-specific business services, 327
- drivers, test drivers, 306
- durability, 123
- dX method, 279
- EAI (Enterprise Application Integration), 21, 24, 211-212
 - service enablement, 212-215
 - service repositories, 217
 - service stability, 215-216
 - SOAs, 215
 - upgrade ability, 215-216
- EBI (Event Bus Infrastructure), 163, 350
 - asynchronous integration, 352-353
- eCommerce, 24
- EDMs (Enterprise Data Models), 7
- EJB (Enterprise Java Beans)
 - availability, 182-184
 - containers, 168
 - scalability, 182-184
- email, 34
- embedded messages. *See* payload semantics
- encapsulation, components, 17
- Encina, 36
- encryption, 196-197
- enterprise application integration, 92
- Enterprise Application Integration. *See* EAI
- Enterprise Data Models (EDMs), 7
- enterprise IT renovation roadmaps, 3, 10-11, 262
- Enterprise Java Beans. *See* EJB
- enterprise layer, 82
- Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP), 15, 24, 211
- Enterprise Service Bus, 160
- enterprise software
 - architecture versus standards, 7-8
 - architecture of, 4-5
 - requirements of, 6-7
 - availability of, 24
 - characteristics of, 3-4
- Enterprise Software Bus, 8
- enterprise software systems, lack of agility and inefficiency, 2-3
- enterprise-level software project management, 284
- entity, 117
- entity relationship models (ER), 71
- entropy, 4
- e-Platform, 325, 331
- ER (entity relationship models), 71
- ERP (Enterprise Resource Planning), 15, 24, 211
- error handling, idempotent operations, 143
- error reporting, 172-173
- establishing project management methodologies, 278-280
 - SOA-driven project management, 281-282
- Event Bus Infrastructure (EBI), 163, 350
- evolution, motivation for creating SOAs, 248-249
- example scenarios, travel itinerary management, 133-134
- examples
 - of optimistic concurrency control, 137-138
 - of pessimistic concurrency control, 139
 - of scenarios, passenger check-in scenario, 205-207
- exceptions, out of stock exceptions, 119
- execution containers, 168
 - cross-container integration, 170-171
 - logging, 169
 - message transformation, 169
 - security, 168
- expansion stages, 88
 - fundamental SOA, 91-92
 - networked SOA, 93-98
 - process-enabled SOAs, 98-102
- exposing transaction logic to service clients, 145
- Extreme Programming*, 279
- facades, intermediary services, 78-80
- failures, 171
 - auditing, 172
 - distributed logging, 173-175
 - error reporting, 172-173
 - example of SOA failure, 271-272
 - fatal failures, 141
 - in individual process steps, 129
 - logging. *See* logging
- fat clients, 221-222
- fatal failures, 141
- feedback, motivation for creating SOAs, 249
- File Transfer Protocol (FTP), 39
- fine-grained interaction patterns, stateful session beans, 183
- Fingar, Peter, 104
- fire-and-forget RPC, 39
- flexibility, requirements of enterprise software architecture, 6
- frameworks
 - logging, 177-178
 - sign-on frameworks, 193
- FTP (File Transfer Protocol), 39
- functional decomposition, 16
- functional departments, perspective of SOAs, 254
- functional programming, 16
- functional testing, 301
- functionality-adding services, intermediary services, 81
- fundamental SOA, 87, 91-92
 - multi-channel applications, 229-230
- GIS (geographic information systems), 4
- goals of SOA, 10
- granularity, 242
 - choosing for transactional steps, 151-153
 - software artifacts, 284
- Greenfield Project, Intelligent Finance, 361
- Halifax Bank of Scotland (HBoS), 359-360
- Hammer, Michael, 103
- hardware buses, 159. *See also* software buses
- HBoS (Halifax Bank of Scotland), 359
 - Intelligent Finance. *See* Intelligent Finance
- heterogeneity
 - distribution techniques, 27-29
 - and security, 199-200
- horizontal slicing versus vertical slicing, 287
- hub-and-spoke, 110
- IAD (Iterative Application Development), 288
- IBM, MQSeries, 160, 185
- IBM PC, 23
- IBM WebSphere MQ, 34
- ideal worlds
 - SOA specifics, 269-271
 - structures and processes, 266-269
- idempotent, 206
- idempotent update operations, 140-142
 - error handling, 143
 - sequence numbers, 142
- IDL (Interface Definition Language), 20
- IF.com, Intelligent Finance, 361
- IIS (Internet Information Server), 37

378 Index

- implementation, SOA, 60
- implementing
 - SOA at CSG, 346
 - processes and structures, 347-348
 - project management, 349
 - repositories, 348
 - SOA at Deutsche Post, 316
 - processes and structures, 316-318
 - project management, 319
 - service registry, 318-319
 - SOA at Intelligent Finance, 365
 - project management, 367-369
 - repositories, 366
 - XML, 365-366
 - SOA at Winterthur, 330
 - processes and structures, 330-332
 - project management, 333-334
 - repositories, 332-333
- IMS (Information Management System), 36
- inconsistencies
 - domain inconsistencies, 119
 - process inconsistencies, 118
- independence from technology, 245-246
- Information Management System (IMS), 36
- integration, 343-344
 - asynchronous integration with EBI, 352-353
 - complexity, 242
 - of legacy systems and packaged applications, 126
 - of purchased software, 344
 - synchronous integration with CSIB, 350-352
- Integration Spaghetti, 120
- integrity
 - business exceptions, 119
 - message integrity, 200-201
 - process integrity. *See* process integrity
 - special cases, 119
 - technical failures versus business exceptions, 118-119
- Intelligent Finance, 359
 - architecture, 362
 - banking engine services, 371
 - basic services, 371
 - implementing SOA, 365
 - project management, 367-369
 - repositories, 366
 - XML, 365-366
 - lessons learned from implementing SOA, 372-373
 - project schedule, 364-365
 - business impact, 360-361
 - technology impact, 362-365
 - service layers, 363-364
 - technology, 369
 - architecture, 369-370
 - contracts, 370
 - repositories, 370
 - service interfaces, 370-372
- interaction diagram showing check-in process for a Web application, 208
- Interface Definition Language (IDL), 20
- interface semantics, 42-44
 - coupling, 48
 - versus payload semantics, 44-45
 - document-centric messages, 45-46
- interfaces, SOA, 60
- intermediary layer, 82
- intermediary service, 364
 - BookAndBill, 93, 98
- intermediary services, 76
 - adapters, 78
 - façades, 78-80
 - functionality-adding services, 81
 - technology gateways, 76-77
- Internet Information Server (IIS), 37
- interoperability, off-the-shelf load balancers, 182
- Interoperable Object References, 32
- isolation, 123
- IT, 1
 - agility, 1
 - cost savings, 243-244
 - organizing, 9-10
- IT programs versus IT project management, 281
- IT project management versus IT programs 281
- IT projects versus business projects, 281
- IT renovation roadmap, 1
- IT steering committee, 368
- IT Strategy Mail, 317
- Iterative Application Development (IAD), 288
- J.D. Edwards, 24
- J2EE, 37, 206
 - software buses, 161
- J2ME MIDP 2.0, 223
- J2ME SOAP, 224
- JAAS (Java Authorization and Authentication Framework), 195
- Jars, Intelligent Finance, 361
- Java Authorization and Authentication Framework (JAAS), 195
- JCA (Java Connector Architecture), 185
- Just-in-Time production, 24
- KPI (key performance indicator), 259
- lack of support for long-lived transactions, limitations of 2PC and ACID transactions, 126
- languages
 - COBOL, 16
 - CORBA, 20
 - IDL, 20
 - modeling languages, BPM, 107-108
 - MODULA, 17
 - Pascal, 16
 - SIMULA, 17
- layers, 82-83
- learning, 10
- legacy software, 33
- leveraging
 - SOA to decompose complex systems, 286
 - thin thread model, 288-289
 - vertical versus horizontal slicing, 287
 - SOA to drive development iterations, 289-290
 - divide and conquer strategies, 290-292
 - managing parallel iterations, 292-293
- limitations
 - of 2PC
 - discontinuous networks, 127
 - integration of legacy systems and packaged applications, 126
 - lack of support for long-lived transactions, 126
 - organizational challenges, 126
 - performance, 125
 - of ACID transactions
 - integration of legacy systems and packaged applications, 126
 - lack of support for long-lived transactions, 126
 - organizational challenge, 126
 - performance, 125
- load balancers, 181
 - off-the-shelf load balancers, interoperability 182
- local logging, 173
- location transparency, B2B, 218
- Log Services, 175
- log traces, 121
- logging, 172
 - configurations, 177-178
 - distributed logging, 173-175
 - execution containers, 169
 - frameworks, 177-178
 - local logging, 173
 - transaction boundaries, 175-177
 - transaction logs, 176
 - transaction monitors, 176
- logging and tracing, process integrity, 121-122
- logic
 - compensating logic, 153-154
 - core business logic, 113
 - process control logic, 113
 - process logic, 120
- logical integration, 343
- logic-centric services, 72-73
- logs, consolidated logs, 122
- loose coupling, 46-49
- maintainability, requirements of enterprise software architecture, 6
- maintenance, complexity, 242
- Manage Evolution, 349
- management
 - CSG, 355
 - Deutsche Post case study, 322
 - Winterthur, 338
- managing, 9. *See also* organizing IT
 - parallel iterations, 292-293
 - service repository, 62
- Manhattan Project, 277

- Manifesto for Agile Software Development*, 279
- Manugistics, 24
- Market Units of Winterthur, 326
- Martin, James; RAD, 279
- Martin, Robert; dX method, 279
- MDA (Model Driven Architecture), code generation, 167-168
- message integrity, 200-201
- Message Queuing systems, 34-35
- message transformation, execution containers, 169
- Message-Oriented Middleware. *See* MOM
- messages, 34
 - document-centric messages, 45-46
 - meta buses, creating, 162
 - Meta-Object Facility (MOF), 167
 - Microsoft ASP (Active Server Pages), 37
 - middleware, authentication, 190-192
 - middleware heterogeneity, 21-22
 - minimizing resources for communication on small devices, 224
 - mitigating risk, motivation for creating SOAs, 249-251
 - MMS (multimedia message service), 227
 - MOA, combining with SOA and BPM, 155-156
 - Model Driven Architecture (MDA), 167-178
 - modeling languages, BPM, 107-108
 - MODULA, 17
 - modularization and component programming, 17
 - MOF (Meta-Object Facility), 167
 - MOM (Message-Oriented Middleware), 34-35
 - email, 34
 - synchronous communication, 39
 - monitors, TP monitors, 125
 - motivation, 68
 - for creating SOAs, 239-241
 - agility, 241-242
 - business infrastructure, 246-247
 - cost savings, 242-244
 - efficient development processes, 247
 - evolutionary approach, 248-249
 - feedback from, 249
 - independence from technology, 245-246
 - mitigating risk, 249-251
 - reuse, 244-245
- MQSeries, 160, 185
- MS Visual Basic, VBX components, 17
- multi-channel applications, 228-229
 - fundamental SOA, 229-230
 - process-enabled SOAs, 231-234
 - service façades, 230-231
- multichannel architecture, 100
- multilevel transactions, 127
- multimedia message service (MMS), 227
- Myers, 16
- mySAP, 24
- Naming Services, ORB, 20
- nested transactions, 127
- NetWare Loadable Modules (NLM), 20
- networked SOA, 87, 93-98
- NLA (Non Life Applications), 329
- NLM (NetWare Loadable Modules), 20
- Non Life Applications (NLA), 329
- Norwegian Computing Center, 17
- Novell, NetWare Loadable Modules (NLM), 20
- Nygaard, Kristen, 17
- Object Management Group (OMG), 167
- object orientation, 112
- Object Request Broker. *See* ORB
- object-oriented programming, 17-18
- objects, 17
- offsetting, Intelligent Finance, 361
- off-the-shelf load balancers, interoperability, 182
- OLTP (Online Transaction Processing), 122
- OMG (Object Management Group), 167
 - CORBA, 160
- Online Transaction Processing (OLTP), 122
- operating systems, UNIX, 19
- operations, update operations, 140-142
 - error handling, 143
 - sequence numbers, 142
- optimistic concurrency control, 135-136
 - example, 137-138
- Oracle, 24
- ORB (Object Request Broker), 20, 33
 - Distributed Objects, 32
 - Naming Services, 20
- organizational challenges, limitations of 2PC and ACID transactions, 126
- organizational roadmaps, 10, 281
- organizational SOA roadmaps, 261-263
- organizing IT, 9-10
- orientation, service orientation, 250
- out of stock exceptions, 119
- outside intervention, 5
- parallel iterations, managing, 292-293
- Pascal, 16
- passenger check-in scenario, 205-207
- payload semantics, 43
 - coupling, 48
 - versus interface semantics, 44-45
 - document-centric messages, 45-46
- peer-programming, 279
- PeopleSoft, 24
- performance, limitations of 2PC and ACID transactions, 125
- persistent queues, 128
- pessimistic concurrency control, 135
 - examples, 139
- PIMs (Platform Independent Models), 167
- Platform Specific Models (PSMs), 167
- presentation layer, 327
- process and desktop integration, 344
- process control logic, 113
- process inconsistencies, 118
- process integrity, 118
 - 2PC, 124-125
 - ACID transactions, 122-123
 - BPMs, 121, 130-131
 - distributed 2PC, 124
 - logging and tracing, 121-122
 - multilevel transactions, 127
 - nested transactions, 127
 - persistent queues, 128
 - SAGAs, 130
 - SOA-driven project management, 293-295
 - transactional steps, 128
 - transaction chains, 129
 - transaction monitors, 124-125
 - versus data integrity, 117
 - Web service standards, 131-132
- process layer, 82
- process logic, 120
- process management, 104
- process orientation, BPM, 104
- process-centric services, 74-75, 364
- process-enabled SOAs, 87, 98, 100-102
 - BPM, 112
 - core business logic versus process control logic, 112-114
 - design implications, 114
 - multi-channel applications, 231-234
- processes
 - implementing SOA
 - at CSG, 347-348
 - at Deutsche Post, 316-318
 - at Winterthur, 330-332
 - in an ideal world, 266-269
- Product Lifecycle Management, 24
- products, 29
- programming paradigms, 18
 - component programming, 17
 - functional decomposition, 16
 - functional programming, 16
 - object-oriented programming, 17-18
 - service-orientation, 15
- project control elements, SOA artifacts, 282-284
- project definitions, including service designs, 285-286
- project management, 277
 - implementing at Intelligent Finance, 367-369
 - architecture boards, 368
 - DIA, 368
 - IT steering committee, 368
 - work streams, 368
 - XML tsars, 368-369
 - implementing SOA
 - at CSG, 349
 - at Deutsche Post, 319
 - at Winterthur, 333-334
- project management methodologies
 - adding service orientation to, 280
 - configuration management, 296
 - challenges for, 296-298
 - recommendations for the SOA integration, 298-300
 - establishing, 278-280

380 Index

- SOA-driven project management, 281-282
 - including service designs in, 285-286
 - leveraging SOA to decompose, 286-289
 - leveraging SOA to drive, 289-293
 - process integrity, 293-295
 - SOA artifacts as project control, 282-284
 - testing, 301-307
- project managers, perspective of SOAs, 253
- project schedule, Intelligent Finance, 364-365
- project scope
 - CSG, 342
 - business impact, 342-343
 - technology impact, 343-346
 - Deutsche Post, 312-313
 - business impact, 313-315
 - technology impact, 315
 - Intelligent Finance, 360
 - business impact, 360-361
 - technology impact, 362-365
 - Winterthur, 326
 - business impact, 326
 - technology impact, 327-330
- projects, success of SOAs, 264-265
- PROLOG, 17
- protagonists, recommendations for, 274-275
- proxy users, 222
- PSMs (Platform Specific Models), 167
- public enterprise services, 81-82
- QoS (Quality of Service), 127
- queues, 34
 - persistent queues, 128
- R/2, 23
- RAD (Rapid Application Development), 279
- RAS (Reliability/Availability/Serviceability), 172
- read stability, 125
- real world SOAs, 271
 - example of failure, 271-272
 - example of success, 272-274
- recommendations
 - for SOA integration team, 298-300
 - for SOA protagonists, 274-275
- reducing risk, 296
- Reengineering the Corporation*, 103
- refactoring enterprise software, architecture, 5
- referential integrity, 117
- regression test environments, 306
- relational databases, 23
- Reliability/Availability/Serviceability (RAS), 172
- remote procedure call system, SUN-RPC standard, 19
- Remote Procedure Calls. *See* RPCs
- Remoteness, 19
- Rendezvous, 34
- repeatable read, 125
- repositories
 - CSG, 354
 - Deutsche Post case study, 321
 - implementing
 - at CSG, 348
 - at Intelligent Finance, 366
 - at Winterthur, 332-333
 - Intelligent Finance, 370
 - Winterthur, 336-338
- requirements of enterprise software architecture, 6-7
- resource managers, 124
- return on investment (ROI), 259
- reusability, requirements of enterprise software architecture, 6
- reuse, 242-245
- risk, reducing, 296
- risk analysis, 295
- risk-mitigating effect, motivation for creating SOAs, 249-251
- roadmaps
 - enterprise IT renovation roadmap, 3, 10-11, 262
 - organizational roadmaps, 10, 261-263, 281
 - technical roadmaps, 10
- ROI (return on investment), 259
- RosettaNet, 217
- RPCs (Remote Procedure Calls), 31-32
 - fire-and-forget, 39
- RPC-style interfaces, 42
- r-tools suite, 19
- runtime binding, 63-64
- runtime configuration, 178
- runtime service discovery based on reflection, 63
- runtime service lookup by name, 63
- runtime service lookup by properties, 63
- SAGAs, 130
- SAML (Security Assertion Markup Language), 193
- SAP, 23-24
 - R/2, 23
- SBB (Service Backbone), 312, 321
 - Deutsche Post, 315
- scalability, 178-181
 - CICS, 185
 - CORBA, 184
 - EJBs, 182-184
 - in a heterogeneous SOA, 186
 - Web Services, 181
 - wrapped legacy applications, 185-186
- SCM (Supply Chain Management), 15, 24
- securing SOAs, 187, 200-201
 - authentication, 187-190
 - authorization, 193-195
 - encryption, 196-197
 - transport security, 196-197
 - trust domains, 197-198
- security
 - CSG, 355
 - Deutsche Post case study, 322
 - execution containers, 168
 - and heterogeneity, 199-200
 - J2ME MIDP, 223
 - lightweight security, 223
 - Winterthur, 338
 - Security Assertion Markup Language (SAML), 193
 - security infrastructures, B2B, 217
 - security solution, 355
 - semi-transactional steps, 149-150
 - separating SOA services, 114
 - server controlled transactions, 145-146
 - service access layer, 364
 - Service Backbone (SBB), 312
 - service binding, 64
 - service bus, SOA, 64-65
 - service buses, 159
 - service clients, exposing to transaction logic, 145
 - service contracts, 284-285
 - service contract iterations, 290
 - service designs, including in project definitions, 285-286
 - service dispatchers, 163
 - service documentation, 250
 - service enablement, EAI, 212-215
 - service facades, multi-channel applications, 230-231
 - service interfaces
 - CSG, 354
 - Deutsche Post case study, 322
 - Intelligent Finance, 370-372
 - versus services, 371-372
 - Winterthur, 336-338
- service layers
 - creating layers that replace direct interaction with distributed objects, 214
 - Intelligent Finance, 363-364
- service orientation, 250
 - adding to project management methodologies, 280
- Service Registry, 320
 - implementing SOA at Deutsche Post, 318-319
- service repositories
 - EAI, 217
 - managing, 62
 - SOA, 60-62
- service requests, 364
- service stubs, 163
 - code generation, 164
- service types, 67
 - basic services, 70
 - data-centric services, 70-71
 - logic-centric services, 72-73
 - classification, 69-70
 - intermediary services, 76
 - adapters, 78
 - façades, 78-80
 - functionality-adding services, 81
 - technology gateways, 76-77
 - motivation, 68
 - process-centric services, 74-75
 - public enterprise services, 81-82
- service-orientation, 18
- Service-Oriented Architecture. *See* SOA
- services, 13-15
 - basic services
 - data-centric services, 70-71
 - logic-centric services, 72-73

- business computing. *See* business computing
- cost effectiveness, 14
- distributed computing, 19-22
 - SOAP, 22
 - XML, 21
- domain-specific business services, 327
- implementing business processes, 327
- intermediary services, 76
 - adapters, 78
 - facades, 78-80
 - functionality-adding services, 81
 - technology gateways, 76-77
- Log Services, 175
- Naming Services, ORB, 20
- process-centric services, 74-75
- versus service interfaces, 371-372
- SOA. *See* SOA
- technical services, 327
- Web Services, 13
- World Wide Web, 15
- servicing execution containers, 168
- session-tokens, 174
- short message service (SMS), 81, 227
- Siebel, 24
- sign-on frameworks, 193
- sign-on infrastructures, 190
- Simple Object Access Protocol (SOAP), 22
- simplicity, requirements of enterprise software architecture, 6
- SIMULA, 17
- simulated synchronous communication, 39
- small devices
 - designing for, 223-227
 - minimizing resources for communication, 224
- Smith, Howard, 104
- SMS (short message service), 81, 227
- SMS proxy, 228
- SOA (Service-Oriented Architecture), 1, 10, 14, 56-58
 - application frontends, 58-59
 - change requests, agility, 89
 - combining with BPM and MOA, 155-156
 - EAI, 215
 - enterprise standards versus architecture, 8
 - fundamental SOA, 87, 91-92
 - goals of, 10
 - heterogeneous SOA, availability and scalability, 186
 - ideal world
 - specifics, 269-271
 - structures and processes, 266-269
 - layers, 82-83
 - motivation for creating, 239-241
 - agility, 241-242
 - business infrastructure, 246-247
 - cost savings, 242-244
 - efficient development processes, 247
 - evolutionary approach, 248-249
 - feedback, 249
 - independence from technology, 245-246
 - mitigating risk, 249-251
 - reuse, 244-245
 - multi-channel applications, 228-229
 - fundamental SOA, 229-230
 - process-enabled SOAs, 231-234
 - service façades, 230-231
 - networked SOA, 87, 93-98
 - personal perspective of benefits, 251
 - architects, 253
 - CEOs, 252
 - CIOs, 252
 - functional departments, 254
 - project managers, 253
 - software developers, 254
 - vendors of standard software, 255
 - process-enabled SOAs, 87, 98, 100-102
 - real world, 271
 - example of failure, 271-272
 - example of success, 272-274
 - securing, 187, 200-201
 - authentication, 187-190
 - authorization, 193-195
 - encryption, 196-197
 - transport security, 196-197
 - trust domains, 197-198
 - separating services, 114
 - service bus, 64-65
 - service repository, 60-62
 - services, 59-60
 - top-down code generation, 166
- SOA architects
 - avoiding distributed 2PC, 143-144
 - client controlled transactions, 144-145
 - implicit application level protocols, 146-147
 - server controlled transactions, 145-146
 - combining SOA, MOA, and BPM, 155-156
 - compensating logic, 153-154
 - example scenario, travel itinerary management, 133-134
 - optimistic concurrency control
 - examples, 137-138
 - implementing, 136
 - pessimistic concurrency control, examples, 139
 - transactional steps, 147-149
 - choosing granularity, 151-153
 - semi-transactional steps, 149-150
 - update operations, 140-142
 - sequence numbers, 142
 - simplifying error handling, 143
- SOA artifacts as project control elements, 282-284
- SOA boards, 267-281
- SOA infrastructure versus business services, 281
- SOA integration team, recommendations for, 298-300
- SOA roadmaps, organizational aspects of, 261-263
- SOA-driven project management, 281-282
 - including service designs in the project definition, 285-286
 - leveraging SOA to decompose complex systems, 286
 - thin thread model, 288-289
 - vertical versus, 287
 - leveraging SOA to drive development iterations, 289-290
 - divide and conquer, 290-292
 - managing parallel, 292-293
 - process integrity, 293-295
 - SOA artifacts as project control elements, 282-284
- SOAP (Simple Object Access Protocol), 22
 - authentication, 192-193
 - document-centric messages, 45
 - J2ME SOAP, 224
 - software architecture, 55-56
 - software artifacts, granularity, 284
 - software assets, 33
 - software buses, 159-163
 - CORBA, 160
 - Enterprise Service Bus, 160
 - J2EE, 161
 - software components, 17
 - software developers, perspective of SOAs, 254
 - software development, 23
 - software modules, 17
 - special cases, 119
 - specifics of SOAs in an ideal world, 269-271
 - Spiral Model, 279
 - Spowart, Jim, 361
 - SQL, 10
 - SSB, Deutsche Post, 322
 - stability, EAI, 215-216
 - stakeholders, conflicts of interest, 258-261
 - standards, enterprise software (standards versus architecture), 7-8
 - Stanford University Network, 19
 - state comparison, optimistic concurrency controls, 136
 - stateless semantics, B2B, 218
 - stateless session beans, 183
 - static authorization, 194
 - stress testing, 180
 - structures
 - implementing SOA
 - at CSG, 347-348
 - at Deutsche Post, 316-318
 - at Winterthur, 330-332
 - in an ideal world, 266-269
 - success
 - example of SOA failure, 272-274
 - of SOAs, 263
 - backers, 265-266
 - budgets, 264
 - initial project, 264-265
 - teams, 265
- Sun Microsystems, 19
 - Enterprise Java Beans, 21
 - RPCs, 31
- SUN-RPC standard, 19
- Supply Chain Management (SCM), 15, 24
- Sybase, 20
- synchronous communication, 38, 350
 - coupling, 47
 - MOM, 39
- synchronous integration with CSIB, 350-352
- synchrony, 38-41

382 Index

- system management, execution containers, 169
- systematic testing, 302
- teams, success of SOAs, 265
- technical failures, 118
- technical integration, 343
- technical roadmaps, 10
- technical services, 327
- technology
 - complexity, 241
 - CSG, 350
 - architecture, 350-355
 - Deutsche Post, 320
 - architecture, 320-321
 - contracts, 322
 - management, 322
 - repositories, 321
 - security, 322
 - service interfaces, 322
 - Intelligent Finance, 369
 - architecture, 369-370
 - contracts, 370
 - repositories, 370
 - service interfaces, 370-372
 - Winterthur, 334-336
 - contracts, 336-338
 - management, 338
 - repositories, 336-338
 - security, 338
 - service interfaces, 336-338
- technology gateways, 76-77
- technology impact
 - CSG, 343-346
 - Deutsche Post, 315
 - Intelligent Finance, 362-365
 - Winterthur, 327-330
- technology whitepapers, 267
- telnet, 19
- test drivers, 306
- test suites, creating, 304
- testing, 301-307
 - functional testing, 301
 - regression test environments, creating, 306
 - systematic testing, 302
 - test suites, creating, 304
- thin thread model, 288-289
- thin-thread approach, 250
- Tibco Software, Rendezvous, 34
- tight coupling, 46-49
- timestamps, optimistic concurrency control, 136
- tokens, 174
- tools, automated test tools, 301
- top-down code generation, 165-166
- Total Quality Management, 103
- TP monitors. *See* transaction monitors
- TPMs (Transaction Processing Monitors). *See* transaction monitors
- tracing, 172
- transaction boundaries, logging, 175-177
- transaction chains, 129
 - combining with compensating transactions, 130
- transaction coordinator, 124
- transaction logic, exposing to service clients, 145
- transaction logs, 176
- transaction management, execution containers, 168
- transaction monitors, 36, 124-125
 - logging, 176
- Transaction Processing Monitors (TPMs). *See* transaction monitors
- transactional steps, 128-129, 147-149
 - choosing granularity, 151-153
 - semi-transactional steps, 149-150
- transactions, 42
 - ACID transactions, 122-123
 - client controlled transactions, 144-145
 - compensating transactions, 129
 - multilevel transactions, 127
 - nested transactions, 127
 - server controlled transactions, 145-146
 - Web services-based transaction protocols, 132
- transaction-tokens, 174
- transport security, 196-197
- trust domains, 197-198
- Tuxedo, 21, 36
- Two-Phase Commit Protocol. *See* 2PC
- TX monitors. *See* transaction monitors
- Über bus, 162
- UDDI (Universal Description, Discovery and Integration), 46, 49
- UN/CEFACT (ebXML), 217
- uncommitted read, 125
- Universal Description, Discovery and Integration (UDDI), 46, 49
- UNIX, 19
 - workstations, 20
- update operations, 140-142
 - error handling, 143
 - sequence numbers, 142
- upgrade ability, EAI, 215-216
- user-defined data integrity, 118
- users, proxy users, 222
- VBX components, 17
- vendors of standard software, perspective of SOAs, 255
- version counts, optimistic concurrency control, 136
- vertical slicing versus horizontal slicing, 287
- vision of BPM, 109-111
- VT100 systems, 185
- Wal-Mart, business computing, 23
- Web applications, building, 206, 209-211
- Web Service Definition Language (WSDL), 22
- Web service standards, process integrity, 131-132
- Web Services, 13
 - availability, 181
 - scalability, 181
- whitepapers, 266-267
 - business whitepapers, 266
 - technology whitepapers, 267
- wincolink, 326
- Winterthur, 272, 325-326
 - implementing SOA, 330
 - processes and structures, 330-332
 - project management, 333-334
 - repositories, 332-333
 - lessons learned from implementing SOA, 339-340
 - project scope, 326
 - business impact, 326
 - technology impact, 327-330
 - technology, 334-336
 - contracts, 336-338
 - management, 338
 - repositories, 336-338
 - security, 338
 - service interfaces, 336-338
- Wirth, Niklaus; Pascal, 16
- WMS (Workflow Management System), 120
- work streams, 368
- workflow components, 355
- Workflow Management Systems (WMS), 120
- workstations, 20
- World Wide Web, service, 15
- wrapped legacy applications, 185-186
- write-test-cases-before-writing-the-actual-code, 279
- WSDL (Web Service Definition Language), 22
- X/Open DTP (X/Open standard for Distributed Transaction Processing), 125
- XA interface, 125
- XML, 21
 - implementing at Intelligent Finance, 365-366