

In this chapter, you learn how to keep an iPhone in top shape and what to do should problems happen. Topics include the following:

- → Getting started
- → Maintaining an iPhone's software
- → Maintaining iPhone apps
- → Backing up your iPhone
- → Finding and securing your iPhone with Find My iPhone
- → Maintaining an iPhone's power
- → Solving iPhone problems
- → Getting help with iPhone problems

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Maintaining and Protecting Your iPhone and Solving Problems

iPhones usually work very well, and you are unlikely to have problems with one, especially if you keep its software current. When problems do occur, you can usually solve them with a few simple steps. If that fails, there's lots of help available for you on the Internet or you can visit the Genius bar at an Apple store.

Getting Started

The software that makes the iPhone work is called the iOS, and is currently on version 10. This software runs very reliably so you won't have to spend a lot of time fixing problems. There are three important things to know from this chapter. One is how to keep your iPhone's software current (covered in the next task) because that minimizes the problems you have. Another is how to restart your iPhone (see "Restarting Your iPhone" in this chapter) because that solves many problems in the unlikely event that you experience one. The third is how to get help (see "Getting Help with iPhone Problems," also later in this chapter); your best resource is an Apple Genius at an Apple Store because she can help you solve any hardware or software problem you might experience.

Maintaining an iPhone's Software

Like software on computers, the software on your iPhone gets updated periodically to fix bugs, solve issues, and introduce new features. For best results, you should make sure your iPhone has the latest releases installed.

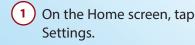
There are two types of software you need to maintain: the iOS software that runs your iPhone and the apps you have installed on it. Fortunately, maintaining both types is simple.

Maintaining the iOS Software with the Settings App

You can check for updates to the iOS using the Settings app. If an update is found, you can download and install it directly on the iPhone.

Update Notification

You might receive a notification on the iPhone when an update to iOS is available; you also see a badge on the Settings app's icon. You can tap Update in the notification to move to the Update screen (and so won't need to perform steps 1–3).

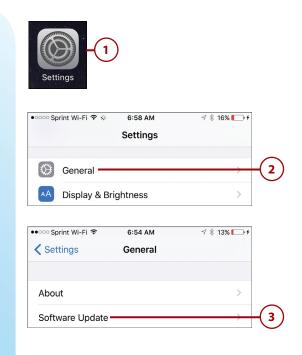


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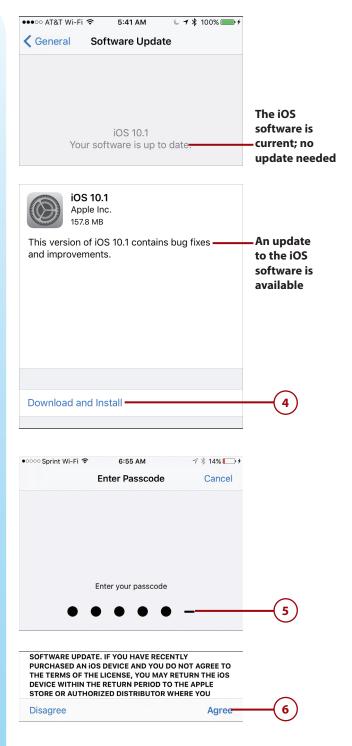
Tap General.

Tap Software Update. The app checks for an update. If one is available, you see information about it and should proceed to step 4. If no update is needed, you see a message saying so and you can skip the rest of these steps.



4) If automatic update downloads are enabled, tap Install Now; if not, tap Download and Install. The update is downloaded if it hasn't been already and the installation process begins. You might see a brief prompt asking if the update should be installed; you can tap Install or just ignore it and the installation starts automatically. Depending on your iPhone's status, you might see different warnings, such as if you aren't connected to a power supply.

Enter your iPhone's passcode. Tap Agree.



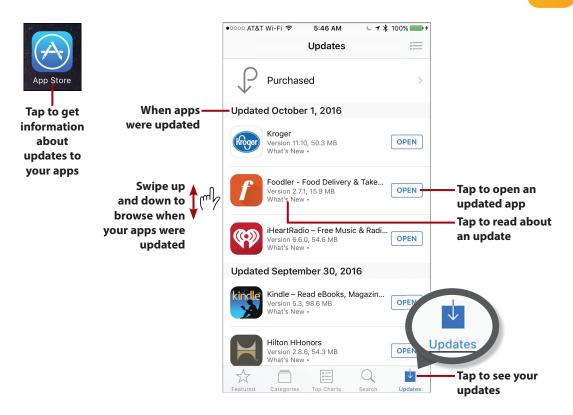
7 Tap Agree at the prompt. The software update installs on your iPhone. As part of the update process, the iPhone restarts. When it does, the updated software is ready for you to use.

Terms and C I agree to the iOS a Terms and Conditio Privacy I		
Cancel	Agree	-(7

Maintaining iPhone Apps

iPhone apps are regularly updated to fix bugs or add features and enhancements. If you enable the AUTOMATIC DOWNLOADS setting for Updates in the iTunes & App Store Settings (refer to the task "Configuring Your iPhone to Download and Maintain Apps" in Chapter 5, "Customizing How Your iPhone Works," for details), you don't need to worry about keeping your apps current because the iOS does that for you automatically whenever your iPhone is connected to a Wi-Fi network. (Updates to the iOS software are also downloaded automatically, but you have to start the installation process as described in the previous task.) If you enable the Use Cellular Data setting on the iTunes & App Store settings screen, the updates occur at any time your iPhone is connected to the cellular network, too (except for very large updates, which are only downloaded when your phone is connected to a Wi-Fi network).

To see how your apps have been updated, tap the App Store app on the Home screen to open it. Tap the Updates button, and then swipe up and down to see the apps that have been updated. The updates are grouped by the date on which the updates occurred. To see details about an update, tap its What's New link. You can open the current version of the app by tapping OPEN. If an app's update is pending, tap UPDATE to update it, or you can tap Update All to update all your apps. (With automatic updates enabled, you don't need to manually update apps, but there might be times you don't want to wait for the automatic update to be done.)



Backing Up Your iPhone

Like all things data related, it's important to back up your iPhone's data. If you ever need to restore your iPhone to solve a problem or replace your iPhone with a new one, having a current backup can get you back to where you want to be as quickly and easily as possible.

There are two places where you can back up your iPhone. You can back up to your iCloud account or to your computer. In fact, you can back up to both places for maximum protection.

Ideally, you'll configure your iPhone to back up to iCloud so you can back up whenever your iPhone is connected to a Wi-Fi network that provides an Internet connection. Periodically, you can back up to your computer using the iTunes app.

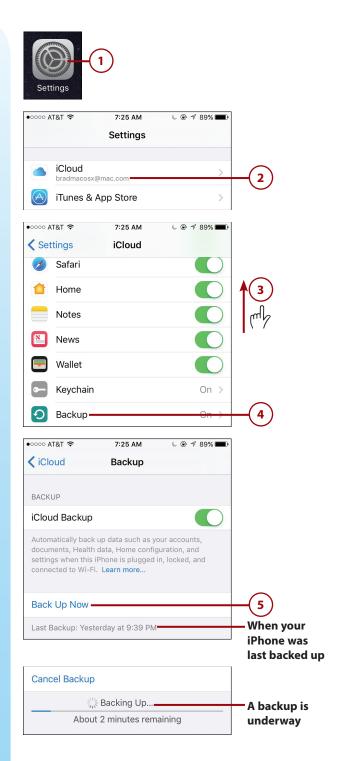
To learn how to configure your iPhone to back up to your iCloud account, see "Configuring Your iCloud Backup" in Chapter 4, "Setting Up and Using iCloud and Other Online Accounts." With this enabled, your iPhone is backed up automatically. You can manually back up at any time as described in the following task.

Manually Backing Up Your iPhone to iCloud

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To manually back up your iPhone to your iCloud account, do the following:

- 1) Tap Settings.
- **2**) Tap iCloud.
 - Swipe up the screen.
 -) Tap Backup.
 - Tap Back Up Now. Your iPhone's data is backed up to iCloud. You can see the progress on the screen; however, you can continue using your iPhone because the process works in the background. You just need to start the manual back-up process, and then do whatever you want while it completes.



>>>*Go Further* BACKING UP TO A COMPUTER

Using iCloud to back up your iPhone is good because the back-up process is done over the Internet, and it's automatic so you don't have to remember to do it. You can also manually back up your iPhone to a computer using iTunes. Connect your iPhone to a computer and open the iTunes app on the computer. Select the iPhone you want to back up. Click the Summary settings. Click Back Up Now. The iPhone's data is backed up and you can restore the iPhone using that backup should you need to.

If you don't want to back up your iPhone to iCloud for some reason (not recommended), click This Computer on the Summary screen in iTunes and click Sync. The iPhone is backed up only on the computer. You must connect the iPhone to the computer to back it up so if you choose this option, make sure you do so regularly and often.

Finding and Securing Your iPhone with Find My iPhone

If you lose your iPhone, you can use iCloud's Find My iPhone feature to locate your iPhone and to secure it by locking it or, in the worst case, erasing its data. Hopefully, you'll never need to use this capability, but it's good to know how just in case.

Keep It Secure

For better security, you should configure a passcode, as described in Chapter 5. When a passcode is required, it must be entered to unlock and use an iPhone. If you don't have a passcode, anyone who picks up your iPhone can use it. This section assumes you have a passcode set. If not, go back to Chapter 5 and set one before continuing—unless you've already lost control of your iPhone. If you don't have a passcode set and lose your iPhone, you're prompted to create a passcode when you put it in Lost Mode. After you configure Find My iPhone and use it to locate your iPhone, you can perform the following actions on it:

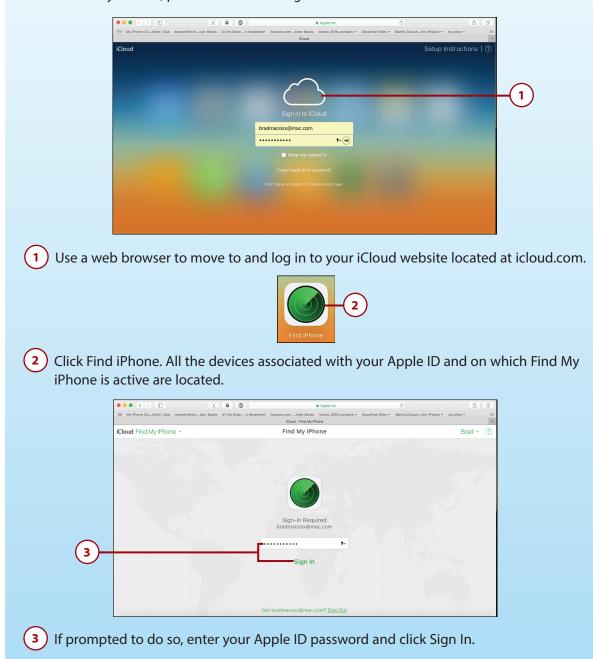
- **Play Sound**—This does just what it sounds like. A sound is played on the iPhone and an alert appears on its screen. This provides information to whoever has the device—such as if you've loaned the device to someone and want it back. The sound can help you locate the device if it is in the same general vicinity as you.
- Lost Mode—This locks the iPhone so it can't be used without entering the passcode. This can protect your iPhone without changing its data. You can also display contact information on the iPhone's screen to enable someone to get in touch with you.
- **Erase Your iPhone**—This erases the iPhone's memory as the "last chance" to protect your data. You should only do this in the worst-case scenario because when you erase the iPhone, you lose the ability to find it again using Find My iPhone.

Keeping You Informed

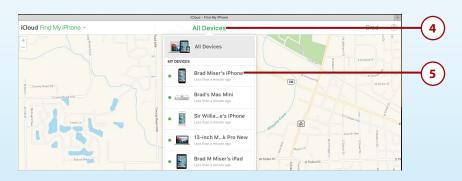
Whenever you use one of the Find My iPhone actions, such as playing a sound or using the Lost Mode, you receive emails to your iCloud email address showing the action taken along with the device, date, and time on which it was performed.

To use Find My iPhone, it must be enabled on your iPhone using the iCloud Settings as explained in Chapter 4 (it is enabled by default so unless you have disabled it, it should be ready for you to use when needed).

Using Find My iPhone to Locate Your iPhone

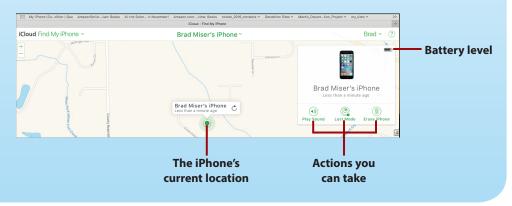


To use Find My iPhone, perform the following tasks:



Click the All Devices menu. All your devices are shown on the My Devices list.

Click the device you want to locate. If the device can be located, you see it on a map. You can use the map's controls to zoom into the iPhone's location so you get the best idea of where it currently is. You also see a dialog box that enables you to perform the three actions described earlier. The details for each are provided in the following tasks.



Using Find My iPhone to Play a Sound on Your iPhone

Here's how to send a sound or message to an iOS device:

Locate your iPhone as described in the previous task.

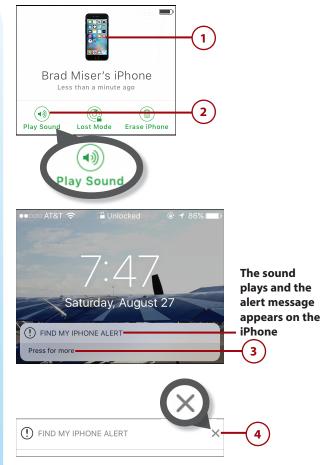
Passcode Not Required

A passcode is not required to stop the alert sound playing and to delete the alert. Therefore, anyone can do this. If you think someone else might have your iPhone, you should use the Lost Mode instead of playing a sound. The sound option is really only useful to help you locate the phone when you are certain no one else could have it.

- 2 Click Play Sound. The alert sound plays on the iPhone and the FIND MY IPHONE ALERT appears on the screen.
- 3 To stop the sound from playing on the iPhone, press the alert if you are using a model with 3D Touch or swipe to the right on non-3D Touch models.
- 4 Tap the close button (x) on models with 3D Touch or tap Clear on non-3D Touch models to stop the sound and delete the alert.

The Sound Remains the Same

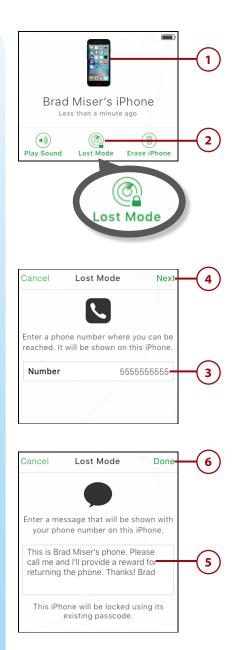
When you send a sound to an iPhone, it plays even if the iPhone is muted.



Using Find My iPhone to Put Your iPhone in Lost Mode

You can put your iPhone into Lost Mode by doing the following:

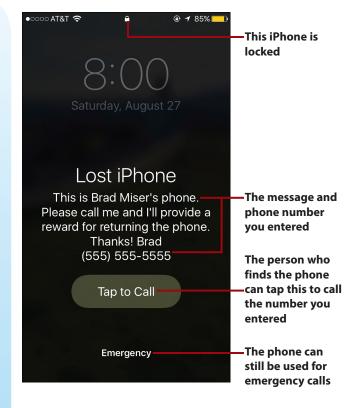
- Locate the device using the steps in the previous task.
- 2 Click Lost Mode. (If you haven't entered a passcode, you're prompted to create one by entering and verifying it.)
- 3 If you want to send a phone number to the device so that someone can call you about it, enter it at the prompt.
 - Click Next.
 - Enter the message you want to appear on the iPhone. This can be your request that whoever has the device call you, instructions for returning the device, and so on.
- Tap Done. The iPhone is locked and the message you entered displays on the screen. While the iPhone is in Lost Mode, the Lost Mode icon on the Find My iPhone screen rotates and you see the Lost Mode indicator.



When the device enters Lost Mode, it is locked and protected with the existing passcode. The phone number and message you entered appear on the iPhone's screen. The person finding your phone can tap Tap to Call to call the number you entered.

In addition to being locked, the phone is placed in Low Power Mode so the battery's charge will last as long as possible. Apple Pay is also disabled.

The iPhone remains in Lost Mode until it is unlocked. You see the current status in the iPhone's window on the iCloud Find iPhone website. When you unlock the phone, you need to re-enter your Apple ID password to restart iCloud services and re-enable Apple Pay.



Using Find My iPhone to Erase Your iPhone

If you decide you've lost control of your device and want to protect the information it contains, take the following steps to erase it:

Locate the device using the steps in the task "Using Find My iPhone to Locate Your iPhone" earlier in this chapter.



Click Erase iPhone.

Erase a Device

When you erase an iPhone, all its data is deleted and it's reset to factory conditions. This means you are no longer able to use Find My iPhone to locate it. Only do this when you're pretty sure the iPhone is out of your control or that you won't be getting it back any time soon.

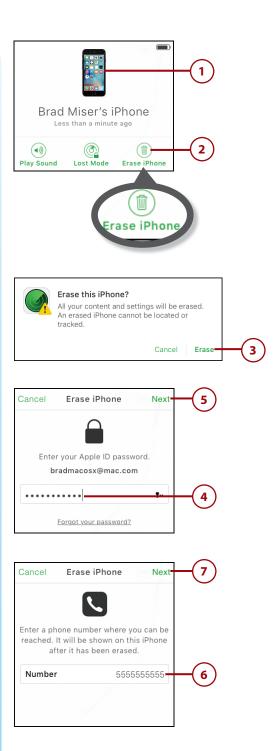
Click Erase.

Enter your Apple ID password.

Click Next.

) If you want to send a phone number to the device so that someone can call you about it, enter it at the prompt.





- 8 Enter the message you want to appear on the iPhone. This can be your request that whoever has the device call you, instructions for returning the device, and so on.
- 9 Tap Done. The iPhone is erased and the message you entered displays on the screen. The person who finds it can tap Call to call the number you entered in step 6, hopefully to return your iPhone. If it does get returned, you have to restore the iPhone using a backup from iCloud or iTunes on your computer (the steps to do this are later in this chapter).



>>>Go Further USING FIND MY IPHONE

Here are some more tips on using Find My iPhone:

- To update the locations of your devices, refresh the web page and reopen the All Devices list.
- When you send a message to an iPhone that is in Lost Mode or when you erase it, you
 might want to include additional contact information in the message, such as your name
 and where you are currently located. You could also offer a reward for the return of the
 iPhone. Include enough information so that if someone wants to return the device to you,
 she has what she needs to be able to do so.
- If you lose your iPhone, use an escalation of steps to try to regain control. Look at the iPhone's location on the map. If you are very sure no one else has the phone, play the sound because it might help you find it again. If the iPhone doesn't appear to be near your

current location or it appears to be but you can't find it, put it in Lost Mode. This hopefully prevents someone else from using it while you locate it and allows someone who finds it to contact you. If you lose all hope of finding it again, you can erase the iPhone to delete the data it contains. When you do this, you lose the ability to track your iPhone and have to rely on someone finding it and contacting you. This is a severe action, so you don't want to do it prematurely.

- Erasing an iPhone is a bit of a double-edged sword. It protects your data by erasing your device, but it also means you can't use Find My iPhone to locate it anymore. You should use this only if you're pretty sure someone has your device. After you erase it, there's no way to track the iPhone's location. How fast you move to erase your iPhone also depends on whether you've required a passcode. If you do require a passcode, you know your device's data can't be accessed without that code, so it will take some time for a miscreant to crack it, and you can be slower on going to the point of erasing it. If your iPhone doesn't have a passcode, you might want to erase it sooner to prevent someone from accessing your content.
- As you use Find My iPhone, you receive email notifications about various events, such as when a device is locked, when a message you sent is displayed, and so on. These are good ways to know something about what is happening with your iPhone, even though you might not be able to see the iPhone for yourself.
- If Find My iPhone can't currently find your iPhone, you can still initiate the same actions as when the iPhone is found, although they won't actually happen until the iPhone becomes visible to the Find My iPhone service again. To be notified when this happens, check the Email me when this iPhone is found check box. When the iPhone becomes visible to Find My iPhone, you receive an email and then can take appropriate action to locate and secure it.
- There's an app for that. You can download and use the free Find iPhone app on an iOS device to use this feature (it's installed on iPhones by default and is located in the Extras folder). For example, you can use this app on an iPad to locate an iPhone.

Maintaining an iPhone's Power



Obviously, an iPhone with a dead battery isn't good for much. As you use your iPhone, you should keep an eye on its battery status. As long as the battery icon is at least partially filled, you're okay. As the iPhone gets low on power, the battery status icon becomes almost empty. Two separate warnings alert you when the battery lowers to 20% and then again at 10%.



When you see the low-power warnings, you can tap Low Power Mode to have your iPhone run in this mode that reduces power use to extend the life of your battery. It does this by slowing down the phone's processor, stops automatic downloads, stops email push, and any other processes that consume lots of power. Although this reduces the performance of your phone, it can extend the time until your iPhone runs out of power. While in Low Power Mode, the battery status icon is yellow.

If you keep going, whether you choose to run in Low Power Mode or not, the iPhone eventually runs out of power and shuts down. Once it shuts down because of a low battery, you won't be able to unlock or use it until you connect it to a charger and the battery has recharged enough for the phone to operate, which can take a few minutes. If you try to use it before it has enough power, you see the red, empty battery icon on the screen.



Fortunately, it's easy to avoid running out of power by keeping your iPhone charged. Connect the iPhone to the charger or a computer using the USB cable, and it charges automatically. While this is occurring, you see the charging icon in the upper-right corner of the screen, and if you wake the iPhone, a large battery icon showing the relative state of the battery appears on its screen. When charging is complete, the battery status icon replaces the charging icon in the upper-right corner of the screen, the large battery icon disappears, and you see the iPhone's wallpaper if it's locked, or you see whatever screen you happen to be using if it isn't locked.

If your iPhone moved into Low Power Mode automatically before you started charging it, it also moves out of Lower Power Mode automatically when it has been recharged sufficiently.

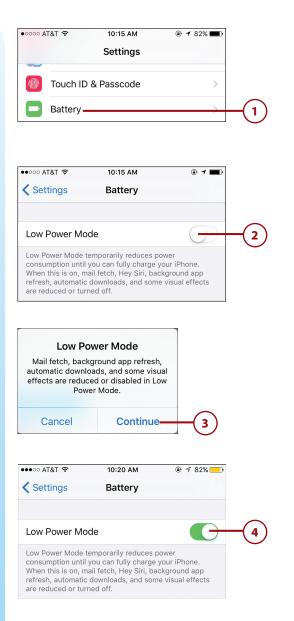
Topping Off

It's a good idea to keep your iPhone's battery topped off; this type of battery actually does better if you keep it charged rather than letting it run down all the way before recharging. Periodically, say every month or two, you might want to let your iPhone run completely out of power and then recharge it to maximize its life. The key point is, as Apple puts it, to "keep the electrons moving." So, don't let your iPhone sit with no activity for long periods of time.

Setting Low Power Mode and Getting Information About Battery Use

You can configure and get information about your iPhone's battery by doing the following:

- 1) Open the Settings app and tap Battery.
- 2 To manually activate Low Power Mode, set its switch to on (green); to leave it in automatic mode, skip to step 5.
- 3 Tap Continue; you have to do this only the first time you manually set Low Power Mode or after you reset your iPhone's warnings. The iPhone goes into Low Power Mode indicated by the yellow battery icon.
- 4) To return your phone to normal operation, set the Low Power Mode switch to off (white).



- 5 To see the percentage of charge remaining along with the battery icon, slide the Battery Percentage switch to on (green). The percentage of charge remaining appears to the left of the battery status icon at the top of the screen. (This happens automatically when you put the iPhone into Low Power Mode.)
- 6 Swipe up the screen to see the BATTERY USAGE section. This provides information about how much power apps are using, which can come in handy when you want to make your battery last longer (see the next task for details).
- Tap Last 24 Hours to see the power use over that time period, or tap Last 7 Days to view the power use over a sevenday timeframe. You see the percentage of total power being used by each of the apps on the list. You also see if the power is being used by background activity.



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- 8 Tap the Clock icon to see the amount of time the app has been running to use the power it has consumed. You see this both for on screen or background activity.
- 9 View information about the time that your iPhone has been in use or has been in standby since the last charge.

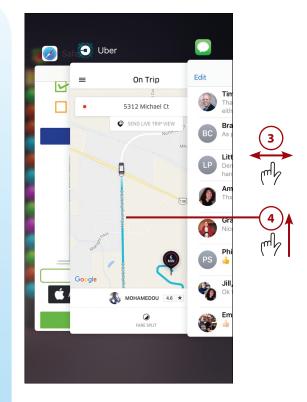
Making the Battery Last Longer

If your iPhone's battery doesn't seem to last very long, the issue is likely that a service is very active and is requiring near-constant activity. Common causes of this problem are Push being turned on for an account that has a lot of activity, an application using GPS capabilities, and so on. Try these steps to find and stop the source of the power drain:

-) Use steps 6 through 8 in the previous task to identify apps using a large amount of power.
-) If you identify a power-hungry app that you don't want to use any more, press the Touch ID/ Home button twice to open the App Switcher.



- 3 Swipe to the left or right on the App Switcher until the powerhog's screen is front and center.
 - Swipe up on the app's screen to shut it down.
- 5 Open the Settings app, tap Mail, tap Accounts, and then tap Fetch New Data.
- Slide the status switch for Push to off (white). This disables Push functionality. To update your information, set a Fetch schedule using the controls on the bottom of the Fetch New Data screen or just open an app, such as Mail.







- Turn off any transmitting and receiving functions that you aren't using, such as Bluetooth. Using the Control Center is a handy way to do this quickly.
- 8 Use your iPhone to see if the battery lasts longer. If it does, you know one of the changes you made was the reason; you can either leave the offending source of power drain shut down or just be aware when you are using it. If the battery still doesn't last very long, it might have a problem and you should contact Apple for assistance.



Solving iPhone Problems

Even a device as reliable as your iPhone can sometimes run into problems. Fortunately, the solutions to most problems you encounter are simple. If a simple solution doesn't work, a great deal of detailed help is available from Apple, and even more is available from the community of iPhone users.

The problems that you can address with the simple steps described in this section vary and range from such issues as the iPhone hanging (won't respond to commands) to apps not working as they should. Use the following tasks to address problems you encounter.

Restarting an App

If an app you are using locks up, displays an error, or isn't working the way it should, try shutting it down and restarting it.

- 1 Press the Touch ID/Home button twice. The App switcher opens.
- 2 Swipe to the left or right until the app that has frozen is in the center of the screen.
- 3) Swipe up on the app to shut it down.
- Press the Touch ID/Home button to move back to the Home screen.
- Open the app again. If it works normally, you're done. (It's generally a good idea to restart your iPhone when you've had to force an app to quit.)

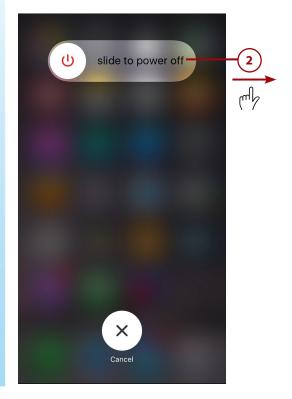




Restarting Your iPhone

Whenever your iPhone starts acting oddly, restarting it should be the first thing you try. It's easy to do and cures an amazing number of problems. To restart your iPhone, do the following:

- 1) Press and hold the Sleep/Wake button until the slider appears on the screen.
- 2 Drag the slider to the right. The iPhone powers down and the screen goes completely dark.
- Press and hold the Sleep/Wake button until you see the Apple logo on the screen. The iPhone restarts. When the Home screen appears, try using the iPhone again. If the problem is solved, you're done.



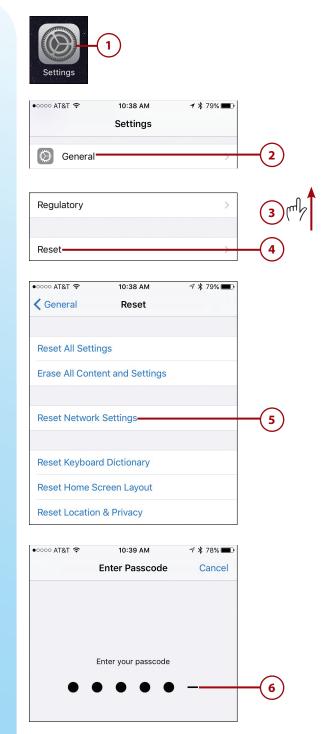
Can't Restart?

If your iPhone won't restart normally, press and hold the Sleep/Wake and Touch ID/Home buttons at the same time until the iPhone shuts off (about 10 seconds) and the screen goes completely dark. Then, press the Sleep/Wake button to restart it.

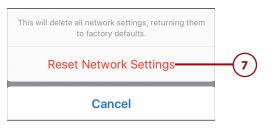
Resetting Your iPhone

If restarting your iPhone doesn't help, try resetting your iPhone using the following steps.

- On the Home screen, tap Settings.
- 2) Tap General.
- Swipe up the screen until you see the Reset command.
 -) Tap Reset.
- Tap the Reset command for the area in which you are having problems. For example, if you are having trouble with Wi-Fi or other networking areas, tap Reset Network Settings, or if you decide your Home screens are a mess and you want to go back to the default layout, tap Reset Home Screen Layout. If you are having lots of issues in multiple areas, tap Reset All Settings or Erase All Content and Settings (be careful because this erases everything on your iPhone).
- If prompted to do so, enter your passcode; if you don't see a passcode prompt, skip to the next step.



- 7) Tap the confirmation of the reset you are doing. The reset is complete and that area of the iPhone is reset to factory conditions.
- 8 Reconfigure the area that you reset. For example, if you reset your network settings, you need to reconnect to the networks you want to use. If you did a Reset All Settings or Erase All Content and Settings, you basically start from the beginning as if your iPhone was just taken out of its box.



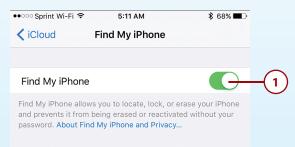
Restoring Your iPhone

The most severe action you can take on your iPhone is to restore it. When this happens, the iPhone is erased, so you lose all its contents and its current iOS software is overwritten with the latest version. If you have added information to your iPhone since it was last backed up (when you last connected it to the computer or it backed up to your iCloud account), that information is lost when you restore your iPhone—so be careful before doing this. If none of the other tasks corrected the problem, restoring the iPhone should.

Installing iTunes

If iTunes isn't installed on your computer, go to www.apple.com/itunes to download and install it.

To restore your iPhone, use the iTunes app on a computer and perform the following steps:



On the iPhone, turn off Find iPhone by opening the iCloud Settings screen, tapping Find My iPhone, setting the Find My iPhone switch to off (white), entering your Apple ID password, and tapping Turn Off.

Connect the iPhone to your computer.

Where's the Trust?

The first time you connect an iPhone to your computer, you're prompted to trust the computer or not. Tap Trust to be able to connect it to iTunes. You also see a trust prompt in iTunes on the computer; click Continue to connect the iPhone to iTunes on the computer.

) If iTunes didn't open automatically, launch the application.

If your iPhone is the only device connected to the computer click the iPhone button at the top of the screen (not shown on the figure). (If you have more than one device connected to iTunes, this is the Devices button; click it and select your iPhone on the list of devices.)

Summary	😱	Sir William Wallace's iPhone	C Search	•
5 Constants	iPhone 6 Plus Capacity: 55 63 Phone Number: Serial Number:	IOS 10.0 Your (Phone softy check for an upd) Check for Lipd	vare is up to date. Thunes will automaticully te again on 8/28/16. ate	Restore iPhone



Click Summary.

Click Restore iPhone. Remember that you lose everything on your iPhone when you restore it, so make sure that you have all its data stored elsewhere, such as backed up on iCloud, before you do this.



7 Click Back Up. This backs up your iPhone's contents to your computer. This is a critical step because it enables you to recover the data and settings on your iPhone. If you don't do this, some of your data and settings can be lost.

Backing Up Isn't Hard to Do

iCloud is the most convenient way to back up your iPhone because it happens automatically. You can also manually back up your iPhone to your computer at any time by using these steps to access the iPhone in iTunes and then clicking the Back Up Now button. If you use iTunes regularly, it's a good idea to use it to keep your iPhone backed up on your computer, too.



- 8 Click Restore in the dialog box. The Restore process begins and iTunes extracts the software and prepares to install it.
- Pread the information about the current version of the iPhone's software, and click Next. (This step is not shown in the figures.)
- Click Agree. (This step is not shown in the figures.) The current version of the iPhone's software is downloaded to your computer, and iTunes reinstalls it on your iPhone. You see several progress indicators along the way, both on the computer screen and on your iPhone. Early in the process, the iPhone restarts and iTunes begins reinstalling its software. (If a firmware update is needed, iTunes handles that, too.) When the process is complete, you see a message explaining what has happened.
- (11) Click OK. (This step is not shown in the figures.) The iPhone is restarted, and you see the Welcome to Your New Phone screen.



- 2) Click the Restore from this backup radio button.
- On the pop-up menu, ensure that your iPhone's name appears on the menu with no date and time. This indicates it is the most recent backup. If you don't see this or you want to choose to restore the phone from an earlier backup, open the menu and choose the backup you want to use to restore the phone.
- 4) Click Continue. iTunes restores the iPhone from the backup.
- Click OK in the completion dialog box (not shown in the figure). The iPhone is synced according to the settings stored in the backup. When the sync process is complete, the iPhone should be back in working condition with all your content restored to it. If you have a lot of content, this process can take a while because the sync is performed starting with the iPhone's memory being "empty." You need to redownload any content that you've purchased from the iTunes Store to restore it, such as movies or TV shows.

Starting Over

If you want to start from the beginning, select the Set up as new iPhone radio button in step 12 instead. Follow the onscreen prompts. When that process is complete, you're prompted to name and reconfigure the iPhone as you did when you first started using it.

How Does It Remember?

You might wonder how an iPhone can be restored. It's because critical iPhone data and settings are backed up on your iCloud account or on your computer. Each time you back up your iPhone, this information is saved so that it is available again when it is needed, such as when you restore your iPhone. iCloud backups happen automatically when your iPhone is connected to the Internet so you don't have to worry about backing it up manually. But, as described earlier, you can periodically back up your iPhone to your computer, too.

Restoring an iPhone Without iTunes

You can also restore an iPhone without using iTunes. Open the Settings app, tap General, tap Reset, and tap Erase All Content and Settings. After you enter your passcode and confirm the action, the data and settings on your iPhone are erased. You can then restore your iPhone from your iCloud backup as you had the option to do when you turned on your iPhone for the first time.

Finding a Missing App

I've had more than a few people tell me that app icons have disappeared from their phones. In many cases, these were core iPhone apps that can't be removed from the iPhone, such as Settings or Photos. In almost all of these cases, the app's icon had inadvertently been moved into a folder and so was not visible in its expected location. If this happens to you, perform the following steps to restore the app to where it should be:

- Move to the Home screen.
- Swipe down from the center top area of the screen. The Search tool opens.

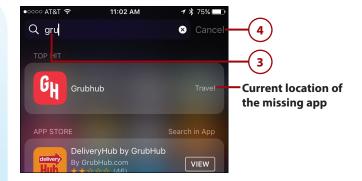


3 Tap in the Search bar and enter the name of the app that is missing. As you search, you see a list of items that match your search. If the app is found, you know it is still on the iPhone and its icon was just accidentally misplaced; you can continue with these steps to find it. Note the current location of the app, which is shown on the right side of the screen. If no location is shown, the app is on one of your Home screens, in which case you need to browse through the screens to find it and can skip the rest of these steps.

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If the app you are looking for isn't found, it has been deleted from the iPhone and you need to reinstall it. Download and install it again using the App Store app (don't worry, if it has a license fee, you don't need to pay for it again). (Installing apps is covered in Chapter 5.)

- 4) Tap Cancel. You move back to the Home screen.
- 5) Open the folder where the app is currently located.
- 6 Touch and hold on the app icon until the icons start jiggling.
- Drag the app's icon out of the folder and place the icon back where you want it to be (refer to Chapter 6, "Customizing How Your iPhone Looks and Sounds," for details of moving apps on the Home screens).







8 Press the Touch ID/Home button to lock the icons in their current positions.

Making an iPhone's Screen Rotate Again

If your iPhone stops changing from horizontal to vertical orientation when you rotate the phone, you probably have inadvertently enabled the orientation lock. Unlock it again by doing the following:

- Look at the top of the screen. If you see the Orientation Lock icon, the iPhone's orientation is locked.
- 2 Swipe up from the bottom of the Home screen to open the Control Center.
- 3 Tap the Orientation Lock button. Note that when Orientation Lock is on, the button is red. When it is off, the button is black.
- Confirm that the Orientation Lock icon at the top of the screen has disappeared. The iPhone now changes orientation when you rotate it.



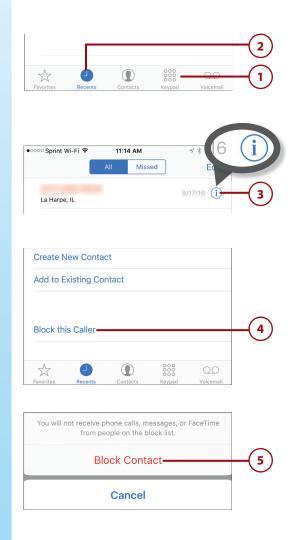
Blocking Unwanted Calls, Messages, or FaceTime Requests

If you want to block calls, messages, or FaceTime requests from someone, do the following:

- 1 Open the app through which the person you want to block is trying to contact you; you can use Phone, Messages, or FaceTime. These steps show the Phone app, but blocking people with the others is similar.
 -) Tap Recents.
 -) Tap the Info button (i) for the person you want to block.
 - Tap Block this Caller.
 - Tap Block Contact. The contact becomes blocked, and you no longer receive calls, messages, or FaceTime requests from them. When the person who is blocked tries to contact you, the attempt fails, but the person doesn't know that the reason it failed is that you blocked him.

Unblock

To remove the block on a contact, move to the contact's screen and tap Unblock this Caller. You will be available to the addresses or phone numbers that you unblock again.



Unblock Without a Contact

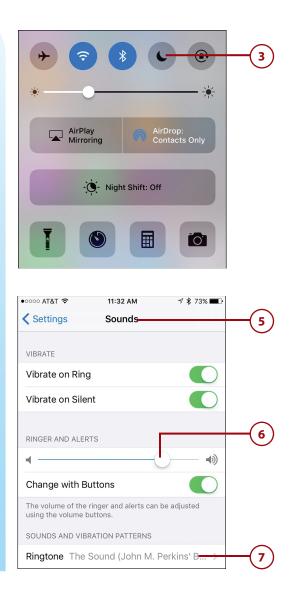
If you block a number for which you haven't created a contact, you won't be able to unblock that person because they won't have contact information that you can use as described in the previous sidebar. If the contact's information is still on a Recents list, you can open the Info screen and tap Unblock this Caller to unblock them. If you delete the information from the Recents list without creating a contact, you won't be able to unblock that caller again. If you think you might want to unblock the person at some point, create a contact for them before blocking them.

Solving the Quiet iPhone Problem

If your iPhone stops ringing or making other sounds you believe it should, perform the following steps:

- 1 Make sure the iPhone isn't muted. The Mute switch on the left side of the iPhone should be in the position toward the front of the phone. If you see color in the switch, the phone is currently muted. Slide the switch toward the front of the iPhone to unmute it. You should hear sounds again.
- 2 With the iPhone unlocked, press the upper volume switch on the left side of the iPhone to make sure that the volume isn't set to the lowest level. As you press the button, a visual indicator of the current volume level appears on the screen. As long as you see a few "dots" on this indicator, you should be able to hear sounds the iPhone makes.

- 3 Make sure that the iPhone is not in Do Not Disturb mode by opening the Control Center and ensuring that the Do Not Disturb button is off (black); if it is turned on (purple), tap it to turn it off. In Do Not Disturb mode, sounds are not made, such as a ring when you receive a phone call.
- 4 Try a different app or task. If you aren't hearing sound from only one app and everything else sounds normal, you know there is a problem with that app. Try deleting and reinstalling it. If you still don't hear sound from any app, you know the problem is more general.
- Move to Sounds in the Settings app.
- 6 Make sure the volume slider is set to at least the middle position.
- **7**) Tap Ringtone.



Do Disturb!

If Do Not Disturb was on, but you hadn't intended it to be, open the Settings app and tap Do Not Disturb to view its settings. Check to see if an automatic schedule has been set. If the Scheduled button is on (green) then a schedule for starting and stopping Do Not Disturb has been active on the phone. Slide the Scheduled switch off (white) to prevent it from automatically turning on Do Not Disturb.

- 8 Tap one of the default ringtones. You should hear it. If you do, you know the problem is solved. If not, continue.
- If you aren't hearing sounds when the EarPods aren't plugged in, connect the EarPods and repeat the sound you should be hearing. If you hear the sound only when the EarPods are plugged in, try removing the EarPods and plugging them back in a few times to see if that solves the problem. If not, your iPhone needs to be serviced by an Apple authorized repair center or you can take it to the Genius bar in an Apple Store.

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Getting Help with iPhone Problems

If none of the previous steps solve your problem, you can get help in a number of ways:

- **Apple's website**—Go to www.apple.com/support/. On this page, you can access all kinds of information about iPhones, iTunes, and other Apple products. You can browse for help, and you can search for answers to specific problems. Many of the resulting articles have detailed, step-by-step instructions to help you solve problems and link to more information.
- Web searches—One of the most useful ways to get help is to do a web search for the specific problem you're having. Just open your favorite search tool, such as Google, and search for the problem. You are likely to find many resources to help you, including websites, forums, and such. If you encounter a problem, it's likely someone else has too, and has probably put the solution on the Web.

- Genius bar at an Apple Store—All Apple Stores have a Genius bar staffed with people who will try to help you with problems. If you can't resolve a problem on your own, going to an Apple Store is often a great solution because the Apple geniuses can help you with any problem, whether it's software or hardware. In many cases, the help they provide is free, too (though you might be charged for some hardware problems). You need to make an appointment before going to the Genius bar and can do so by going to www.apple.com/retail/geniusbar/.
- **Me**—You're welcome to send an email to me for problems you're having with your iPhone. My address is bradmiser@icloud.com. I'll do my best to help you as quickly as I can. (I do respond to every email I receive, though at times it might take me a few days to get back to you. I am not able to respond to FaceTime or Messages requests, so please use email to reach me.)