

31 Days Before Your CompTIA A+ Certification Exam

A Day-by-Day Review Guide
for the CompTIA 220-901 and
220-902 Certification Exams

Laura Schuster
Dave Holzinger

31 Days Before Your CompTIA A+ Certification Exam

Copyright ©2017 by Pearson Education, Inc.

All rights reserved. No part of this book shall be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system, or transmitted by any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording, or otherwise, without written permission from the publisher. No patent liability is assumed with respect to the use of the information contained herein. Although every precaution has been taken in the preparation of this book, the publisher and author assume no responsibility for errors or omissions. Nor is any liability assumed for damages resulting from the use of the information contained herein.

ISBN-13: 978-0-7897-5816-3

ISBN-10: 0-7897-5816-4

Library of Congress Control Number: 2016952289

Printed in the United States of America

First Printing: October 2016

Trademarks

All terms mentioned in this book that are known to be trademarks or service marks have been appropriately capitalized. Pearson IT Certification cannot attest to the accuracy of this information. Use of a term in this book should not be regarded as affecting the validity of any trademark or service mark.

Warning and Disclaimer

Every effort has been made to make this book as complete and as accurate as possible, but no warranty or fitness is implied. The information provided is on an “as is” basis. The authors and the publisher shall have neither liability nor responsibility to any person or entity with respect to any loss or damages arising from the information contained in this book.

Special Sales

For information about buying this title in bulk quantities, or for special sales opportunities (which may include electronic versions; custom cover designs; and content particular to your business, training goals, marketing focus, or branding interests), please contact our corporate sales department at corpsales@pearsoned.com or (800) 382-3419.

For government sales inquiries, please contact governmentsales@pearsoned.com.

For questions about sales outside the U.S., please contact intlcs@pearson.com.

Editor-in-Chief

Product Line Manager

Executive Editor

Development Editor

Managing Editor

Senior Project Editor

Copy Editor

Indexer

Proofreader

Technical Editor

Publishing Coordinator

Cover Designer

Compositor

Mark Taub

Brett Bartow

Mary Beth Ray

Ellie Bru

Sandra Schroeder

Tonya Simpson

Megan Wade-Taxter

WordWise Publishing

Paula Lowell

Chris Crayton

Vanessa Evans

Chuti Prasertsith

Mary Sudul

About the Authors

Laura Schuster has been working in the information systems field since 1979. She has held numerous IT positions, including systems analyst, network administrator, consultant, project manager, and technical support manager. She currently works as a full-time professor at Owens Community College in Toledo, Ohio. She teaches A+, Network+, and other information systems courses. Laura has an MOD in organizational development, is an MCNE, and holds CompTIA A+, Network+, and Oracle certifications.

Dave Holzinger has been a curriculum developer, project manager, author, and technical editor for the Cisco Networking Academy program in Phoenix, Arizona, since 2001. Dave has helped develop many online courses, including IT Essentials, CCNA, and CCNP. He has been working with computer hardware and software since 1981. Dave has certifications from Cisco, BICSI, and CompTIA, including the A+.

About the Technical Reviewer

Chris Crayton (MCSE) is an author, a technical consultant, and a trainer. He has worked as a computer technology and networking instructor, an information security director, a network administrator, a network engineer, and a PC specialist. Chris has authored several print and online books on PC repair, CompTIA A+, CompTIA Security+, and Microsoft Windows. He also has served as technical editor and content contributor on numerous technical titles for several leading publishing companies. He holds numerous industry certifications, has been recognized with many professional teaching awards, and has served as a state-level SkillsUSA competition judge.

Dedication

Laura Schuster: This book is dedicated to my husband Craig, who has always supported my efforts and tolerated my crazy personality.

Dave Holzinger: I would like to dedicate this book to my wife Jacqueline, without whom I would not be in this field. She pushes me to succeed and always has my back.

Acknowledgments

Laura Schuster: It has been a great pleasure working with Allan Johnson and Mary Beth Ray from Pearson on this book. Their expertise and helpfulness were crucial in keeping us on track and taking us through the process. My co-author Dave Holzinger was a joy to work with and so helpful when I would get stuck. Chris Crayton's expertise as a technical editor was invaluable, and his critiques were absolutely essential.

Dave Holzinger: I would like to thank Allan Johnson for recommending me to Pearson and his help and support along the way. My co-author Laura Schuster has done such an amazing job on this, her first book. She has been fantastic to work with. Also, thanks to Mary Beth Ray, Ellie Bru, and Chris Crayton. They have been helpful, supportive, knowledgeable, and professional. This book is a much better book because of all their hard work.

Contents at a Glance

Introduction	xviii
Day 31: BIOS/UEFI Settings	1
Day 30: Motherboard Components	9
Day 29: PC Component Installation, Part 1	19
Day 28: PC Component Installation, Part 2	29
Day 27: Peripheral Devices and Connectors	41
Day 26: Printer Installation	55
Day 25: Printer Technologies and Maintenance	65
Day 24: Network Cabling	77
Day 23: IP Addressing	83
Day 22: Ports and Protocols	93
Day 21: SOHO Router Installation	101
Day 20: Network Devices and Internet Connections	107
Day 19: Laptop Components and Features	121
Day 18: Mobile Device Components and Features	129
Day 17: Hardware Troubleshooting, Part 1	135
Day 16: Network Troubleshooting and Tools	143
Day 15: Hardware Troubleshooting, Part 2	155
Day 14: Windows Installation	171
Day 13: Windows Tools	189
Day 12: Windows Networking and Maintenance	209
Day 11: Mac and Linux Operating Systems	227
Day 10: Client-side Virtualization and Cloud Concepts	235
Day 9: Network Services	241
Day 8: Mobile Operating Systems Management	245
Day 7: Security Threat Prevention	255
Day 6: User Access, Device Security, and Data Disposal	263
Day 5: SOHO Security Implementation	271
Day 4: PC Operating System and Security Troubleshooting	277

Day 3: Mobile OS and Security Troubleshooting 291

Day 2: Safety and Environmental Procedures 299

Day 1: Professionalism and Troubleshooting Methodology 307

Exam Day 313

Post-Exam Information 315

Index 319

Contents

Introduction xviii

Day 31: BIOS/UEFI Settings 1

CompTIA A+ 220-901 Exam Topics 1

Key Topics 1

Purpose of the BIOS 1

Booting with BIOS 3

Accessing the Physical BIOS 3

The POST 4

Complementary Metal-oxide Semiconductor 4

UEFI 5

Booting with UEFI 6

Firmware Upgrades 7

Boot Security Measures 7

Study Resources 8

Day 30: Motherboard Components 9

CompTIA A+ 220-901 Exam Topics 9

Key Topics 9

Motherboards 9

CPU Sockets 11

Chipsets 12

Clock Rates 13

RAM Slots 14

Expansion Slots 16

Power Connectors 17

Study Resources 18

Day 29: PC Component Installation, Part 1 19

CompTIA A+ 220-901 Exam Topics 19

Key Topics 19

Motherboard Preparation and Installation 19

Install Expansion Cards 24

Install Storage Devices 25

Study Resources 28

Day 28: PC Component Installation, Part 2 29

CompTIA A+ 220-901 Exam Topics 29

Key Topics 29

PC Connection Interfaces 29

Install Power Supply 35

Custom PC Configurations 37

Study Resources 39

Day 27: Peripheral Devices and Connectors 41

CompTIA A+ 220-901 Exam Topics 41

Key Topics 41

Types of Display Devices 41

Video Settings 43

Analog Versus Digital Displays 45

Privacy/Antiglare Filters 46

Using Multiple Displays 46

Display Connector Types 47

Device Cables and Connectors 50

Installing and Configuring Common Peripheral Devices 52

Study Resources 54

Day 26: Printer Installation 55

CompTIA A+ 220-901 Exam Topics 55

Key Topics 55

Selecting a Printer 55

Installing Printers 55

Installing Multifunction Printers for SOHO 56

Printer Drivers 57

Configuring the Printer 57

Local Connections 58

Network Printer Installation 59

Wireless Printing 62

Cloud Printing/Remote Printing 62

Apple Printing 62

Secure Printing 62

Study Resources 63

Day 25: Printer Technologies and Maintenance 65

- CompTIA A+ 220-901 Exam Topics 65
- Key Topics 65
- Printer Types and Features 65
- Printer Connections 73
- Printer Maintenance and Optimization 74
- Study Resources 76

Day 24: Network Cabling 77

- CompTIA A+ 220-901 Exam Topics 77
- Key Topics 77
- Fiber 77
- Twisted Pair 78
- Coaxial 81
- Study Resources 82

Day 23: IP Addressing 83

- CompTIA A+ 220-901 Exam Topics 83
- Key Topics 83
- IP Version 4 83
- Client-side DHCP 88
- Client-side DNS 88
- Classless Inter-domain Routing 88
- IP Version 6 89
- Study Resources 91

Day 22: Ports and Protocols 93

- CompTIA A+ 220-901 Exam Topics 93
- Key Topics 93
- Common Ports 93
- Common Protocols 96
- Study Resources 100

Day 21: SOHO Router Installation 101

- CompTIA A+ 220-901 Exam Topics 101
- Key Topics 101
- Wireless Standards 101

SOHO Router Configuration 101

Study Resources 105

Day 20: Network Devices and Internet Connections 107

CompTIA A+ 220-901 Exam Topics 107

Key Topics 107

Connecting to an ISP 107

Wireless Connections 111

Network Types 113

Networking Devices 115

Study Resources 119

Day 19: Laptop Components and Features 121

CompTIA A+ 220-901 Exam Topics 121

Key Topics 121

Laptop Expansion Options 121

Laptop Hardware Replacement 122

Laptop Displays 125

Laptop Features 126

Laptop Accessories 126

Study Resources 127

Day 18: Mobile Device Components and Features 129

CompTIA A+ 220-901 Exam Topics 129

Key Topics 129

Tablets and Smartphones 129

Specialty Mobile Devices 130

Wearable Devices 130

Mobile Device Connection Types 131

Mobile Device Accessories 133

Study Resources 134

Day 17: Hardware Troubleshooting, Part 1 135

CompTIA A+ 220-901 Exam Topics 135

Key Topics 135

Troubleshooting Motherboards 135

Troubleshooting RAM 136

Troubleshooting CPUs	137
Troubleshooting Power	138
Troubleshooting Hard Drives	139
Troubleshooting RAID Arrays	139
Troubleshooting Video, Projector, and Display Issues	140
Study Resources	141

Day 16: Network Troubleshooting and Tools 143

CompTIA A+ 220-901 Exam Topics	143
Key Topics	143
Common Network Symptoms	143
Cabling Tools	144
Command-line Tools	146
Study Resources	154

Day 15: Hardware Troubleshooting, Part 2 155

CompTIA A+ 220-901 Exam Topics	155
Key Topics	155
Troubleshooting Mobile Devices and Laptops	155
Troubleshooting Printers	163
Troubleshooting Printer Installation	166
Maintaining Printers	166
Optimizing Printers	168
Study Resources	169

Day 14: Windows Installation 171

CompTIA A+ 220-902 Exam Topics	171
Key Topics	171
Windows Features	171
Installing Windows	175
Study Resources	187

Day 13: Windows Tools 189

CompTIA A+ 220-902 Exam Topics	189
Key Topics	189
Microsoft Command-line Tools	189
Administrative Tools	191

System Utilities 199

Windows Control Panel Utilities 200

Study Resources 207

Day 12: Windows Networking and Maintenance 209

CompTIA A+ 220-902 Exam Topics 209

Key Topics 209

Domains Versus Homegroups Versus Workgroups 209

Establishing Network Connections 216

Preventive Maintenance Procedures 220

Study Resources 225

Day 11: Mac and Linux Operating Systems 227

CompTIA A+ 220-901 Exam Topics 227

Key Topics 227

Features of Mac and Linux 227

Mac and Linux Tools 229

The Terminal 230

Mac and Linux Best Practices 232

Study Resources 233

Day 10: Client-side Virtualization and Cloud Concepts 235

CompTIA A+ 220-902 Exam Topics 235

Key Topics 235

Virtual Machines and Their Requirements 235

Cloud Concepts and Services 237

Study Resources 239

Day 9: Network Services 241

CompTIA A+ 220-902 Exam Topics 241

Key Topics 241

Server Roles 241

Internet Appliances 242

Study Resources 243

Day 8: Mobile Operating Systems Management 245

CompTIA A+ 220-902 Exam Topics 245

Key Topics 245

Mobile Operating Systems Features	245
Mobile Device Connectivity and Email	249
Firmware, Updates, and Identification	252
Mobile Device Data Synchronization	252
Study Resources	253

Day 7: Security Threat Prevention 255

CompTIA A+ 220-901 Exam Topics	255
Key Topics	255
Common Security Threats and Vulnerabilities	255
Common Prevention Methods	257
Study Resources	261

Day 6: User Access, Device Security, and Data Disposal 263

CompTIA A+ 220-901 Exam Topics	263
Key Topics	263
Windows OS Security Settings	263
Security Best Practices to Secure a Workstation	266
Securing Mobile Devices	267
Data Destruction and Disposal Methods	268
Study Resources	270

Day 5: SOHO Security Implementation 271

CompTIA A+ 220-902 Exam Topics	271
Key Topics	271
Wireless Security	271
Study Resources	276

Day 4: PC Operating System and Security Troubleshooting 277

CompTIA A+ 220-902 Exam Topics	277
Key Topics	277
Troubleshooting Operating Systems	277
Common PC Security Issues	287
Study Resources	290

Day 3: Mobile OS and Security Troubleshooting 291

CompTIA A+ 220-902 Exam Topics	291
Key Topics	291

- Troubleshooting Mobile OS and Application Issues 291
- OS and Application Tools 293
- Troubleshooting Mobile OS and Application Security Issues 294
- Mobile OS and Application Security Tools 296
- Study Resources 297

Day 2: Safety and Environmental Procedures 299

- CompTIA A+ 220-902 Exam Topics 299
- Key Topics 299
- Safety Procedures 299
- Proper Component Handling and Storage 303
- Incident Response and Licensing 304
- Study Resources 305

Day 1: Professionalism and Troubleshooting Methodology 307

- CompTIA A+ 220-902 Exam Topics 307
- Key Topics 307
- Proper Communication Techniques 307
- Applying the Troubleshooting Theory 309
- Study Resources 311

Exam Day 313

- What You Need for the Exam 313
- What You Should Receive After Completion 313
- Summary 314

Post-Exam Information 315

- Receiving Your Certificate 315
- Examining Certification Options 315
- If You Failed the Exam 316
- Summary 317

Index 319

We Want to Hear from You!

As the reader of this book, *you* are our most important critic and commentator. We value your opinion and want to know what we're doing right, what we could do better, what areas you'd like to see us publish in, and any other words of wisdom you're willing to pass our way.

We welcome your comments. You can email or write to let us know what you did or didn't like about this book—as well as what we can do to make our books better.

Please note that we cannot help you with technical problems related to the topic of this book.

When you write, please be sure to include this book's title and author as well as your name and email address. We will carefully review your comments and share them with the author and editors who worked on the book.

Email: feedback@pearsonitcertification.com

Mail: Pearson IT Certification
ATTN: Reader Feedback
800 East 96th Street
Indianapolis, IN 46240 USA

Reader Services

Register your copy of *31 Days Before Your CompTIA A+ Certification Exam* at www.pearsonitcertification.com for convenient access to downloads, updates, and corrections as they become available. To start the registration process, go to www.pearsonitcertification.com/register and log in or create an account*. Enter the product ISBN 9780789758163 and click Submit. When the process is complete, you will find any available bonus content under Registered Products.

*Be sure to check the box that you would like to hear from us to receive exclusive discounts on future editions of this product.

Introduction

31 Days Before Your CompTIA A+ Certification Exam is a powerful tool to use as a link between all the preparation work you have done so far and taking the CompTIA A+ exams. It will take you through each objective and make certain that you have learned all the material. Every day for the next 31 days, you will cover from one to three objectives. This strategy will help you focus on a topic and not be overwhelmed with the amount of tested material.

However, you might be reading this book at the *beginning* of your studies. If this is the case, then this book will provide you with an excellent overview of the material you will be studying. Working with this book and some of the additional resources provided here will prepare you to pass the exams. In either case, when you are well prepared for the exam, your stress level is greatly reduced, which makes for a better exam experience.

This book counts down starting from Day 31 until you reach Day 1. The first 17 days (Day 31 through Day 15) are dedicated to the 220-901 exam. The last 14 days are dedicated to the 220-902 exam. After the first 17 days, you might want to take the 220-901 and then complete the second half of the book. This strategy can help you break up the amount of knowledge and study necessary for both exams.

Study Resources

Pearson provides an abundance of books and video resources to serve you well as you learn and study for the exams. At the end of each day, we list where in the following resources you can go to find more information if you feel uncertain. You might already own many of these resources. If not, you can find them at www.pearsonitcertification.com.

Primary Resources

One of the primary resources that we used for this book is the *CompTIA A+ 220-901 and 220-902 Exam Cram* (ISBN 9780789756312) by David L. Prowse. It provides comprehensive coverage of the exam material with excellent support resources, such as practice exams, real-world scenarios, and cram quizzes.

CompTIA A+ 220-901 and 220-902 Cert Guide, Fourth Edition (ISBN 9780789756527) by Mark Edward Soper is another excellent resource. This book has a great deal of content and provides key topics along the way to help facilitate your understanding. It also provides memory tables at the end that provide an easy way to memorize content.

Cisco Networking Academy offers an introductory course called IT Essentials that covers computer hardware and software, as well as operating systems, networking concepts, mobile devices, IT security, and troubleshooting. All CompTIA A+ exam objectives from both exams are covered. The IT Essentials version 6 books that support this course are published by Cisco Press/Pearson and are referenced as a primary resource within this study guide for those of you who might have taken that course: *IT Essentials v6 Companion Guide* (ISBN 9781587133558) and *IT Essentials v6 Lab Manual* (ISBN 9781587133541).

Finally, the *Complete CompTIA A+ Guide to IT Hardware and Software*, Seventh Edition (ISBN 9780789756459) by Cheryl A. Schmidt is an academic approach to the material that includes exercises, activities, labs, and review questions.

Supplemental Resources

In addition to those primary resources, there is a set of videos that we would recommend. They are the *CompTIA A+ 220-901 Complete Video Course* (ISBN 9780789756466) and the *CompTIA A+ 220-902 Complete Video Course* (ISBN 9780789757302) by David L. Prowse (also available together as a set as *CompTIA A+ 220-901 and 220-902 Complete Video Course Library*; ISBN 9780134510286). With more than 19 hours of video training, the two video courses provide a demonstration of the material being covered, including hands-on demonstrations, audio instructions, animations, whiteboard training, and configurations. The Complete Video Course also includes numerous hands-on networking, OS, and UI demos; real-world troubleshooting methods; and security concepts with hands-on solutions.

So, which resources should you buy? That question is largely up to how deep your pockets are or how much you like books. If you are on a budget, then choose one of the primary study resources and one of the supplemental resources, such as the Cert Guide and the *CompTIA A+ 901 and 902 Complete Video Course* library. Whatever you choose, you will be in good hands. Any or all of these authors will serve you well.

Goals and Methods

The main goal of this book is to provide you with a clear and succinct review of the A+ 220-901 and 220-902 objectives. Each day's exam topics are grouped into a common conceptual framework and use the following format:

- A title for the day that concisely states the overall topic
- A list of the CompTIA A+ objectives being covered
- A Key Topics section to introduce the review material and quickly orient you to the day's focus
- An extensive review section consisting of short paragraphs, lists, tables, examples, and graphics
- Activities that match the material being covered throughout the chapter
- A Study Resources section to provide you a quick reference for locating more in-depth treatment of the day's topics
- A Check Your Understanding quiz covering the content

The book counts down starting with Day 31 and continues through exam day to provide post-test information. Please note that the first 17 days (Day 31 through Day 15) are dedicated to the 220-901 exam. The last 14 days are dedicated to the 220-902 exam. After the first 17 days, you might want to take the 220-901 exam and then complete the second half of the book. This strategy can help you break up the amount of knowledge and study necessary for both exams. If you do, read "Exam Day" before each exam. You will also find a calendar and checklist inside the book that you can tear out and use during your exam preparation.

Use the calendar to enter each actual date beside the countdown day and the exact day, time, and location of each of your CompTIA A+ exams. The calendar provides a visual for the time you can dedicate to each exam topic.

The checklist highlights important tasks and deadlines leading up to your exam. Use it to help map out your studies.

Who Should Read This Book?

The audience for this book is anyone finishing his or her preparation for taking the CompTIA A+ 220-901 and 220-902 exams. A secondary audience is anyone needing a refresher review of the CompTIA A+ exam topics—possibly before attempting to recertify. Another possible audience is those who are just getting started studying for the exam and want an overview of what they will encounter and what they need to know.

Getting to Know the CompTIA A+ 220-901 and 220-902 Exams

The A+ certification is held by more than 1 million IT professionals worldwide. It is the beginning of a path in the IT industry. It validates understanding of common hardware and software technologies used in business and is a powerful credential that will help get you a job in the IT field.

The CompTIA A+ 220-901 exam covers PC hardware and peripherals, mobile device hardware, and network connectivity issues. The CompTIA A+ 220-902 exam covers installing and configuring operating systems, including Windows, iOS, Android, Apple OS X, and Linux. It also addresses security, cloud computing, and operational procedures.

The exam has a maximum of 90 multiple-choice (single- and multiple-response), drag-and-drop, and performance-based questions. You will have 90 minutes to complete them. For the 220-901 exam, a passing score is 675 out of a possible 900 points. A passing score for the 220-902 exam is 700 out of a possible 900 points.

If you've never taken a certification exam before with Pearson VUE, a video titled *What to Expect in a Pearson VUE Test Center* nicely summarizes the experience (it is 2 minutes and 45 seconds long). You can search for it on YouTube.

When you get to the testing center and check in, the proctor will verify your identity, give you some general instructions, and then take you into a quiet room containing testing stations with computers. When you're at the PC, you have a few things to do before the timer starts on your exam. For instance, you can take the tutorial to get accustomed to the PC and the testing engine. Even if you are familiar with how the test engine works, taking the tutorial can help settle your nerves and get focused. Anyone who has user-level skills in getting around a PC should have no problems with the testing environment.

What Topics Are Covered on the A+ Exams

Table I-1 summarizes the four domains of the A+ 220-901 exam.

Table I-1 A+ 220-901 Exam Domains and Weightings

Domain	% of Examination
1.0 Hardware	34%
2.0 Networking	21%
3.0 Mobile Devices	17%
4.0 Hardware and Network Troubleshooting	28%
Total	100%

Table I-2 summarizes the five domains of the A+ 220-902 exam.

Table I-2 A+ 220-902 Exam Domains and Weightings

Domain	% of Examination
1.0 Windows Operating System	29%
2.0 Other Operating Systems & Technologies	12%
3.0 Security	22%
4.0 Software Troubleshooting	24%
5.0 Operational Procedures	13%
Total	100%

Registering for the A+ 220-901 and 220-902 Exams

If you are starting *31 Days Before Your CompTIA A+ Certification Exam* today, register for the first exam right now. There is no better motivator than a scheduled test date staring you in the face. Don't worry about unforeseen circumstances—you can cancel your exam registration for a full refund up to 24 hours before taking the exam. So if you're ready, you should gather the following information and register right now!

- Legal name
- Social Security or passport number
- Company name
- Valid email address
- Method of payment

You can schedule your exam at any time by visiting <http://www.pearsonvue.com/comptia/>. We recommend you schedule it now for 31 days from today, or if you want to take the first exam when you are done with the 901 material, schedule the first exam for 17 days from today. The process and available test times will vary based on the local testing center you choose.

Digital Study Guide

Pearson offers this book in an online digital format that includes enhancements such as activities and Check Your Understanding questions—plus full-length exams for each test.

31 Days Before Your CompTIA A+ Certification Exam Digital Study Guide is available for a discount for anyone who purchases this book. There are details about redeeming this offer in the back of the book.

- **Read** the complete text of the book on any web browser that supports HTML5—including mobile.
- **Reinforce** key concepts with more than 50 dynamic and interactive hands-on exercises, and see the results with the click of a button.

- **Test** your understanding of the material at the end of each day with more than 350 fully interactive online quiz questions, PLUS a full-length final quiz for each exam of 90 questions each that mimic the type you will see in the CompTIA A+ certification exam.

Throughout this book there are references to the Digital Study Guide enhancements that look like this:



Activity: Identify Ports on a Computer

Refer to the Digital Study Guide to complete this activity.



Check Your Understanding

Refer to the Digital Study Guide to take a 10 question quiz covering the content of this day.

When you are at these points in the Digital Study Guide, you can start the enhancement. You can take the Practice Exams at the end of Day 1 at any time.

Printer Installation

CompTIA A+ 220-901 Exam Topics

- Objective 1.12: Install and configure common peripheral devices.
- Objective 1.13: Install SOHO multifunction device/printers and configure appropriate settings.

Key Topics

Today we will be focusing on installing printers in both a local and networked setting. This includes configuring appropriate settings as well as touching on topics such as wireless, cloud, and remote printing. We also will cover installing small office/home office (SOHO) multifunction devices and printers.

Selecting a Printer

Consulting users to determine their needs is the first step to take when selecting a printer. Ensure that the printer meets the needs of the users in terms of speed, amount of printing needed, consumables, and options. For a networked printer, make sure it has the correct network adapter installed. Look for the letter *N* in the name of the model number. It usually indicates a printer with a built-in network adapter. For a local printer, make certain that the printer drivers are compatible with the operating systems (OSes) being used.

Installing Printers

Instructions for installing a printer vary based on the connection being used and the options included. It is important to read the instructions that come with the printer and follow them exactly.

When installing a printer directly to the computer, the only connections to deal with are one for power and the connection to the PC. The connection to the PC can be through a serial, parallel, FireWire, SCSI, or USB port. Devices that connect through a USB connection are considered hot-swappable and may require the driver to be installed before attaching the printer. The most commonly used connection when going directly from the computer to a printer is USB.

Connect the printer to the correct port on the computer, and then plug the power cable into a wall outlet. For most printers, it is best to also use a surge protector. Do not use an uninterruptible power source (UPS) for a laser printer due to the high voltage the printer requires.

Installing Multifunction Printers for SOHO

Multifunction printers usually are used in SOHO environments. They typically connect using a USB port or wirelessly. It is best to update the device driver before connecting the printer to avoid outdated driver issues.

When installing a multifunction device, the driver often comes with additional programs that support faxing, copying, and scanning capabilities. You might need to remove or configure them depending on which portions of the device you intend to use and which programs make sense.

Faxing

The faxing part of the printer will need to connect to a phone line. Features can include any of the following:

- Answering machine
- Color printout
- Receive and send capabilities
- Sent/Received forwarding to email capability
- TCP/IP methods for network and Internet faxing

Copying

Copying requires that the printer have an automatic document feeder. If copying will be a heavily used function, consider a separate copy machine. The copying part of the printer can include some or all of the following capabilities:

- Finishing, such as duplex, stapling, hole punching, and folding
- Booklet pagination
- Scaling and resolution
- Page numbering

Scanning

Multifunction printers usually provide only basic scanning capabilities. The scanning part of the printer includes the following features:

- Retrieval from storage
- Automatic document feeder
- Duplexing
- Multiple formats, including PDF, TIFF, JPEG, and so on
- Security

Printer Drivers

Most printers are plug-and-play (PnP) devices, so when connecting, the OS will install what it needs automatically. If not, insert the disc that came with the device and install the driver and utilities. You also can go to the website of the manufacturer to get the latest drivers.

If the correct driver is not installed, the printout will appear as strange characters or garbage print. To determine the correct driver, note the printer manufacturer and the model of the device. It also is important that the driver match the OS version and the edition (32-bit versus 64-bit).

Drivers control many of the printer functions, such as how to handle specific media types, paper size, quality, the correct tray, how many copies, and so on. Some of the functions are controlled by the software using the printer as well as the driver. Page setup can be one of those functions. It can change from portrait to landscape, normal-size page layout versus reduced size or enlarged size, borderless versus borders, fitting to the size of the page, and scaling.

Configuring the Printer

Depending on the printer, configuration options can be found on the device itself, included with the driver, or accessed through a web browser on a networked device. When working with the print driver, right-click the printer and select the Properties option. Selections can include managing print jobs, configuring the print spooler, managing permissions, as well as other options more specific to the device itself.

The first printer installed will become the default printer. This can be changed later when more printers are added. Many applications automatically select the default printer.

Configuration Settings

Typical configuration settings include some or all of the following:

- **Duplexing**—Requires a duplexing unit to be installed; prints on both sides of a paper.
- **Collate**—Putting pages in order and then in sequence (for example, Print Job 1 – 123, Print Job 2 – 123, Print Job 3 – 123).
- **Orientation**—Based on viewing a page vertically (called portrait) versus horizontally (called landscape).
- **Drawers/Trays**—Some units can have additional paper trays installed.
- **Finishing**—One or two sided (duplex) stapling, collating, banner printing, and spooling settings.
- **Quality**—Used to change how much ink is dispersed depending on the importance of the document. It's measured in dots per inch (DPI); 600 DPI or higher is considered letter quality.
- **Printer Priority**—Can be set from 1 to 99; it is possible to install two software printers that print to the same physical printer. This is one scenario in which priority might be useful; two or more physical printers could be combined to create a printer pool where print priority might be an issue.
- **Printing Preferences**—Includes page setup, finishing, paper source, and quality.

Print Spooling

Print spooling is the process of sending the print job to a file one page at a time until the job is finished. This can help alleviate low memory problems on the printer. It also enables the user to continue working while the print job is run in a background process.

Several options are available when working with the print spoolers. The first option is to start the print job immediately. This setting provides one page at a time to be sent to the spooler. The second option is to start printing after the last page is spooled. The entire document is sent to the hard drive and then sent to the printer. Another option is to print directly to the printer and bypass the print spooler altogether. Be sure to have a lot of memory in the printer before choosing this option.

In Windows, the print spooler is controlled by a service. It is the service's responsibility to print requests and send them to the printer. If the print server fails, the service can be stopped, started, or restarted using the following methods:

- **Computer Management**—Open the Computer Management window and expand Services and Applications; then select Services and scroll until you find the Print Spooler. Right-click the service and select Start, Stop, or Restart.
- **Task Manager**—Open Task Manager (right-click the taskbar and select it or press Ctrl+Shift+Esc). Then go to the Services tab and scroll until you find the Print Spooler.
- **At the command prompt**—Type in **net start spooler** or **net stop spooler**.

Calibration

Monitors or computer displays create color images using pixels that contain three colors: red, green, and blue. Printers use cyan, magenta, yellow, and black (CMYK). Trying to get the two to match requires a process called *calibration*. Color and ink jet printers usually provide some type of calibration utility used to calibrate the printer to match the monitor. It can also be performed on the device itself. Calibrating actually aligns the cartridge nozzles to the paper and each other. Without it, the print quality degrades over time. Look for fuzzy lines or colored areas that don't look right.

Testing the Printer

After installing the printer driver, print a test page in Windows to determine whether the installation was successful. The Print Test Page box is usually found on the General tab of the Printer Properties windows. You can find this by going into Devices and Printers in Windows 7 and in 8, by right-clicking the printer, and selecting Printer properties. Some printers offer an option on the print device itself to not only print a test page, but also print the configuration information.

Local Connections

If connecting to a port directly on the computer, the port will be one of the following:

- **USB**—Requires a USB cable; printers use the Type B port and the computer a Type A
- **IEEE 1394**—Requires a FireWire cable.
- **Serial**—9- or 24-pin male/female serial cable.

- **Infrared (IR)**—Must be within 5 meters (16 feet).
- **Wireless**—802.11 requires a wireless access point.
- **Bluetooth**—Uses Class 2 cable; can be up to 10 meters (33 feet).

Network Printer Installation

Network printers can reduce the cost of doing business by allowing multiple users to access a single device. Usually the printer will have a built-in Ethernet connection. Any locally connected printer can be turned into a networked printer by sharing it, or by creating a new TCP/IP port to connect. Wireless and Ethernet are the most commonly used network connections for printers. Each should have a specific logical IP address.

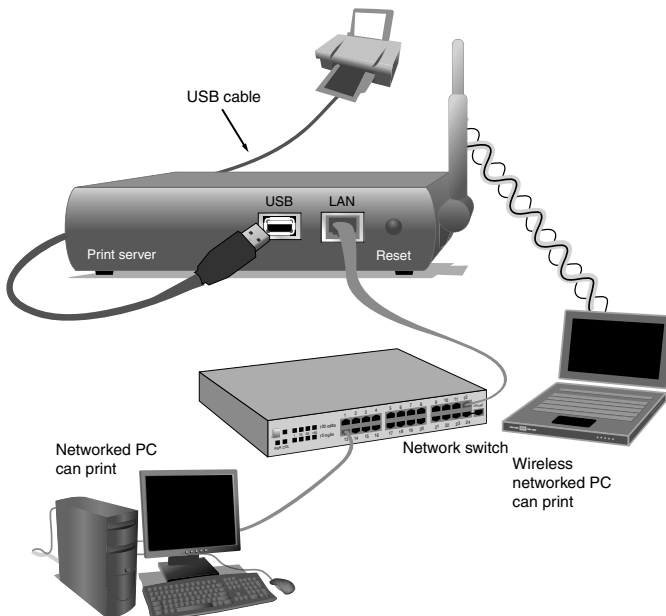
When installing a network printer, the Add Printer Wizard scans for available printers on the network. When the printer is selected, Windows automatically searches for drivers. If the printer is not found, Windows provides a method of browsing using the printer name or IP address in order to configure the printer manually.

Print Servers

A print server is responsible for controlling multiple printers, including the queues, spooling, sharing, pooling, and permissions. A Windows client can be configured as a print server, especially if it is sharing multiple devices. A print server also can be a device called an *external print server* that plugs into the network, and it can be a service on a server, dedicated to managing all network printing.

Figure 26-1 shows how a typical print server might be set up.

Figure 26-1 Print Server Setup



Configuring a Network Printer in Windows

A Microsoft Windows shared printer is also known as a *print server*. A shared printer is similar to sharing a folder on a Windows machine. Be aware that Windows does not consider a printer as an actual device, but as a program that can provide services for more than one physical printer. It also considers both the drivers and the spooler as part of the printer.

Browsing and connecting to a printer on both workgroups and domains can be accomplished using the printer's IP address or its name as a URL or by using its universal naming convention (UNC). A UNC name is assigned to a printer to provide users a method to access it. The UNC name is used in Windows OSes to identify both the computer and printer. It is important to know the syntax of the name:

Example: `\\Win7\AdminInkJet`

- `\\Win7` refers to the name of the computer controlling the printer.
- `\AdminInkJet` refers to the name of the printer.

Sharing a printer using Microsoft's OSes is done through the Devices and Printers applet. Support for other versions of OSes that use this printer can be provided by using the Additional Drivers button on the Sharing tab. This enables users to automatically download the correct driver when connecting. When an update to the driver is available, it only needs to be installed on the print server.

Authentication/Authorization

Network printers usually come with little or no default security. Most printers will allow full access unless specific steps are taken to control it—both physically and through the network. Setting rights for printer authorization and authentication occurs within the domain or workgroup level, not the printer level.

The Devices and Printers applet and Print Management console comprise the methods for managing printers in Microsoft OSes for both local and network printers. Either can be used to set printing authorization and permissions.

Share permissions can be used to secure locally shared printers. Share permissions affect only the printer being shared. Permission can be assigned to each person who uses the printer or to a group of users.

Windows provides four types of printer permissions:

- **Print**—Each user can print, cancel, pause, or restart documents.
- **Manage documents**—Manage all jobs for a printer waiting in the queue.
- **Manage printers**—Rename, delete, share, and choose preferences for the printer; choose printer permissions for other users and manage all jobs for the printers (administrator group manage printers by default).
- **Special permissions**—Used only by administrators to change the printer owner.

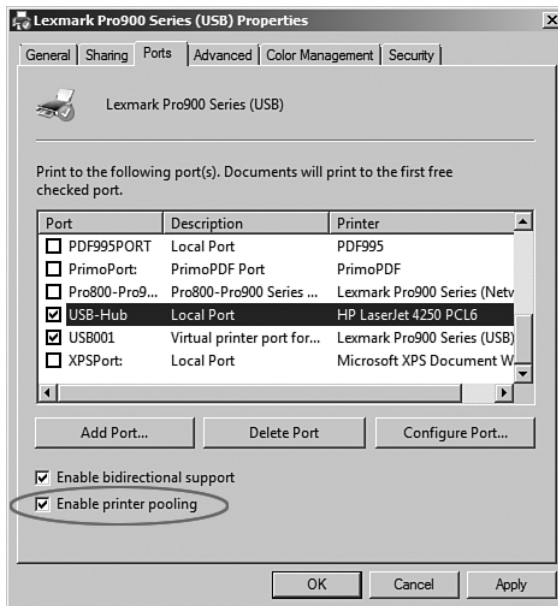
Printer Pooling

A *printer pool* uses two or more identical physical printers with a single logical printer showing on your computer. Printer pools have the following characteristics:

- All printers in the pool are identical.
- All printers must share the same print driver.
- Printer ports can be mixed.
- All printers are in one location, which makes it impossible to predict which will print.

The advantage of printer pooling is that one broken printer or one print error will not affect the print jobs coming in behind it. It will be redirected to another printer. It also allows more printers to share the print load, which is especially important for large print jobs that can tie up a printer. Figure 26-2 shows how to set printer pooling under the Ports section of a printer.

Figure 26-2 Enable Printer Pooling



Network Connections

A shared printer can use PC ports. A network printer connection includes the most common network ports as well as the following:

- **Network connection**—RJ-45 connector with unshielded twisted pair (UTP) is the most common.
- **Wireless**—Connect using Wi-Fi - 802.11 (a, b, g, n, ac) standards or Bluetooth.
- **Others**—Includes Apple AirPrint, Epson iPrint, and HPePrint.

Wireless Printing

The 802.11 standard is the most common wireless standard and usually requires connecting to a wireless access point or a wireless network interface card (NIC). Bluetooth requires a phone, laptop, or tablet with Bluetooth installed. A less standard option includes infrared, which has the shortest range.

Wireless networks usually have two ways of communicating with clients. The first is an *ad hoc* network in which computers communicate directly with each other through wireless NICs. A computer that comes within range of the network can automatically connect with the correct authentication. This method is very inexpensive and fast (twice as fast as infrastructure mode).

Infrastructure mode includes the use of an access point, which usually connects to a wired network. That means all clients must share the connection to the wired network if any of the devices reside there. To have roaming computers to which you can connect in an infrastructure mode setup, multiple access points need to be configured. Because an access point also can be a router with a firewall, Internet access with some security is likely.

Cloud Printing/Remote Printing

Cloud computing provides Internet access to remote printers. The most common cloud printing available is Google's Cloud Print services. It supports multiple operating systems, and a printer that can use the Google Cloud Print Connector.

Cloud-ready printers connect directly to the Internet and do not require a computer or server for configuration. Once connected, print jobs can be sent from any remote device with the proper authentication. To set up a printer on Google, select **chrome://devices** on a new tab. For Android devices, go to System and select Printing > Cloud Print; then add the printer.

Apple Printing

Apple uses a program called Bonjour to discover devices such as printers as well as other computers, allowing for zero-configuration on a network. A Bonjour name can have upper- and lowercase letters, numbers, and hyphens. All names have the .local name extension automatically appended to the Bonjour name.

AirPrint is Apple's way to wirelessly connect and print documents from a Mac, an iPhone, an iPad, or an iPod without installing any additional software. It also provides connectivity through USB or an Ethernet port.

Secure Printing

When copiers, printers, or multifunction machines are repaired or disposed of, one of the considerations must be the possibility that data still resides on the machine. This is especially true of machines that provide any type of storage before printing. Check the manufacturer for information on whether the storage is used for processing or storage.

Another aspect of security in printing is requiring authentication for users to access the device. Some printers provide authentication services that can be accessed through the printer itself; others use network applications that integrate with the printing services. Additionally, some software packages track printing usage based on the authentication of the user.



Activity 26-1: Match the Printing Process to Description

Refer to the Digital Study Guide to complete this activity.



Activity 26-2: Match the Printing Configuration Settings to Its Description

Refer to the Digital Study Guide to complete this activity.

Study Resources

For today's exam topics, refer to the following resources for more study.

Resource	Location	Topic
Primary Resources		
Exam Cram	13/14	Peripherals/Custom Computing, Printers
Cert Guide	9/10	Installing and Configuring Output Devices, Printers and Multifunction Devices
IT Essentials (Cisco Networking Academy course)	11.2/11.3	Installing and Updating a Printer, Sharing Printers
Schmidt/Complete Guide	1, 10, 14	Intro to the World of IT, Printers, Wireless Printers
Supplemental Resources		
220-901 Complete Video Course	11/12	Peripherals, Printers
220-902 Complete Video Course		



Check Your Understanding

Refer to the Digital Study Guide to take a quiz covering the content of this day.

Symbols

- 32-bit operating systems, 174
- 64-bit operating systems, 174
- 802.11 Wi-Fi, 111

A

- accelerometers, 247
- acceptable use policy (AUP), 261
- access control lists. *See* ACLs
- access point placement, 275
- accessing
 - BIOS, configuring, 3
 - command lines, 189-190
 - computers, 263
 - files/folders, 264
 - physical access, 257-259
 - servers, 241-242
 - UEFI, 6
- accessories for mobile devices, 133
- accounts, types of, 263
- ACLs (access control lists), 259
- Action Center, 204
- actions, documenting, 310
- addresses
 - IP, configuring, 217
 - IPv4
 - gateways, 87
 - guidelines, 86-87
 - IPv6, 89
 - private, 85
 - special, 85
 - traffic, 89
 - Unicast, 90
 - MAC, filtering, 272
- administrative shares, 212
- administrator account, 263
- AFP (Apple Filing Protocol), 95, 98
- airplane mode, 250
- analog displays, 45-46
- analyzers, Wi-Fi, 146
- Android, 247-248

- Android application packages.
See APKs

antenna placement, 275

APKs (Android application packages), 247

Apple. *See also* Mac

- BIOS/UEFI, 1
- Configurator, 227
- printing, 62-63

appliances, Internet, 242

apps

- development, 247
- mobile OS
 - security, 294-296
 - tools, 293-294
 - troubleshooting, 291-293
- scanners, 296
- troubleshooting, 162

architecture (32-bit/64-bit), 21

aspect ratios, configuring, 44

attacks, 256

audio. *See also* sound

- audio/video (A/V) editing
 - workstations, 37
- connections, 32
- ports, 51-52

AUP (acceptable use policy), 261

authentication, network printers, 60

authorization, network printers, 60

A/V (audio/video) editing

- workstations, 37

B

backups, networks, 222-225

bad power, 299. *See also* electricity

bandwidth, 107

basic disks, 198

basic input/output system. *See* BIOS

batteries

- CMOS, 4
- troubleshooting, 160-161

BCD (boot configuration data)
files, 285

beep codes, 4, 137

best practices

- Linux, 232-233
- Mac, 232-233
- network maintenance, 221
- security, workstations, 266-267

biometrics, 258

BIOS (basic input/output system), 1

- accessing, 3
- booting, 3
- configuring, 2-3
- device support, 1
- POST, 4
- purpose of, 1
- upgrading, 7-8

BitLocker, 266

blackouts, 300

blue screen of death (BSOD), 135, 279

Bluetooth, 33, 157, 251, 292

**boot configuration data (BCD)
files, 285**

booting

- BIOS, configuring, 3
- errors, 279-285
- Linux errors, 286
- security, 7-8
- UEFI, 6

**bootmgr (Windows Boot
Manager), 280**

bootrec, 285

botnets, 257

bots, 257

bridges, 116

brightness, 45, 293

brownouts, 300

BSOD (blue screen of death), 135, 279

buffered RAM, 15

bus speeds, 13

C

cable Internet, connecting, 109

cables

- coaxial, 81-82
- display devices, 50-52
- fiber, 77
- placement, 302

testers, 145

tools, 144-146

twisted-pair (TP), 78-80

caches, CPUs, 20

CAD (computer-aided design), 37

CAL (client-access license), 304

calibration, 247-248

printers, 58

**CAM (computer-aided
manufacturing), 37**

capacitor dangers, 301

cards

- communications, 25
- expansion, installing, 24-25
- media, 24
- networks, configuring, 220
- ports, adding, 25
- POST, 4

career options, 315-316

**CCFL (cold cathode fluorescent
lamp), 42**

cell tower analyzers, 296

cellular wireless connections, 112

certificates, reviewing, 315

certification

- exam failure options, 316-317
- options, 315-316

channels, 103

chipsets, 12-13

CHKDSK tool, 139

**CIDR (Classless Inter-Domain
Routing), 88-89**

**CIFS (Common Internet File System),
95, 98**

**Classless Inter-Domain Routing.
See CIDR**

**cleaning printers, 167. See also
maintenance**

client-access license (CAL), 304

client-side DHCP, 88

client-side DNS, 88

clock rates, 13

- bus speeds, 13
- CPU speeds, 14

cloud computing, 237-238

cloud printers, 62

CMOS (complementary metal-oxide semiconductor), 4-5

coaxial cables, 81-82

cold cathode fluorescent lamp.

See CCFL

command lines

accessing, 189-190

tools, 146-153, 286-287

troubleshooting, 190

commands

ifconfig, 150

ipconfig, 148

Linux, 231

NET, 152

netdom, 153

netstat, 151-152

nslookup, 153

ping, 146-147

privileges, 191

service, 278

sudo, 230

traceroute, 150

tracert, 150

Common Internet File System.

See CIFS

communications cards, 25

communications connectors, 33

communications skills, 307-308

compatibility

components, motherboards, 10-11

errors, 278

complementary metal-oxide semiconductor. *See* CMOS

components

handling/storing, 303

motherboards, 10-13

power connectors, 17

computer-aided design. *See* CAD

computer-aided manufacturing.

See CAM

Computer Management, 191

computers

clock rates, 13

bus speeds, 13

CPU speeds, 14

cloud, 237-238

connection interfaces, 29

physical connections, 29-33

wireless connections, 33-35

customizing, 37-39

destruction methods, 268-269

laptops. *See* laptops

power supplies, installing, 35-37

configuration settings (Windows), 175-176

configuring

BIOS, 1

accessing, 3

booting, 3

device support, 1

options, 2-3

POST, 4

domains, 211-212

HomeGroups, 210

multiple displays, 46

network printers, 60

networks, 218

cards, 220

connecting, 216

firewalls, 218

proxy servers, 218

remote assistance, 217-218

TCP/IP, 216-217

peripheral devices, 52-54

security, 263-265

best practice, 266-267

data destruction/disposal methods, 268-269

mobile devices, 267-268

share resources, 212-215

SOHO routers, 101-105

video, 43

aspect ratios/resolution, 44

brightness/lumens, 45

refresh rates, 44

wireless

encryption, 273-274

firewalls, 273

networks, 274-275

workgroups, 211

connecting

coaxial cables, 81

displays, 47-49

fiber-optic cables, 77

ISPs, 107

cable Internet, 109

dial-up, 107

DSL, 108

fiber to the x, 110-111

ISDNs, 108

mobile devices, 131-132, 249-251

network printers, 61
networks, 216
 bridges, 116
 cards, 220
 devices, 115
 firewalls, 117, 218
 modems, 117
 patch panels, 118
 PoE, 118
 proxy servers, 218
 remote assistance, 217-218
 repeaters/extenders, 118
 routers, 115
 TCP/IP, 216-217
 VoIP, 119
 WAPs, 116
peripheral devices, 52-54
ports, 93-95
power supplies, 35-36
printers, 58, 73
proxy servers, 218
remote, troubleshooting, 157-159
twisted-pair (TP) cables, 80
wireless connections, 111
 802.11 Wi-Fi, 111
 cellular, 112
 Internet over satellite, 112-113
 line-of-sight wireless, 112

connection interfaces, 29
 physical connections, 29-33
 wireless connections, 33-35

connectors, display devices, 50-52

content filtering, 272

Control Panel (Windows). *See also tools*

converters, media, 52

cooling CPUs, 21-22

copying, 56. *See also printers*

cores, CPUs, 19

CPUs (central processing units)
 installing, 22
 motherboards
 cooling, 21-22
 installing, 19-21
 sockets, 11
 types, 11-12
 speeds, 14
 troubleshooting, 137, 161

crimping tools, 145

customer service skills, 308

customizing PCs, 37-39

D

data destruction, 268-269

data loss prevention (DLP), 259

data synchronization, mobile devices, 252-253

dates, CMOS, 4-5

DDR DIMM memory, 14

DDR2 DIMM memory, 15

DDR3 DIMM memory, 15

default subnet masks, 84-85

demilitarized zones. *See DMZs*

development, apps, 247

Device Manager, 192, 281

devices, 205
 display, 41
 LCD, 41-42
 OLED, 43
 plasma, 42
 projectors, 42
 mobile. *See mobile devices*
 networks, 115
 bridges, 116
 firewalls, 117
 hubs, 115
 modems, 117
 patch panels, 118
 PoE, 118
 repeaters/extenders, 118
 routers, 115
 switches, 115
 VoIP, 119
 WAPs, 116
 support (BIOS), 1

DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol), 96, 242
 client-side, 88
 ports, 94

dial-up ISPs, connecting, 107

difficult customers, dealing with, 308.
 See also customer service skills

digital displays, 45-46

digital rights management (DRM), 304

digital security, 259-261

digital subscriber line. *See DSL*

digitizers, 125

disable execute bits, 21

disabling

- ports, 275
- SSIDs, 271
- WPS, 272

disassembly processes, 162-163**Disk Management, 197-198****Diskpart, 139****display devices, 41**

- accessories, 126-127
- analog/digital, 45-46
- brightness, 41
- cables/connectors, 50-52
- connecting, 47-49
- features, 126
- laptops, 125
- LCD, 41-42
- multiple, 46
- OLED, 43
- plasma, 42
- privacy filters, 46
- projectors, 42
- troubleshooting, 140, 156-157
- video
 - aspect ratios/resolution, 44*
 - brightness/lumens, 45*
 - configuring, 43*
 - refresh rates, 44*

Display utility, 201**disposal methods, 268-269****DLP (data loss prevention), 259****DMZs (demilitarized zones), 104****DNS (Domain Name System), 96**

- client-side, 88
- ports, 94
- servers, 242

documentation

- motherboards, 10
- MSDS, 303

Domain Name System. See DNS**domains, 209-212****dot-matrix printers, 65-66****double-sided RAM, 15****drivers**

- printers, 57
- testing, 58

drives

- formatting, 184-185
- mapping, 214

- partitioning, 182-183
- troubleshooting, 159

DRM (digital rights management), 304**DSL (digital subscriber line),
connecting, 108****dual-channel RAM, 15****dual rail power supplies, 36****dual voltage options, 37****DVI connectors, 49****dynamic disks, 198****Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol.
See DHCP****E****Easy Transfer program, 177****ECC (error checking and
correction), 136****ECC (error correction code), 15****EEPROM (electrically erasable
programmable read-only memory), 5****electricity, safety procedures, 299-301****electronic paper (e-paper), 130****electrostatic discharge. See ESD****elevated privileges, 265****email, mobile devices, 249-251****emergency notification features, 248****encryption, 273-274, 293****end user license agreements
(EULAs), 304****environmental procedures, 303****equipment, grounding, 301****e-readers, 130****error checking and correction. See ECC****error correction code (ECC), 15****errors**

- booting, 279-285
- codes, HTTP, 94
- compatibility, 278
- Linux, booting, 286
- system log, 277

eSATA ports, 50**ESD (electrostatic discharge), 122, 135,
162, 301****EULAs (end user license
agreements), 304**

Event Viewer, 277**exams**

- exam day preparation, 313
 - materials needed for exam, 313*
 - score reports, 313*
- post-exam information
 - certification options, 315-316*
 - reviewing certificates, 315*
 - what to do if you fail, 316-317*

expansion cards, installing, 24-25**expansion options, laptops, 121-122****expansion slots, 16****extended partitions, 182****extenders, 118****external customers, communications skills, 308****F****factory recovery, 285****failure to boot, 279****fans**

- assembling, 21
- CPU cooling, 21-22
- power connectors, 17

faxing, 56. *See also* printers**fiber-optic cable, 77****fiber to the x, connecting, 110-111****field replaceable units. *See* FRUs****file corruption, 279****file server roles, 241****file systems, 184-185**

- Linux, 185
- Mac, 186
- troubleshooting, 282

File Transfer Protocol. *See* FTP**files**

- accessing, 264
- paths, 174-175

filtering

- content, 272
- MAC addresses, 272
- privacy, 46

findings, documenting, 310**fires, electrical fire safety, 301****firewalls, 117**

- configuring, 218
- security, 259
- Windows Firewall, 203
- wireless, configuring, 273

FireWire (IEEE 1394), 30, 51**firmware**

- mobile devices, 252
- updating, 275
- upgrading, 7-8

flash drives, 26**folders. *See also* files**

- accessing, 264
- options applet, 201

form factors, motherboards, 9-10**formatting hard drives, 184-185. *See also* configuring****forwarding, ports, 103****fox and hound, 145****frame rates, 44****front/top panel connectors, 17****FRUs (field replaceable units), 155****FTP (File Transfer Protocol) ports, 93****functionality, verifying, 310****G****gaming PCs, 38****gateway addresses, IPv4, 87****geotracking, 248****Global Positioning System. *See* GPS****GOU (graphics processing units), 21****government regulations, compliance, 303****GPS (Global Positioning System), 130, 157, 293****GPT (GUID partition table), 182****GPUs (graphics processing units), 21****GRand Unified Bootloader (GRUB), 280****graphic workstations, 37****graphical user interfaces. *See* GUIs****graphics processing units. *See* GPUs****grounding equipment, 301**

GRUB (GRand Unified Bootloader), 280

guest account, 263

GUIs (graphical user interfaces), 227, 248

GUID partition table (GPT), 182

guidelines, IPv4 addresses, 86-87

gyroscopes, 247

H

hard drives, troubleshooting, 139, 159

hard resets, 294

hardware

BIOS, 1

accessing, 3

booting, 3

configuring, 2-3

device support, 1

POST, 4

CMOS, 4-5

CPUs, troubleshooting, 137

displays, troubleshooting, 140

hard drives, troubleshooting, 139

laptops

accessories, 126-127

displays, 125

features, 126

replacing, 122-125

motherboards, troubleshooting, 135-136

power, troubleshooting, 138

projectors, troubleshooting, 140

RAID, troubleshooting, 139-140

RAM, troubleshooting, 136-137

requirements (Windows), 177

troubleshooting, 161, 281

video, troubleshooting, 140

VMs, 237

HDMI (High-Definition Multimedia Interface), 122

heat sinks, 21

help, command-line, 190

hidden shares, 212

High-Definition Multimedia Interface.

See **HDMI**

home server PCs, 38

home theater PCs, 38

HomeGroups, 205, 209-210

hostnames, resolving, 97

hot items, 302

hotspots, 249

HTTP (Hypertext Transfer Protocol)

error codes, 94

ports, 94

HTTPS (HTTP Secure), 95

hubs, 115

hyperthreading, 19

hypervisors, 236

I

IaaS (Infrastructure as a Service), 238

ID badges, 258

identification, mobile devices, 252

IDS (intrusion detection system), 242

IEEE 1394, 51

ifconfig, 150

IMAP ports, 94

impact printers, 65-66, 75, 168

implementing

SOHO, wireless security, 271-275

solutions, 310

improper shutdown, 280

incidents, responses, 304-305

Infrared (IR) technology, 35

inkjet printers, 70, 75, 167

In-Plane Switching. *See* **IPS**

input/output devices, configuring, 52-54

installing

expansion cards, 24

adding ports, 25

communications cards, 25

media cards, 24

motherboards, 19, 23-24

CPUs, 22

CPU characteristics, 19-21

CPU cooling, 21-22

RAM, 23

power supplies, 35-37

printers, 55
 cloud, 62
 configuring, 57-58
 connecting, 58
 drivers, 57
 multifunction for SOHO, 56
 networks, 59-61
 remote, 62
 selecting, 55
 testing, 58
 troubleshooting, 166
 wireless, 62

SOHO routers
 configuring, 101-105
 wireless standards, 101

storage devices, 25
 hotswappable drives, 27
 magnetic hard disk drives, 25
 optical drives, 26-27
 RAID, 27
 SSDs, 26
 tape drives, 27

Windows, 175, 186-187
 comparing 64-bit/32-bit operating systems, 174
 configuration settings, 175-176
 file paths/structures, 174-175
 file systems, 184-185
 formatting, 184-185
 hardware requirements, 177
 installation options, 176
 partitioning drives, 182-183
 upgrade installations, 177
 Windows 7 installations, 179-180
 Windows 8/8.1 features, 173-174
 Windows 8/8.1 installations, 180-181
 Windows Vista installations, 178

Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE), 30

Integrated Services Digital Networks.
 See ISDNs

interfaces
 connection, 29
 physical connections, 29-33
 wireless connections, 33-35
 GUIs. *See* GUIs
 UEFI, 1, 5-6

internal customers, communications skills, 308

Internet appliances, 242

Internet Options, 200

Internet over satellite wireless connections, 112-113

Internet Protocol. *See* IP

Internet service providers. *See* ISPs

intrusion detection system. *See* IDS

intrusion prevention system. *See* IPS
iOS, 247-248

IP (Internet Protocol)

 addresses, configuring, 217

 CIDR, 88-89

 client-side DHCP, 88

 client-side DNS, 88

ipconfig, 148

IPS (In-Plane Switching), 125

IPS (intrusion prevention system), 242

IPv4 (Internet version 4), 83-84

 default subnet masks, 84-85

 gateway addresses, 87

 guidelines for addresses, 86-87

 private addresses, 85

 special addresses, 85

IPv6 (Internet version 6), 89

 traffic, 89

 Unicast addresses, 90

IR (Infrared) technology, 35

ISDNs (Integrated Services Digital Networks), 108

ISPs (Internet service providers)

 connecting, 107

cable Internet, 109

dial-up, 107

DSL, 108

fiber to the x, 110-111

ISDNs, 108

J

jailbreaking, 247, 295

jewelry, 302

joining workgroups, 211

K

kernel panic, 280

key fobs, 258

keyboards, troubleshooting, 159

Keychain, 229

L**LANs (local area networks), 113****land grid array (LGA), 11****laptops**

- accessories, 126-127
- applications, troubleshooting, 162
- disassembly processes, troubleshooting, 162-163
- displays, 125, 156-157
- expansion options, 121-122
- features, 126
- hard drives, 159
- hardware
 - replacement, 122-125*
 - troubleshooting, 161*
- keyboards/touchpads, troubleshooting, 159
- networks, troubleshooting, 157-159
- power, troubleshooting, 160-161
- troubleshooting, 155

laser printers, 67-70, 75, 166**LCDs (liquid crystal displays), 41-42, 125. *See also* display devices****LDAP (Lightweight Directory Access Protocol), 97****LED backlighting, 42****LGA (land grid array), 11****licensing, 304-305****lifting, 302****Lightning connectors, 131****LILO (Linux Loader), 280****line-of-sight wireless connections, 112****Linux**

- booting, troubleshooting, 280, 286
- commands, 231
- features, 227-229
- file systems, 185
- service command, 278
- tools, 229-230
 - best practices, 232-233*
 - Terminal, 230*
- troubleshooting booting errors, 286

Linux Loader (LILO), 280**liquid-based cooling solutions, 22****liquid crystal displays. *See* LCDs****listening skills, 308****Local Security Policy tool, 193-194****Local Users and Groups tool, 193****location services, 248, 293****logical drives, 182****loopback plugs, 146****lumens, configuring, 45****M****Mac**

- best practices, 232-233
- features, 227-229
- file systems, 186
- Terminal, 230
- tools, 229-230
- updating, 233

MAC (media access control) addresses, 272**Magic Mouse, 228****magnetic hard disk drives, 25****Mail servers, 242****maintenance**

- networks, 220-225
- printers, 74-76, 166-168

malware, troubleshooting, 288-289**MAN (municipal area network), 114****man-in-the-middle attacks, 256****manual troubleshooting, 285****mapping**

- drives, 214
- printers, 215

master boot records. *See* MBRs**Material Data Safety Sheet (MSDS), 303****MBRs (master boot records), 182, 280****Measured Services, 238****media cards, 24****media converters, 52****memory**

- laptops, 122
- RAM
 - installing, 23*
 - slots, 14-15*
 - troubleshooting, 136-137*
- troubleshooting, 161

metal-oxide varistors. *See* MOVs**Microsoft OneDrive, 296****migration, 177**

MiniPCI, 16

Mission Control (OS X), 228

mobile broadband, 112. *See also*
wireless connections

mobile devices

accessories, 133

applications, troubleshooting, 162

connecting, 131-132

disassembly processes, troubleshooting,
162-163

displays, troubleshooting, 156-157

hard drives, troubleshooting, 159

hardware, troubleshooting, 161

keyboards/touchpads, troubleshooting, 159

networks, troubleshooting, 157-159

operating systems, 245

connecting, 249-251

data synchronization, 252-253

types of, 247-248

updating, 252

power, troubleshooting, 160-161

security, 267-268

smartphones, 129

specialty, 130

tablets, 129

troubleshooting, 155

wearable, 130-131

mobile OSs (operating systems)

security, 294-296

tools, 293-294

troubleshooting, 291-293

mobile payment services, 248

modems, 117

motherboards, 9

chipsets, 12-13

clock rates, 13

bus speeds, 13

CPU speeds, 14

components, 10-11

documentation, 10

expansion slots, 16

form factors/sizes, 9-10

installing, 19, 23-24

CPUs, 19-22

RAM, 23

power connectors, 17

RAM slots, 14-15

selecting, 10

troubleshooting, 135-136

MOVs (metal-oxide varistors), 300

msconfig (System Configuration Tool),
194-195, 225, 283

MSDS (Material Data Safety Sheet), 303

multifunction printers, installing, 56

multimedia connectors, 32, 47

multimeters, 146

multimode fiber cables, 77

multiple displays, configuring, 46. *See also*
display devices

municipal area network. *See* MAN

N

NAT (Network Address Translation), 103

Nbtstat, 152

Near Field Communication. *See* NFC

NET command, 152

NetBIOS, ports, 95

NetBT, ports, 95

netdom command, 153

netstat, 151-152

Network Address Translation. *See* NAT

Network and Sharing Center, 206

networks, 113-114

cables

coaxial, 81-82

fiber, 77

tools, 144-146

twisted-pair (TP), 78-80

cards, connecting, 220

client computers, 38

command-line tools, 146-153

common symptoms, troubleshooting,
143-144

connecting, 216-218

devices, 115

bridges, 116

firewalls, 117

hubs, 115

modems, 117

patch panels, 118

PoE, 118

repeaters/extenders, 118

routers, 115

switches, 115

VoIP, 119

WAPs, 116

- domains, configuring, 211-212
- firewalls, connecting, 218
- HomeGroups, configuring, 210
- Internet appliances, 242
- maintenance, 220-225
- printers
 - connecting*, 61
 - installing*, 59-61
- proxy servers, connecting, 218
- remote assistance, connecting, 217-218
- servers, 241-242
- share resources, configuring, 212-215
- TCP/IP, connecting, 216-217
- troubleshooting, 157-159
- wireless, configuring, 274-275
- workgroups, configuring, 211

New Technology File System.

See NTFS

NFC (near field communication),
35, 249

non-impact printers, 67-72

non-Parity RAM, 15

nonresponsive touchscreens, 157. *See also* troubleshooting

non-WCC RAM, 15

nslookup command, 153

NTFS (New Technology File System)
permissions, 264

O

OLED (organic light-emitting diode)
displays, 43, 125. *See also* display devices

on-demand cloud computing, 238

operating systems. *See also* Windows

64-bit/32-bit, comparing, 174

BIOS, 1

accessing, 3

booting, 3

configuring, 2-3

device support, 1

POST, 4

cannot be found error, 280

command-line repair tools, 286-287

Linux, 227-229

Mac, 227-229

malware, troubleshooting, 288-289

mobile devices, 245

connecting, 249-251

data synchronization, 252-253

types of, 247-248

updating, 252

security

best practices, 266-267

configuring, 263-265

troubleshooting, 287-288

troubleshooting, 277-285

UEFI, 5-6

optical drives, 26-27

optimizing printers, 74-76, 168

options. *See also* configuring

BIOS, configuring, 2-3

certification, 315-317

dual voltage, 37

installation (Windows), 176

laptop expansion, 121-122

organic light-emitting diode.

See OLED

OS X, 227. *See also* Mac; operating systems

outcomes, documenting, 310

overclocking, 14

P

PaaS (Platform as a Service), 238

PAN (personal area network), 114

panels, patches, 118

parental controls, 272

parity RAM, 15

partitions

factory recovery partition, 285

hard drives, 139

passwords, 265

patch panels, 118

paths, files, 174-175

PCs (personal computers). *See also* computers; laptops

booting errors, 286

connection interfaces, 29

physical connections, 29-33

wireless connections, 33-35

customizing, 37-39

- operating systems
 - booting errors*, 279-285
 - command-line repair tools*, 286-287
 - malware*, 288-289
 - security issues*, 287-288
 - troubleshooting*, 277-278
- power supplies, installing, 35-37
- troubleshooting, 281-282
- PCI (Peripheral Component Interconnect)**, 16
- PCIe (PCI Express)**, 16, 31
- PCI-X**, 16
- PE (preinstallation environment)**, 285
- performance, slow system**, 278
- Peripheral Component Interconnect (PCI)**, 16
- peripheral devices, configuring**, 52-54
- permissions**, 264
- personal area network**. *See* PAN
- personal safety procedures**, 302
- personally identifiable information (PII)**, 304
- PGAs (pin grid arrays)**, 11
- phishing attacks**, 256
- physical access, security**, 257-259
- physical connections**, 29-33
- physical security, wireless**, 275
- PII (personally identifiable information)**, 304
- pin grid arrays (PGAs)**, 11
- ping**, 146-147
- plasma displays**, 42
- Platform as a Service (PaaS)**, 238
- PoE (Power over Ethernet)**, 118
- pooling printers**, 61
- POP3 (Post Office Protocol 3)**
 - ports**, 94
- ports, 93-95, 143. *See also* connecting**
 - adding, 25
 - audio, 51-52
 - disabling, 275
 - eSATA/SAT, 50
 - forwarding, 103
 - PS/2, 51
 - triggering, 103
 - USB, 50
- POST (power on self-test)**, 4, 136
- power**
 - connectors, motherboards, 17
 - strips, 300
 - supplies, 35-37
 - troubleshooting, 138, 160-161
 - user accounts, 263
- Power over Ethernet. *See* PoE**
- Power Saver option**, 203
- preinstallation environment (Windows PE)**, 285
- prevention methods (attacks)**, 257-261
- printers, 205**
 - cloud, 62
 - configuring, 57-58
 - connecting, 58, 73
 - drivers, 57
 - installing, 55
 - maintenance, 74-76, 166-168
 - mapping, 215
 - multifunction for SOHO, installing, 56
 - networks
 - connecting*, 61
 - installing*, 59-61
 - optimizing, 168
 - pooling, 61
 - remote, 62
 - selecting, 55
 - sharing, 215
 - testing, 58
 - troubleshooting, 163-166
 - types of, 65
 - impact*, 65-66
 - non-impact*, 67-72
 - wireless, 62
- printing**
 - Apple, 62
 - security, 62-63
 - servers, 241
 - spooling, 58
- privacy filters**, 46
- private addresses, IPv4**, 85
- privileges**, 191, 265
- probable causes, establishing**, 309
- problems. *See also* errors; troubleshooting**
 - identifying, 309
 - resolving, 310

procedures

- environmental, 303
- safety, 299
 - component handling and storage, 303*
 - electricity, 299-301*
 - incident response, 304-305*
 - licensing, 304-305*
 - personal, 302*

professionalism

- communications skills, 307-308
- troubleshooting skills, 309
 - determining causes-310*
 - documenting findings, 310*
 - establishing probable causes, 309*
 - identifying problems, 309*
 - resolving problems, 310*
 - verifying functionality, 310*

Program Compatibility**Troubleshooter, 278****projectors**

- displays, 42
- troubleshooting, 140

protocols, 96

- AFP, 98
- CIFS, 98
- DHCP, 88, 96, 242
- DNS, 96
- IP. *See* IP
- IPv4, 83-84
 - default subnet masks, 84-85*
 - gateway addresses, 87*
 - guidelines for addresses, 86-87*
 - private addresses, 85*
 - special addresses, 85*
- LDAP, 97
- SMB, 98
- SNMP, 98
- SSH, 98
- TCP, 98-100
- TCP/IP, 216-217
- TKIP, 274
- UDP, 98-100

proxy servers, configuring, 218, 242**PS/2 ports, 51****punchdown tools, 145****Q****QoS (quality of service), 104****R****radio frequency. *See* RF****radio power levels, 275****RAID (redundant array of independent [or inexpensive] disks), 27, 139-140****RAM (random access memory), 292**

- booting, troubleshooting, 279
- installing, 23
- laptops, 122
- slots, 14
- troubleshooting, 136-137, 161
- types of, 14-15

ransomware, 255**Rapid Elasticity, 238****RDP (Remote Desktop Protocol), ports, 95****reassembly processes, 162-163****records, resource, 97****Recovery Console, 283****redundant array of independent (or inexpensive) disks. *See* RAID****refresh rates, 44****Region tool, 186****regulations, compliance, 303****remote assistance, configuring, 217-218****remote connections, troubleshooting, 157-159****remote printers, 62****removing malware, 289****Repair Disk option, 285****repeaters, 118****replacing laptop hardware, 122-125****reports, score, 313****requirements, VMs, 235-237****resolution, 44, 157****resolving hostnames, 97****Resource Pooling, 238****resource records, 97****restoring networks, 222-225****reviewing certificates, 315****RF (radio frequency) communication, 34****RFID badges, 258****RJ-11 connectors, 33**

RJ-45 connectors, 33

rooting (iOS), 247

rootkits, 255

routers, 115

S

SaaS (Software as a Service), 238

Safe Mode, 285

safety procedures, 299

component handling and storage, 303

electricity, 299-301

incident response, 304-305

licensing, 304-305

personal, 302

sags, 300

SATA (Serial AT Attachment), 25, 31, 50

scanning, 56. See also printers

score reports, 313

screen orientation, 247-248

SDKs (software development kits), 247

security

booting, 7-8

data destruction/disposal methods, 268-269

digital, 259-261

firewalls, 218, 259

mobile devices, 267-268, 293-296

operating systems

best practices, 266-267

configuring, 263-265

PCs, troubleshooting, 287-288

physical access, 257-259

physical wireless, 275

printing (Apple), 62-63

threats/vulnerabilities, 255-261

VMs, 237

wireless, SOHO, 271-275

selecting

motherboards, 10

printers, 55

Serial AT Attachment. See SATA

servers

print, 59

proxy, configuring, 218

roles, 241-242

service command, 278

Service Set Identifier. See SSID

services

cloud computing, 237-238

failure to start, troubleshooting, 278

networks

Internet appliances, 242

servers, 241-242

share permissions, 264

share resources, configuring, 212-215

sharing printers, 215

shoulder surfing, 256

simple volumes, 183

single-channel RAM, 15

single-mode fiber cables, 77

single-sided RAM, 15

single sign-on (SSO), 265

sizes

motherboards, 9-10

of power supplies, 36

skills

communications, 307-308

customer service, 308

listening, 308

troubleshooting, 309

determining causes, 310

documenting findings, 310

establishing probable causes, 309

identifying problems, 309

resolving problems, 310

verifying functionality, 310

slots

expansion, 16

RAM, 14-15

slow system performance, 278

SLP (service location protocol), ports, 95

small office/home office. See SOHO

small outline dual in-line memory modules (SODIMMs), 122

smart cards, 258

smartphones, 129

SMB (Server Message Block), 95, 98

SMTP (Simple Mail Transfer Protocol), 94

SNMP (Simple Network Management Protocol), 98

social engineering, 256

sockets

- CPUs, 11
- types, 11-12

SODIMMs (small outline dual in-line memory modules), 122**Software as a Service (SaaS), 238****software development kits. *See* SDKs****SOHO (small office/home office), 271**

- multifunction printers, installing, 56
- routers
 - configuring, 101-105*
 - wireless standards, 101*

- wireless security, 271-275

solid state drives. *See* SSDs**solutions, implementing, 310****sound**

- troubleshooting, 162
- utility, 205

spear phishing, 256**special addresses, IPv4, 85****specialty mobile devices, 130****spikes, 300****spontaneous shutdown/restarts, 280****spoolers, troubleshooting printers, 165****spyware, 255****SSDs (solid state drives), 26****SSH (Secure Shell), 93, 98****SSID (Service Set Identifier), 271****SSO (single sign-on), 265****standard use account, 263****standards**

- twisted-pair (TP), 80
- wireless, 101

storage devices

- hotswappable drives, 27
- installing, 25
- magnetic hard disk drives, 25
- optical drives, 26-27
- RAID, 27
- SSDs, 26
- tape drives, 27

strippers, 145**subnet masks, 84-85****sudo command, 230****surges, 300****switch ports (RJ-45), 271****switches, 115****System Configuration Tool (msconfig), 225****system log errors, 277****system repair disc, 285****system utilities (Windows), 199-200. *See also* tools****System window, 202****T****tablets, 129****tailgating, 256****tape drives, 27****Task Manager, 195-197****TCP (Transmission Control Protocol) versus UDP, 98-100****TCP/IP (Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol), configuring, 216-217****Telecommunications Industry Association/Electronic Industries Alliance (TIA/EIA), 80****Telnet, ports, 93****Temporal Key Integrity Protocol. *See* TKIP****Terminal, 227, 230****testing, troubleshooting theories, 310****tethering, 249****thermal paste, 22****thermal printers, 71, 76, 168****threats (security), 255-261****Thunderbolt, 31****time, CMOS, 4-5****Time Machine, 229****TKIP (Temporal Key Integrity Protocol), 274****tokens, 258****toner probes, 145****tools**

- cabling, 144-146
- command line, 146-153
- command-line repair, 286-287
- Device Manager, 281
- Event Viewer, 277
- Linux, 229-230

- Mac, 229-230
- mobile devices, 293-294
- printers, 165
- Program Compatibility Troubleshooter, 278
- Recovery Console, 283
- Region, 186
- System Configuration Tool (msconfig), 225, 283
- Terminal, 230
- Windows, 189
 - accessing command lines, 189-190*
 - basic/dynamic disks, 198*
 - command privileges, 191*
 - Computer Management, 191*
 - Control Panel, 200-206*
 - Device Manager, 192*
 - Disk Management, 197-198*
 - Local Security Policy, 193-194*
 - Local Users and Groups, 193*
 - msconfig, 194-195*
 - system, 199-200*
 - Task Manager, 195-197*
 - troubleshooting command lines, 190*
- top-level domains, 97**
- touchpads, troubleshooting, 159**
- TPM (Trusted Platform Module), 266**
- traceroute, 150**
- tracert, 150**
- traffic, IPv6, 89**
- triggering, ports, 103**
- triple-channel RAM, 15**
- Trojan horses, 255**
- troubleshooting**
 - Bluetooth, 157
 - command lines, 190
 - CPUs, 137, 161
 - displays, 140
 - file systems, 282
 - GPS, 157
 - hard drives, 139
 - hardware, 281
 - laptops, 155
 - applications, 162*
 - disassembly processes, 162-163*
 - displays, 156-157*
 - hard drives, 159*
 - hardware, 161*
 - keyboards/touchpads, 159*
 - networks, 157-159*
 - power, 160-161*
 - Linux booting errors, 286
 - manual, 285
 - mobile devices, 155
 - applications, 162*
 - disassembly processes, 162-163*
 - displays, 156-157*
 - hard drives, 159*
 - hardware, 161*
 - keyboards/touchpads, 159*
 - networks, 157-159*
 - power, 160-161*
 - mobile OS, 291-293
 - security, 294-296*
 - tools, 293-294*
 - motherboards, 135-136
 - networks
 - cabling tools, 144-146*
 - command-line tools, 146-153*
 - common symptoms, 143-144*
 - operating systems, 277-278
 - booting errors, 279-285*
 - command-line repair tools, 286-287*
 - malware, 288-289*
 - security, 287-288*
 - power, 138
 - printers, 74-76, 163-166
 - projectors, 140
 - RAID, 139-140
 - RAM, 136-137, 161
 - skills, 309
 - determining causes, 310*
 - documenting findings, 310*
 - establishing probable causes, 309*
 - identifying problems, 309*
 - resolving problems, 310*
 - verifying functionality, 310*
 - sounds, 162
 - video, 140
 - Wi-Fi, 158-159
- troubleshooting utility, 205**
- Trusted Platform Module. See TPM**
- twisted-pair (TP), 78-80**
- types**
 - of accounts, 264
 - of cables
 - coaxial, 81-82*
 - fiber, 77*
 - twisted-pair (TP), 78-80*
 - of chipsets, 13

- of cloud models, 238
- of CPU sockets, 11-12
- of hypervisors, 237
- of ISPs
 - cable Internet*, 109
 - dial-up*, 107
 - DSL*, 108
 - fiber to the x*, 110-111
 - ISDNs*, 108
- of mobile devices, 130-131, 247-248
 - accessories*, 133
 - connections*, 131-132
- of networks, 113-119
- of permissions, 264
- of ports, 93-95
- of printers, 65
 - impact*, 65-66
 - non-impact*, 67-72
- of RAM, 14-15
- of resource records, 97
- RAID, 27

U

- UDP (User Datagram Protocol), TCP versus**, 98-100
- UEFI (Unified Extensible Firmware Interface)**, 1, 5-8
- unbuffered RAM**, 15
- Unicast addresses (IPv6)**, 90
- Unified Extensible Firmware Interface.**
See UEFI
- unified threat management.** *See* UTM
- Uninterruptible Power Supply.** *See* UPS
- Universal Plug and Play.** *See* UPnP
- universal serial bus.** *See* USB
- updating**
 - firmware, 275
 - Mac, 233
 - mobile devices, 252
- upgrading**
 - firmware, 7-8
 - installations (Windows), 177
- UPnP (Universal Plug and Play)**, 104
- UPS (Uninterruptible Power Supply)**, 300
- USB (universal serial bus) connectors**, 29, 50

- User Account applet**, 201
- user manuals, motherboards**, 10
- utilities.** *See* tools
- UTM (unified threat management)**, 242

V

- verifying functionality**, 310
- video**
 - aspect ratios/resolution, 44
 - brightness/lumens, 45
 - configuring, 43
 - refresh rates-44
 - troubleshooting, 140
- virtual assistants**, 248
- virtual machine managers.** *See* VMMs
- virtual machines.** *See* VMs
- virtual printers**, 72
- virtual private networks.** *See* VPNs
- virtualization**, 20, 37
- viruses**, 255
- VMs (virtual machines), requirements**, 235-237
- VMMs (virtual machine managers)**, 20, 236
- VoIP (Voice over Internet Protocol)**, 119
- voltage options**, 37
- volumes**, 182
- VPNs (virtual private networks)**, 250, 260, 295
- vulnerabilities (security)**, 255-261

W

- WANs (wide area networks)**, 113
- WAPs (wireless access points)**, 116
- wattage**, 36. *See also* power supplies
- wearable mobile devices**, 130-131
- Web server roles**, 241
- Wi-Fi**, 111, 292
 - analyzers, 146, 296
 - calling, 248
 - troubleshooting, 158-159
- Wi-Fi Protected Setup.** *See* WPS

Windows

- installing, 175, 186-187
 - configuration settings, 175-176*
 - file systems, 184-185*
 - formatting, 184-185*
 - hardware requirements, 177*
 - installation options, 176*
 - partitioning drives, 182-183*
 - upgrade installations, 177*
 - Windows 7 installations, 179-180*
 - Windows 8/8.1 installations, 180-181*
 - Windows Vista installations, 178*
 - Windows Vista/Windows 7 features, 171-173*

network printers, configuring, 60

Recovery Environment, 285

tools, 189

- accessing command lines, 189-190*
- basic/dynamic disks, 198*
- command privileges, 191*
- Computer Management, 191*
- Control Panel, 200-206*
- Device Manager, 192*
- Disk Management, 197-198*
- Local Security Policy, 193-194*
- Local Users and Groups, 193*
- msconfig, 194-195*
- system, 199-200*
- Task Manager, 195-197*
- troubleshooting command lines, 190*

Windows 7

- features, 171-173
- installing, 179-180

Windows 8/8.1

- advanced startup procedures, 284
- features, 173-174
- installing, 180-181

**Windows Boot Manager
(bootmgr), 280**

Windows Firewall, 203

Windows mobile device operating system, 247-248

Windows preinstallation environment (Windows PE), 285

Windows Recovery Environment. See WinRE

Windows Vista

- features, 171-173
- installing, 178

WinRE (Windows Recovery Environment), 284

wired mobile devices, 131

wireless access points. See WAPs

wireless connections, 33-35, 111

- 802.11 Wi-Fi, 111
- cellular, 112
- Internet over satellite, 112-113
- line-of-sight wireless, 112

Wireless LANs. See WLANs

wireless mobile devices, 132

wireless printers, 62

wireless security, SOHO, 271-275

wireless standards, 101

WLANs (Wireless LANs), 111, 114

workgroups, 209-211

workstations, security, 266-267

worms, 255

WPS (Wi-Fi Protected Setup), 272

Z

zero-day attacks, 256

ZIF (zero insertion force), 11

zombies, 257