THE CREATIVE FIGHT

CREATE YOUR BEST WORK AND LIVE THE LIFE YOU IMAGINE



THE CREATIVE FIGHT

CREATE YOUR BEST WORK AND LIVE THE LIFE YOU IMAGINE

CHRIS ORWIG



THE CREATIVE FIGHT: CREATE YOUR BEST WORK AND LIVE THE LIFE YOU IMAGINE Chris Orwig

Peachpit Press www.peachpit.com

To report errors, please send a note to errata@peachpit.com Peachpit Press is a division of Pearson Education.

Copyright © 2016 by Chris Orwig All images copyright © 2016 by Chris Orwig

Project Editor: Valerie Witte Production Editor: David Van Ness Copy Editor: Scout Festa Proofreader: Liz Welch Composition: Kim Scott, Bumpy Design Indexer: James Minkin Cover Image: John Kelsey / Chris Orwig Cover Design: Cybele Grandjean Interior Design: Cybele Grandjean

Notice of Rights

All rights reserved. No part of this book may be reproduced or transmitted in any form by any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording, or otherwise, without the prior written permission of the publisher. For information on getting permission for reprints and excerpts, contact permissions@peachpit.com.

Notice of Liability

The information in this book is distributed on an "As Is" basis, without warranty. While every precaution has been taken in the preparation of the book, neither the author nor Peachpit shall have any liability to any person or entity with respect to any loss, damage, or injury caused or alleged to be caused directly or indirectly by the instructions contained in this book or by the computer software and hardware products described in it.

Trademarks

Many of the designations used by manufacturers and sellers to distinguish their products are claimed as trademarks. Where those designations appear in this book, and Peachpit was aware of a trademark claim, the designations appear as requested by the owner of the trademark. All other product names and services identified throughout this book are used in editorial fashion only and for the benefit of such companies with no intention of infringement of the trademark. No such use, or the use of any trade name, is intended to convey endorsement or other affiliation with this book.

ISBN-13: 978-0-134-07848-9 ISBN-10: 0-134-07848-9

9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 Printed and bound in the United States of America For my father, who taught me how to fight the good fight and live for a higher ideal.











INTRODUCTION

vi

PART 1: BEGIN

Not What It Seems — 3 Defining the Fight — 9 The Ladder — 13 Creativity in Spite of Age — 19 Creativity and Sliced Bread — 27 Twinkies, a Frog, and Grapes — 33 Einstein's Game of Connecting the Dots — 39 Critical Creativity — 45

PART 2: THE JOURNEY

Blind Passion — 55 Magnetic North — 59 The Vow — 65 Beautiful Mistakes — 69 The Creative Flow — 75 Survival — 81 Lucky You — 87 Talent or Tenacity — 95

PART 3: DRIVE

There and Back Again — 105 Why Versus What — 111 Slow Is Fast — 117 Good to Great — 123 Grit and Glory— 129 The Burnt Book — 137 Unstuck and Free — 145 The Missing Muse — 151

PART 4: THRIVE

Picture Perfect — 161 Silence and Solitude — 169 Distracted by Distractions — 175 Habitat — 185 The Creative Craft — 191 Fuel the Fire — 199 The Power of Play — 205 Unlikely Education — 211

PART 5: TIME

Keep the Edges Wild — 219 Nothing to Lose — 225 Ignite — 233 Wake Up — 239 The Brevity of Life — 245 Iterate and Innovate — 255 The Freedom of Constraint — 263 Gratitude — 269

CONCLUSION

276

THANKS 277

INDEX 278

INTRODUCTION

"I am writing this book because we are all going to die." — Jack Kerouac. I suppose that's why all books are written. Books, whether the study of seashells or Shakespearean verse, help us to live. Books deepen our appreciation, awaken our senses, and strengthen our resolve to live in a meaningful way. This book is my attempt.

All creative acts, especially books, begin with uncertainty and risk. The lack of certainty provides a clearing for the creative impulse to grow. Free from the restraint of self-assured confidence, curiosity kicks in and we begin to wonder "What if?" and "Why?" It's here that the creative spirit revs up and asks, "What can I do?" and "How can I make the most with what I have?"

Such questions help us grow. And the best part of writing this book is how it has shaped who I am. By narrowing my own focus on creativity it has enriched my life and clarified who I want to become. That's what creativity does and that's my hope for you—that it enlivens your soul and inspires you to live the life for which you are designed.

We are all born with natural capacities to create, and we all have creative potential of which we are unaware. Everyone, including you, has untapped potential that is patiently waiting inside. Yet the creative spark can easily get snuffed out. It must be tended to like a campfire on a cold and rainy day. Neglect it and it will quietly dwindle, dissipate, and die. Keep it alive and you will thrive. This book will point the way.

For starters, creativity isn't something we passively receive. You have to go after it to claim its prize. Creativity requires fight. When we were young we were willing to take the risk and put in the time. Unfettered by self-doubt we created on demand. Now older, we've lost what we once had, unless we make the choice to change. It begins with deciding to stop waiting for inspiration and start taking action ourselves. When we begin the fight it's like steel striking flint, and it deeply affects what we create, how we see, and who we are. And when we begin pursuing living life as if it were a work of art, our creativity swells.

At first glance, riding this swell seems simple, easy, and fun. But this thinking falls short—the creative spark is a much more complex and unpredictable force. And the pursuit of creativity is a much more interesting and adventurous ride. To become more creative we need to unlearn old ideas—like the idea that creativity is a gift for an elite few or the myth that inspiration comes while we sit around. And we need to be reminded of what we easily forget, like the idea that creativity requires guts, confidence, and hard work and that creativity isn't a gift but a life force that courses through our veins.

Creativity fuels a drive to live the life for which we were designed. It despises those who live half-hearted and half-lived lives. Creativity reaches for good, provokes change, and calls us to strive, stretch, and try. Yet such creative efforts require risk. Afraid of failure and uncertain how to move ahead, most of us have forgotten what to do. We want to become more creative, but we don't know where to begin. Or worse, when inspired we don't know how to keep the spark alive. This book can help.

This book will show you that becoming more creative isn't just about thinking happy thoughts or using colorful crayons; the path to creativity is a much wider trail. As Plutarch wrote in the first century, "Music, to create harmony, must investigate discord." And to help you become more creative, this book will investigate a range of topics, from climbing ladders to tenacity, grit, and death. The goal is to find melody amidst discord and to rekindle your fire for creating your best work and making the most of your time.

As nice as that sounds, this isn't a book about thinking your way to happiness or wishing your way to a more fulfilled life. It is about effort and fight. The secrets to becoming more creative are always accompanied by habit, practice, and work. As Theodore Roosevelt, an exemplar of the creative fight, once said, "I may be an average man but by George I work harder at it than the average man." Average to excellent is up to you and it's less about talent and more about drive.

So this book is written for those of us who are driven to

live a better life. And it's a guide for igniting and sustaining the spark no matter what you do or who you are. Yet this book can't do anything by itself. It relies on you to take the lead. To give you a nudge, at the end of each chapter you'll find exercises that provide reflection questions and practical steps. Use these questions as a springboard to create your own. Think of these as small sparks that can be used to ignite big flames.

Most importantly, this book will work only if you take action and respond. Read passively and the book will diminish to an interesting collection of stories and ideas. Overanalyze and you'll miss the point. Creativity

is not a problem to be solved but a practice to be enjoyed. Like a good travel book, it will become better when you take the journey yourself. The book invites you to join in.

And the best books are those that rarely stay pristine. Rather, they are worn thin from reading on the train and parched from being read in the sun. After some time these books resemble a vessel that has traveled far from home. Such books become marked up and taken over by the readers so that it is no longer the author's work but their own. That is my hope whether you're reading this in digital or print form. This book is my gift to you. No longer mine, it's now yours.

As you read, you'll discover that the book isn't a foolproof formula or a promise of increased creativity by following seven



simple steps. The creative fight is more fluid, flexible, and open than that—sometimes suggesting quiet and other times being loud; sometimes asking you to go slow and other times to sprint. Distrust anyone who tells you that creativity can be figured out. Creativity is a wild elusive force. You can't trap it in a cage, but you can learn how to harness its strength. This book is your guide.

While you read, don't hesitate to drop me a line. I would love to hear about your story and learn about the wisdom you have. You can send me a note (and find more resources) at the book companion site: thecreativefight.com. Lastly, I

hope that someday we cross paths so that we can compare notes and share what we have learned since this adventure began. Either way, let's keep in touch.

Finally, I'm humbled and honored that you have picked up this book. May it be one that brings change and helps you find the ladder that leads to a more creative and meaningful life and emboldens you to accomplish your dreams.





CHAPTER TWELVE

BEAUTIFUL MISTAKES

It was a frigid winter night when Yo-Yo Ma almost dropped his 2.5-million-dollar instrument on the floor.

The sold-out theater was buzzing with excitement. A single wooden chair sat in the center of the stage. The audience hushed and then broke into applause as Yo-Yo Ma appeared. The concert began, and in the middle of a difficult song, Ma's cello suddenly slipped, and then again. On the third slip, it really started to fall. Abruptly, Ma stopped and reached out to catch his 1773 Stradivarius before it hit the floor. The audience gasped. Everyone held their breath. Ma gave a sigh of relief and gracefully pulled the cello back into position. Then he pointed at the cello and wagged his finger as if to scold her mischievous act. The audience erupted into laughter. Ma smiled, straightened himself out, and continued to play.

THE PITFALLS OF PERFECTIONISM The way Yo-Yo Ma handled himself made that blunder become beautiful. He transformed an error into an act of grace. It changed the concert into a community event. After the recovery from the mistake, everyone in the audience was on his side. Yo-Yo Ma was no longer one of the world's top performers, he was a friend. The way he handled his error made us feel safe. To this day, that was one of most powerful and creative musical moments I've experienced in my life.

It was a simple act, embracing the mistake, but it was profound. Who does that? When I make a mistake in front of others, my face becomes flush and I get stressed. Yo-Yo Ma was the epitome of calm. Yet he wasn't just a Zen master who fluidly handled a problem; he was a creative genius who brought out harmony from discord. To do such a thing, it helps to have a deep sense of identity and a vision for a higher goal. Yo-Yo Ma had both. In one interview he said, "You don't play music for perfection. The point of music is to make someone feel." His performance did just that. Embracing that blunder, rather than trying to cover it up, brought warmth into that chilly room.

Perfectionism is made up of two parts: a drive for greatness, and fear. It's the fear and the shame, blame, and judgment that overwhelm. Mix those ingredients together and they become a bitter drink. Perfectionism poisons creativity. Some perfectionists never try to create because they are afraid of being wrong. But being creative requires that we let go of fear, get out of our comfort zone, and make mistakes. As the cliché goes, "Mistakes are proof that you are trying." Yet mistakes can also be proof that you haven't practiced very hard. Making mistakes is never enough.

I walked into one of my client's offices and saw a huge poster that said "Make Mistakes. Make Mistakes. Make Mistakes." At first glance I thought, "that's great." Then I stopped and thought some more. As I stood there I noticed that the poster was hanging in the finance department above the cubicle that belonged to the head of payroll. Instantly, I remembered that a number of my paychecks from this company had been wrong. Suddenly, the message on that poster didn't seem like such a good idea. Making financial mistakes isn't where creative genius is born.



CREATIVE GROWTH Although making mistakes is part of the creative process, it is never the goal. When Edison set out to invent the lightbulb, he desperately wanted to create one that worked. His team made countless mistakes and tested over 6000 types of filaments in trying to find something that would burn bright without going out. In our own drive to succeed, mistakes are inevitable. Yet fewer mistakes are better than more.

If the end game is creative growth, one of the quickest ways to get through mistakes is to have a higher goal. Sustained light is what drove Edison and his team to try so many different types of filament substances—everything from wood shavings to a hair from his employee's beard! It wasn't until after a year of mistakes that carbonized bamboo emerged as the best source.

And Yo-Yo Ma was driven not just to hit the perfect note, but to make people feel. As a result, he was driven to perfection and practiced harder than anyone else. His goal of creating music that resonated in a deep and emotional way gave him drive. When onstage, Yo-Yo Ma considers himself this way: "I'm the host of a wonderful party. You're all my guests." His higher goal changed the whole scene.

So how does this relate to you and me? First, if you have a poster hanging up in your room that says "Make Mistakes. Make Mistakes. Make Mistakes," go ahead and tear it down. Or better yet, just cross out the word *Make* three times. Then replace those crossed-out words with "Accept, Embrace, Transform." When we do that, it opens up the opportunity to learn, to connect with others, and to move ahead. Finally, follow master photographer Ansel Adams's advice: "Strive for perfection. Settle for excellence."

A LIFE SPENT MAKING MISTAKES IS NOT ONLY MORE HONORABLE, BUT MORE USEFUL THAN A LIFE SPENT DOING NOTHING.

- GEORGE BERNARD SHAW

EXERCISE

STEP 1

"Mistakes aren't the problem, it's what we do with them that counts," as Evan Chong once said. In an effort to handle mistakes with more ease, let's follow Yo-Yo Ma's lead. When Ma plays a concert, he has a vision for a higher goal. His goal is to connect and to make people feel.

In your own life, think about one area of your personal or professional life that can be compared to a stage. Think of something that you do when you have to deliver and you have to perform. Next, write down the task and then try to think up a higher goal. Come up with a few goals and select the one that fits. In moments of emergency (that is, when you make a mistake), think back to this goal so that you can handle that mistake with more grace and ease.

STEP 2

Come up with three people you respect who handle mistakes with exemplary ease. Write down their names followed by a few words that reveal what they do well. Use these ideas as inspiration for your own growth.

1.	
2.	
3.	



CHAPTER TWENTY-ONE



The creative fight is less *Monday Night Football* and more climbing up the sheer face of a rock. Playing in the NFL requires bulk, might, and strength. It's hyped up, and it's loud. Rock climbing is discreet. Climbers use ingenuity, agility, and guts to accomplish their goals. Last year's Super Bowl was watched by 111.5 million fans. Most great rock climbs are witnessed by only a few, just like creative pursuits, which often take place in isolation rather than in front of adoring fans. And football is a fight against another team, but rock climbing is a fight within. The climber must dig deep into his reservoirs of tenacity, technical skill, and creativity to overcome the odds. Football is played to win. Mountain climbers ascend tall peaks "for the spirit of adventure to keep alive the soul of man," as George Mallory said. **AN UPHILL CLIMB** At its most basic level, I think we create with a similar drive in mind. At least for me, I create for the sheer joy of making something myself. As with the climber who looks down the face of the cliff he just climbed, there is great gratification to be had when you enjoy a mountaintop view that you have earned.

After nineteen days and 3000 feet of climbing, Tommy Caldwell and Kevin Jorgeson stood on top of El Capitan peak in Yosemite with joy and tears in their eyes. These two guys had earned their victory. They had just finished a free-ascent climb that took seven years to plan and complete. After years of training and attempts, the impossible had been done—a new route was established as one of the most difficult climbs in the world. Midway up the climb, Kevin posted on Twitter, "This is not an effort to conquer. It's about realizing a dream."

Tommy and Kevin are the champions of their game. Yet if you were to walk by them on the street you wouldn't know you had just passed two of the greatest climbers of all time. It's not uncommon for climbers to be slight in build yet immensely strong. Their strength is often hidden under a layer of fleece and a waterproof shell. The only way you might have recognized Tommy Caldwell is if you noticed that the top half of his index finger is gone.

Tommy lost his finger to a table saw accident more than ten years ago. The doctors were able to reattach the severed finger but told him he'd never climb again. After some trial and error, Tommy had it removed because it held him back. A few months after it was removed, Tommy free-climbed Salathe Wall, another route on El Capitan, in less than 24 hours. He has since climbed some of the most difficult mountains with only four fingers on one hand. Tommy is as tough as they get—not that he'd ever say that about himself. You'd never catch him flexing his muscles for someone to admire. He is humble, mindful, and aware. And so is the creative fight. It doesn't gloat and it doesn't crush. Yet creativity isn't some pushover that's afraid of a difficult task.

Like rock climbing, creativity is a subtle sport that's easy to miss. Just like the first image in this chapter—look closer and you'll see two climbers you might have overlooked. **COURAGE, RESOLVE, AND STRENGTH** Tommy is a role model of the creative fight because of who he is and how he approaches his craft. Most climbers excel in one type of climbing. Tommy is world-class in multiple ways: bouldering, sport climbing, and mountaineering—all demand different skills. As Andrew Bisharat wrote in a *National Geographic* article, "To understand the breadth of Caldwell's athleticism, picture an Olympic runner who is as talented in the marathon as he is in the hundred-meter dash."

Those who join the creative fight know that creativity feeds off hardship just like climbers who are constantly in search of more difficult routes. Difficulty clarifies the creative fight. Tommy put it this way: "Through hardship in my own life, I learned that it is what changes us the most. It puts us in an intensely meditative state where we figure out what we really want." Tommy has been through a lot, including being kidnapped at gunpoint and held hostage by rebels in Kyrgyzstan over a decade ago, but the hardship is what gives him his edge. In his own words, "It motivates me to go for things that I have always dreamed of." Guys like Tommy embody the ideal that the more difficult the challenge the better the reward.

THE GREATNESS OF GRIT One characteristic that makes someone good at big-wall climbing is grit. Grit can be defined different ways. It can be thought of as tiny particles of crushed rock. The oyster reminds us that without grit, there is no pearl. Grit is a characteristic that is a mixture of courage, resolve, and strength. Like small granite rocks, grit is strength that won't give up. Those who are gritty have a passion to pursue a goal over an extended amount of time. No one is born with grit. It's grown into us through the difficulties of life. Look up the word grit in a thesaurus, and it says it all: "Courage, bravery, pluck, mettle, backbone, spirit, strength of character, strength of will, moral fiber, steel, nerve, fortitude, toughness, hardiness, resolve, resolution, determination, tenacity, perseverance, and endurance."

The grittiest rock climber I ever met is a man named Mark Wellman. I was 18 when I asked him for his autograph and





shook his hand. I had recently hiked the well-established trail to the top of Half Dome in Yosemite. At the top there is a rock called the diving board. I inched myself to the edge and peered almost 5000 feet to the valley below. As I shook Mark's hand I was in awe of the strength of his grasp. He had recently climbed up the face of Half Dome without the use of his legs. After 13 days and over 7000 pull-ups, Mark became the first paraplegic to make the climb.

We tend to think our own problems are large. But that's just because we're comparing them to things that are too small. Like me writing this book: "Oh, writing is so hard," I complain. If Mark Wellman can pull himself up Half Dome, I can sit down with my shiny laptop in a comfortable coffee shop and hack out a few words. The obstacle is never a valid excuse. Rock climbers look for obstacles, and that's what lights their fire.

When I looked into Mark's eyes, I saw a kind of strength that I hadn't seen before. When I saw Mark's determination and shook his hand, it changed my life. It was like a transfer of energy had taken place. I had no idea that Mark's resilience would help me develop my own.

TWO SHOES When we are exposed to greatness, it has the potential to awaken our own. I think that's why pilgrims in the Middle Ages collected relics and religious artifacts. They were in search of something that would inspire their own faith, hope, and strength. While I can't relate to wanting a saint's tooth, I do understand their search. Just like what I was searching for when I asked my friend Chris for his shoes. Chris is a world-class triathlete and Ironman champion and is of my closest friends. He trains like a mad man and goes through shoes faster than I finish a pack of gum. One day we were hanging out in his garage and he was cleaning up. Chris was about to throw away a stinky old pair of shoes when I asked if I could have them to hang on my wall. He looked at me like I was a crazy, but he obliged and even signed the soles. Every time I see those shoes I'm reminded of his tenacity and grit.

When he was younger, Chris wasn't much of an athlete but got inspired to do a triathlon after seeing the event on television. After a number of years of insanely difficult work, Chris became a pro—it was a dream come true. Just as his career was starting to take off, his dreams were shattered when some doofus ran over his foot. That culprit was not a stranger but a close personal friend. It was me. **ACCIDENTS AND HOPE** That accident was something I will always regret. Chris and I were meeting for breakfast with some friends. He arrived first, when I pulled up in my car and waited for a parking spot to open up. Chris walked up to the car and we began to chat. We kept talking as I started to back up to park. Suddenly, Chris tripped and then fell from my view. He yelled for me to drive forward. I pulled forward and felt the car roll off his foot. He lay on the ground in immense pain. Jumping out, I came to his side. He winced in pain, grabbed my hand, and said, "Bro, it's not your fault. I'll be OK." The X-ray revealed 50 fractures, and the doctor told him he would never run and would have problems when he walked.

Chris fought his way back and went on to set course records and become one of the best in the world. He picked up amazing sponsors, spoke at charity events, and encouraged others to accomplish their dreams. Chris was often featured on the cover of magazines. My favorite cover was the one that his sponsors asked me to shoot.

It's difficult to describe how horrible it feels to injure one of your closest friends. Not to mention that I thought I had ruined his career. The accident was clearly my fault, but there was nothing that could be done. Chris never held a grudge and never gave up. He even used his position to give a boost to my photography career. Chris embodies the creative fight ideals.

When I feel defeated or overwhelmed, I look at Chris's shoe and it restores my hope and drive. That shoe helps me to stop slouching and stand up straight. So does that picture of Mark Wellman and the thought of Tommy Caldwell making his climb. If we allow them to, people who do great things can become like mentors who teach us resolve.

GRIT LESSONS Grit isn't easy to learn—there aren't any grit classes offered in schools. So I asked one friend who climbs El Capitan if grit can be taught. He said, "The only way to learn grit is to get out there and get your ass kicked. You have to suffer and you have to fail." Grit isn't something that you'll find in an online course. It's gained while in pursuit of something big. Grit requires belief that it can be done. That's why having someone to look up to can help. It also helps to be reminded that grit is in the secret sauce for success.

EXERCISE

Grit isn't gained without a challenge; and courage, backbone, and tenacity are born in difficult times. Such adversity scares most people away. Don't let that be you. Surround yourself with stories, images, and artifacts that will inspire you to dig deep and embolden you to press on. Use this exercise to find what will help.

STEP 1. PEOPLE

Write down five people you admire and a few words or a quote that describes why. Consider historical people, colleagues, or friends. Don't worry about getting your list right. This isn't an exhaustive list or a "top 5." Think of it like sketching out a few ideas. Keep this exercise simple and trust your gut. Here are a few examples to get you thinking about your own:

Nelson Mandela. Courage, kindness, and resolve. Imprisoned for 27 years without giving up. Jeff Orwig (my Dad). Work ethic, deep faith, tough as nails. Mother Teresa. Responded to human suffering with warmth, humility, and love. Chris Lieto. Overcame obstacles and inspires others to do the same. Frederick Douglass. Escaped the shackles of slavery and went on to thrive. Theodore Roosevelt. Legendary vigor and grit.

PERSON YOU ADMIRE AND WHY

1.	
2.	
3.	
4.	
5.	

STEP 2. ARTIFACTS, OBJECTS, THINGS

Select a couple of the names on your list and consider what objects you could display that would trigger and remind you of that person's grit. This could be a biography you display on a shelf or a quote that you print out. Consider these artifacts as more than decoration or fluff. In your mind, treat them like totems or icons that represent a deeper reality. Print out a photograph of Nelson Mandela and let his countenance fortify your resolve to fight the good fight.

INDEX

creativity

A

about this book, vi-vii accidents, 134, 240 Adams, Ansel, 72, 91, 120, 193 adaptation, 82-83 adversity, 135 advice, 214, 215 age creativity and, 22, 208 time perception and, 145 Alchemist, The (Coelho), 87, 88, 93 amygdala, 76, 81, 82 Arbus, Diane, 124 Aristotle, 176, 179 Armani, Giorgio, 112 Armstrong, Lance, 59, 61 art, 29, 176, 220, 266, 276 authenticity, 24, 66, 120 author's contact info, 277 autonomy, 78

В

Barrie, James M., 215 Beatles, The, 106 "Before I die...." question, 229 Berkus, David, 166-167 Bernstein, Leonard, 229 Berry, Wendell, 6, 172 Bisharat, Andrew, 130 Blake, William, 202 boomerang effect, 76 Bourgeois, Louise, 22 brain, lizard, 76 breaks, taking, 164, 166-167, 183 Brown, Brené, 48 Brown, Stuart, 206, 208 Brownie camera, 205-206 Buber, Martin, 1 Buddhism, 183, 194

C

Caen, Herb, 115 Cain, Susan, 93 Caldwell, Tommy, 130, 134 Callahan, Steve, 152, 154 cameras author's discovery of, 146, 149 invention of GoPro, 200, 202 success of simple, 205-206 See also photography Camus, Albert, 276 carpe diem, 230, 231 Carrey, Jim, 91 Carter, Keith, 188 Cat in the Hat, The (Dr. Seuss), 263 Celtic mythology, 156 Cerf, Bennett, 264 Cervantes, Miguel de, 6, 7 Chang, Candy, 226, 229 children, 19-20, 208 Chong, Evan, 73 Chouinard, Yvon, 14, 214 Cleese, John, 183 Close, Chuck, 83, 151 Coelho, Paulo, 48, 87, 88, 93 Cohen, Leonard, 223 collaboration, 237 Collins, Jim, 127 combinatory play, 39, 42 connecting the dots, 40, 42 constraints, 263-264, 266 Cotte, Pascal, 220 Cox, Coleman, 151 craft, 191, 193 creative adaptation, 83 creative flow, 78, 149, 261 creative growth, 45, 72, 186, 189, 206

practicing, 25, 179, 206, 261 steps in process of, 27–30 *Creativity* (Csikszentmihalyi), 40 critique, 45–51 boomerang effect and, 76 confronting fear and, 76, 78 ways of dealing with, 48–51 Csikszentmihalyi, Mihaly, 40, 93, 149

cummings, e e, 173 curiosity, 193 Currey, Donald Rusk, 65

D

da Vinci, Leonardo, 220 Dahl, Roald, 22, 25, 186 day jobs, 10 de Botton, Alain, 183 Dead Poets Society (Schulman), 112,230 death awareness of, 226, 229-230, 2.45 close encounters with, 240, 243 facing the fact of, 225, 247, 252 life illuminated by, 248 Decker, Ben, 49 Deep Survival (Gonzales), 81 Degas, Edgar, 261 devil's advocate, 45-46 Dickens, Charles, 180, 250 Dickinson, Emily, 243 difficulty, 130, 215, 266, 272, 276 digital photography, 119-120, 267 See also photography digital sabbath, 183 discontent, 214, 215 distractions, 179, 180, 183

Don Quixote (Cervantes), 6 Douglass, Frederick, 135, 141 Dr. Seuss, 141, 142, 263–264 duChemin, David, 120

Ε

Eastman, George, 205 Edison, Thomas, 42, 72, 214 education, 20, 22, 211, 213 effort, creative, 4, 7, 22, 151–152 Einstein, Albert, 29, 39, 55, 56, 162, 164, 206, 220 Eliot, T. S., 170, 179, 267 Emerson, Ralph Waldo, 63, 88, 170, 208, 247 energy map, 157 enthusiasm, 88, 90 Escher, M. C., 138 *Essentialism* (McKowen), 93 excuses, 101

F

factory visits, 33–34 fear, 22, 70, 76, 226, 237 *Finding Your Element* (Robinson), 93 flaws, 76, 78, 223 flow, 78, 149, 261 *Flow* (Csikszentmihalyi), 93 football, 129 Ford, Harrison, 90 Forster, E. M., 62 Frank, Anne, 22 Frankl, Viktor, 93, 214 Franklin, Ben, 22, 55, 252

G

Gehry, Frank, 48 Geisel, Ted, 141, 142

Glass, Ira, 257 goals, higher, 72, 73, 127 Godin, Seth, 76, 176 Golden Gate Bridge, 115 Gonzales, Laurence, 81 good vs. great, 123-127 GoPro camera, 200, 202 grace, 62 Graham, Martha, 24 gratitude, 270, 272, 275 greatness, 123, 124, 127, 133 Greek mythology, 156, 157 Green Eggs and Ham (Dr. Seuss), 264 grit, 130, 134, 135 guidelines, 267 Gupta, Robert, 272, 275 Gutenberg, Johannes, 35

H

habitats, 185–189 habits, 179 hardship, 130 Harris, Edmund, 98 helplessness, learned, 22 Hemingway, Ernest, 78, 186 Henri, Robert, 154 Henson, Jim, 34 holistic view, 108 hope, 4, 134, 141, 233 Hugo, Victor, 186, 272 humanity, 197

I

ideals, 152 identity, 78 ignited ideas, 236–237 imagination, 27, 29, 30, 193–194 imitation, 213 information, 27, 29, 30, 40 innovation, 29, 30, 42, 260 inspiration, 57, 90, 97, 151, 152, 156 inventions, 22, 35, 40, 42, 200, 202 iteration, 261

J

Jacks, L. P., 188 Jackson, Mahalia, 233–234, 236 Jefferson, Thomas, 92 Jobs, Steve, 40, 42, 55, 56, 226 Johnson, Jack, 121 Johnson, Steven, 42 Jorgeson, Kevin, 130

K

Keats, John, 194, 252 Keller, Helen, 6 Kermit the Frog, 34 Kerouac, Jack, vi kindness, 149 King, Martin Luther, Jr., 22, 225, 234, 236, 237 Kleon, Austin, 214 Konnikova, Maria, 208

L

Labor, Earl, 48 ladders, 10, 13–14, 127, 156 Lamott, Anne, 49 Laskas, Jeanne Marie, 173 learned helplessness, 22 Lee, Bruce, 260, 261 Lennon, John, 29, 108, 189 *Les Misérables* (Hugo), 188, 272 letting go, 156, 166 Lewis, C. S., 261 Liebeck, Jack, 164 Lief, Judy, 179 Lieto, Chris, 135 light bulbs, 42 limitations, 263, 264, 266, 267 Lincoln, Abraham, 50, 57 lizard brain, 76 London, Jack, 7, 48, 97–98, 194 Lucas, George, 90 luck, 87, 88, 90, 91–92

М

Ma, Yo-Yo, 24, 69-70, 72, 73 magnetic north, 61 Mahabharata, 245 Mallory, George, 129 Mandela, Nelson, 135 Man's Search for Meaning (Frankl), 93 Marcus Aurelius, 53 Matisse, Henri, 206 McCullough, David, 16 McGregor, Ewan, 206 McKowen, Greg, 93 meditation, 183 Melville, Herman, 213, 250 Merton, Thomas, 13, 93 Merwin, W. S., 243 "Messenger" (Oliver), 112 Michelangelo, 276 might, acting with, 250 Miller, Henry, 197 Milton, John, 275 mind wandering, 166, 167 mindfulness, 119, 183 mistakes, 61-62, 70, 72, 73 Moby Dick (Melville), 213 momentum, 120, 149, 237 Mona Lisa (da Vinci), 220

monomania, 257 Mother Teresa, 135, 172, 217 mountain climbing, 129–130, 133 Muir, John, 9–10, 11, 172 multi-tasking, 180 Mumford, Marcus, 193 muses, 154, 156, 157 music, 164, 166, 220, 272 mystery, 193, 220 myths, 156, 157

N

names, 141, 143 *National Geographic*, 130 National Parks, 10 nature, 10, 156, 172 near-death experiences, 240 negative vows, 66, 67 Nin, Anais, 91 *nom de guerre*, 141, 143 Nye, Naomi Shihab, 226

0

oasis, 188 Of Mice and Men (Steinbeck), 258 Olds, Sharon, 43, 208 Oliver, Mary, 112, 252 optimism, 161, 162 originality, 203, 213 Orwig, Jeff, 135

Ρ

pain, 146, 240, 243, 252 panic, 81, 82 paradigms, 48, 51 parenting, 82, 83 Parkinson, Cyril, 229 passion, 55, 62, 63, 202, 203 path to success, 106, 109, 138, 142 patience, 149 Penn, William, 172 perfectionism, 70, 72, 161 personal legend, 87, 88, 90, 93 perspective change, 149 Peter Pan (Barrie), 215 photography authenticity and, 120 author's discovery of, 146, 149 dealing with critiques of, 49, 76 digital, 119-120, 267 good vs. great, 123-127 reason for doing, 115 silence related to, 170 slowing down in, 119-120, 121 vision and, 91 Picard, Max, 169 Picasso, Pablo, 24, 55, 56, 152, 172, 206 Plato, 16 play, 206, 208, 209 Plutarch, vi Poe, Edgar Allan, 193 poetry, 112, 260 practice, 25, 179, 206, 261

Q

Quiet (Cain), 93

Pressfield, Steve, 237

Prinz, Joachim, 234

printing press, 35

R

Rath, Tom, 93 redwood trees, 185–186 regret vs. shame, 62 resistance, 237 resources, vii, 231, 277 Riboud, Marc, 146 Rilke, Rainer Maria, 230 risks, creative, 66, 67 Robinson, Ken, 20, 22, 90, 93 rock climbing, 129–130, 133 Roethke, Thomas, 167 role models, 109 Rollins, Henry, 95, 97, 162 Roosevelt, Theodore, vii, 10, 13, 98, 100, 101, 135 rules, 56, 264, 266

S

Schnabel, Artur, 176 school system, 20, 22 Schooler, Jonathan, 166, 167 Schulman, Tom, 112 Schwab, Charles, 49 self-forgetfulness, 149 Seligman, Martin, 22 Seven Story Mountain, The (Merton), 93 Sexton, John, 172 shame vs. regret, 62 Shaw, George Bernard, 72, 208 Shelton, Jeff, 111, 186, 215 shortcuts, 191, 193 silence, 169-170, 172, 173 Silverstein, Shel, 30 Sinek, Simon, 112 Slater, Kelly, 78 Sledge, Sharlande, 156

slowing down, 119-120, 121 Socrates, 159 solitude, 172-173 spray and pray, 119 status quo, 112, 176, 188 Steal Like an Artist (Kleon), 214 Steinbeck, John, 257-258, 260, 261 Stone, Linda, 175 Stravinsky, Igor, 266 Strength Finder (Rath), 93 strengths, identifying, 79 stuckness, 146, 149 success definitions of, 14, 16, 141 misconceptions about, 141 path to, 106, 109, 138, 142 tenacity related to, 76, 97 suffering, 215 survival, 81, 82-83 switch-tasking, 180

T

talent, 97 technique, 260, 261 TED talks, 20, 48, 90, 112, 229 tenacity, 97, 101 thin places, 156, 157 Thomas, Dylan, 252 Thoreau, Henry David, 103 Thurman, Howard, 88 time, 145–146, 250 "To Build a Fire" (London), 194 Tolkien, J. R. R., 260 Tolstoy, Leo, 119 *Tortilla Flat* (Steinbeck), 257 tragedy, 59, 83, 272 Twain, Mark, 59, 61, 62, 119, 141

U

uniqueness, 24, 78

V

values, 62, 63 Van Gogh, Vincent, 276 Velázquez, Diego, 194, 197 *Velveteen Rabbit, The* (Williams), 220 vision, 91 vows, 66, 67

W

waking up, 240 *War of Art, The* (Pressfield), 237 Watts, Alan W., 202 web resources, vii, 231, 277 Wellman, Mark, 130, 133, 134 why vs. what, 111–115 wild edges, 220, 223 Williams, Margery, 220 Wiseman, Richard, 90, 91–92 Wolpe, David, 230 work-life balance, 108 workspaces, 186, 188 Wright, Frank Lloyd, 22, 138

Y

Yeats, W. B., 75 Yelverton, Theresa, 10 Yosemite National Park, 9–10, 130, 133